# 190TH STREET WAREHOUSE PROJECT NOISE IMPACT ANALYSIS

City of Torrance

May 27, 2020



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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the noise impacts associated with development and operation of the proposed 190th Street Warehouse project and to identify mitigation measures that may be necessary to reduce those impacts. The noise issues related to the proposed land use and development have been evaluated in light of applicable federal, state and local policies, including those of the City of Torrance.

Although this is a technical report, effort has been made to write the report clearly and concisely. A list of acronyms and glossary are provided in Appendix A and Appendix B of this report to assist the reader with terms related to noise and vibration analysis.

#### **PROJECT LOCATION**

The proposed project is located at the northeast corner of Crenshaw Place and 190th Street at 2555 West 190th Street in the City of Torrance, California. The project site is currently developed with an existing 160,000 square foot office building that is currently vacant and has not been actively marketed pending the redevelopment of the subject property as proposed by the project, in addition to excess surface parking areas. The project location map is shown on Figure 1.

#### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The proposed project includes development of a state-of-the-art industrial warehouse/manufacturing building with 305,550 square feet of floor area consisting of 86,780 square feet of warehouse, 198,400 square feet of manufacturing, and 20,370 square feet of office, inclusive of 14,550 square feet of mezzanine space. The project would require demolition of the existing approximately 160,000 square foot office building. Figure 2 illustrates the proposed site plan.

#### **PROJECT IMPACTS**

#### **Construction Impacts**

Modeled unmitigated construction noise levels when combined with existing measured noise levels could reach 74 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest industrial property line to the north, 78 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest commercial property line to the northeast of the project site, 76 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest church property line to the east, 68 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest commercial property line to the west, and 69 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest residential property line to the west of the project site.

Construction noise sources are regulated within the City of Torrance Section 46.3.1 which prohibits construction activities involving the creation of noise beyond 50 decibels (db) as measured at property lines, except between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM on Saturdays. Construction shall be prohibited on Sundays and Holidays observed by City Hall. Furthermore, per Section 46.3.1(d), properties zoned as commercial, industrial or within an established redevelopment District, are exempted from the above day and hour restrictions if a minimum buffer of 300 feet is maintained from the subject property's property line to the closest residential property. The Community Development Director, may, however, revoke such exemption for a particular project if the noise level exceeds 50 decibels (db) at the property line of a residential property beyond the 300 linear foot buffer. The proposed project is that of an industrial use; however, residential uses are located approximately 200 feet west of the western boundary of the project site. Therefore, the above listed day and hour restrictions in Section 46.3.1 of the City's Municipal Code would apply.

The City of Torrance has not adopted a numerical threshold that identifies what a substantial increase would be during the allowed hours of construction (see above Section 46.3.1 of City's Municipal Code). For purposes of this analysis, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment



(2006) criteria was utilized to establish significance thresholds. For residential uses, the daytime noise threshold is 80 dBA  $L_{eq}$  averaged over an 8-hour period ( $L_{eq}$  (8-hr); and the nighttime noise threshold is 70 dBA  $L_{eq}$  (8-hr). For commercial uses, the daytime and nighttime noise threshold is 85 dBA  $L_{eq}$  (8-hr).

Therefore, project construction would not be anticipated to exceed the FTA thresholds for either residential or commercial uses. Further, with compliance with the City's Code, it is assumed that construction would not occur during the noise-sensitive nighttime hours.

Impacts related to construction noise will be further minimized with adherence to applicable Municipal Ordinances and implementation of the measures presented in Section 7 of this report. Impacts would be less than significant.

#### Noise Impacts to Off-Site Receptors Due to Project Generated Trips

Existing and Existing Plus Project noise levels along West 190th Street and other roadway segments affected by project generated vehicle trips were modeled utilizing the FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108 in order to quantify the proposed project's contribution to increases in ambient noise levels.

Increases in ambient noise along affected roadways due to project generated vehicle traffic is considered substantial if they result in an increase of at least 5 dBA CNEL and: (1) the existing noise levels already exceed the applicable land use compatibility standard for the affected sensitive receptors set forth in the Noise Element of the City's General Plan; or (2) the project increases noise levels by at least 5 dBA CNEL and raises the ambient noise level from below the applicable standard to above the applicable standard.

Per the noise modeling, all of the modeled roadway segments are anticipated to change the noise a nominal amount (between approximately 0.01 to 3.52 dBA CNEL). Therefore, a change in noise level would not be audible and would be considered less than significant.

#### Transportation Noise Impacts to the Proposed Project

Per the City of Torrance General Plan, interior noise levels of up to 55 dBA CNEL and exterior noise levels of up to 75 dBA CNEL are considered acceptable for industrial uses.

Roadways that may generate enough traffic noise under buildout conditions to effect the proposed industrial use include West 190th Street. FHWA modeling was conducted to calculate noise levels associated with buildout vehicle traffic noise from West 190th Street. Future buildout traffic noise levels could reach up to approximately 74.7 dBA CNEL at the proposed industrial building, approximately 135 feet north of the roadway.

The exterior noise levels at the proposed project site are anticipated to fall within the City's acceptable standards for industrial land uses. Impacts related to future traffic noise impacts to the proposed project would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

### Noise Impacts to Off-Site Receptors Due to On-Site Operational Noise

Peak hour project operational noise is expected to reach up to 54.9 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at nearby church uses and up to 54.2 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at nearby residential land uses and will not exceed applicable daytime or nighttime noise standards. This impact is less than significant. No mitigation is required.

### **Groundborne Vibration Impacts**

The nearest off-site structure to the project site is the commercial building located approximately 10 feet from the northern property line (at the northeastern corner of the project site). Due to the proximity of the adjacent commercial use to the north, use of a vibratory roller within 16 feet or a large bulldozer within five feet of the



northern property line adjacent to the building may result in groundborne vibration that is annoying. However, annoyance is expected to be short-term. Further, use of a vibratory roller within seven (7) feet of the northern property line adjacent to the building has the potential to result in architectural damage. Mitigation measures limiting the use of vibratory rollers or large bulldozers along the northern property line would reduce potential impacts. Mitigation measures are presented in Section 7 of this report. With incorporation of mitigation, impacts associated with construction activities would be less than significant.

#### CONSTRUCTION NOISE REDUCTION MEASURES

In addition to adherence to the City of Torrance Municipal Code, which limits the construction hours of operation, the following measures are recommended to reduce construction noise and vibrations, emanating from the proposed project:

- 1. During all project site excavation and grading on-site, construction contractors shall equip all construction equipment, fixed or mobile, with properly operating and maintained mufflers.
- 2. The contractor shall place all stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from the noise sensitive receptors nearest the project site.
- 3. Equipment shall be shut off and not left to idle when not in use.
- 4. The contractor shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.
- 5. Jackhammers, concrete saws, pneumatic equipment and all other portable stationary noise sources shall be shielded and noise shall be directed away from sensitive receptors.
- 6. The construction contractor shall limit haul truck deliveries to the same hours specified for construction equipment.
- 7. Caution should be utilized if vibratory equipment such as vibratory rollers, or other similar vibratory equipment, are utilized within 16 feet or large bulldozers within five (5) feet of the portion of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the existing commercial building.
- 8. The use of vibratory equipment such vibratory rollers, or other similar vibratory equipment, is prohibited within seven (7) feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the existing commercial building.



## 1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the purpose of this noise impact analysis, project location, proposed development, and study area. Figure 1 shows the project location map and Figure 2 illustrates the project site plan.

#### **PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES**

The purpose of this report is to provide an assessment of the noise impacts resulting from development of the proposed 190th Street Warehouse project and to identify mitigation measures that may be necessary to reduce those impacts. The noise issues related to the proposed land use and development have been evaluated in light of applicable federal, state and local policies, including those of the City of Torrance.

Although this is a technical report, effort has been made to write the report clearly and concisely. A list of acronyms and glossary are provided in Appendix A and Appendix B of this report to assist the reader with terms related to noise and vibration analysis.

#### **PROJECT LOCATION**

The proposed project is located at the northeast corner of Crenshaw Place and 190th Street at 2555 West 190th Street in the City of Torrance, California. The project site is currently developed with an existing 160,000 square foot office building that is currently vacant and has not been actively marketed pending the redevelopment of the subject property as proposed by the project, in addition to excess surface parking areas. The project location map is shown on Figure 1.

#### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The proposed project includes development of a state-of-the-art industrial warehouse/manufacturing with 305,550 square feet of floor area consisting of 86,780 square feet of warehouse, 198,400 square feet of manufacturing, and 20,370 square feet of office, inclusive of 14,550 square feet of mezzanine space. The project would require demolition of the existing approximately 160,000 square foot office building. Figure 2 illustrates the proposed site plan.





Figure 1
Project Location Map











## 2. NOISE AND VIBRATION FUNDAMENTALS

#### **NOISE FUNDAMENTALS**

Sound is a pressure wave created by a moving or vibrating source that travels through an elastic medium such as air. Noise is defined as unwanted or objectionable sound. The effects of noise on people can include general annoyance, interference with speech communication, sleep disturbance, and in extreme circumstances, hearing impairment.

Commonly used noise terms are presented in Appendix B. The unit of measurement used to describe a noise level is the decibel (dB). The human ear is not equally sensitive to all frequencies within the sound spectrum. Therefore, the "A-weighted" noise scale, which weights the frequencies to which humans are sensitive, is used for measurements. Noise levels using A-weighted measurements are written dB(A) or dBA.

From the noise source to the receiver, noise changes both in level and frequency spectrum. The most obvious is the decrease in noise as the distance from the source increases. The manner in which noise reduces with distance depends on whether the source is a point or line source as well as ground absorption, atmospheric effects and refraction, and shielding by natural and manmade features. Sound from point sources, such as air conditioning condensers, radiates uniformly outward as it travels away from the source in a spherical pattern. The noise drop-off rate associated with this geometric spreading is 6 dBA per each doubling of the distance (dBA/DD). Transportation noise sources such as roadways are typically analyzed as line sources, since at any given moment the receiver may be impacted by noise from multiple vehicles at various locations along the roadway. Because of the geometry of a line source, the noise drop-off rate associated with the geometric spreading of a line source is 3 dBA/DD.

Decibels are measured on a logarithmic scale, which quantifies sound intensity in a manner similar to the Richter scale used for earthquake magnitudes. Thus, a doubling of the energy of a noise source, such as a doubled traffic volume, would increase the noise levels by 3 dBA; halving of the energy would result in a 3 dBA decrease. Figure 3 shows the relationship of various noise levels to commonly experienced noise events.

Average noise levels over a period of minutes or hours are usually expressed as dBA  $L_{eq}$ , or the equivalent noise level for that period of time. For example,  $L_{eq(3)}$  would represent a 3-hour average. When no period is specified, a one-hour average is assumed.

Noise standards for land use compatibility are stated in terms of the Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) and the Day-Night Average Noise Level (DNL). CNEL is a 24-hour weighted average measure of community noise. CNEL is obtained by adding five decibels to sound levels in the evening (7:00 PM to 10:00 PM), and by adding ten decibels to sound levels at night (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM). This weighting accounts for the increased human sensitivity to noise during the evening and nighttime hours. DNL is a very similar 24-hour average measure that weights only the nighttime hours.

It is widely accepted that the average healthy ear can barely perceive changes of 3 dBA; that a change of 5 dBA is readily perceptible, and that an increase (decrease) of 10 dBA sounds twice (half) as loud. This definition is recommended by the California Department of Transportation's Technical Noise Supplement to the Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol (2013).

#### **VIBRATION FUNDAMENTALS**

The way in which vibration is transmitted through the earth is called propagation. Propagation of earthborn vibrations is complicated and difficult to predict because of the endless variations in the soil through which waves travel. There are three main types of vibration propagation: surface, compression and shear waves. Surface waves, or Raleigh waves, travel along the ground's surface. These waves carry most of their energy along an expanding circular wave front, similar to ripples produced by throwing a rock into a pool of water.



Compression waves, or P-waves, are body waves that carry their energy along an expanding spherical wave front. The particle motion in these waves is longitudinal (i.e., in a "push-pull" fashion). P-waves are analogous to airborne sound waves. Shear waves, or S-waves, are also body waves that carry energy along an expanding spherical wave front. However, unlike P-waves, the particle motion is transverse or "side-to-side and perpendicular to the direction of propagation".

As vibration waves propagate from a source, the energy is spread over an ever-increasing area such that the energy level striking a given point is reduced with the distance from the energy source. This geometric spreading loss is inversely proportional to the square of the distance. Wave energy is also reduced with distance as a result of material damping in the form of internal friction, soil layering, and void spaces. The amount of attenuation provided by material damping varies with soil type and condition as well as the frequency of the wave.

Vibration amplitudes are usually expressed as either peak particle velocity (PPV) or the root mean square (RMS) velocity. The PPV is defined as the maximum instantaneous peak of the vibration signal in inches per second. The RMS of a signal is the average of the squared amplitude of the signal in vibration decibels (VdB), ref one micro-inch per second. The Federal Railroad Administration uses the abbreviation "VdB" for vibration decibels to reduce the potential for confusion with sound decibel.

PPV is appropriate for evaluating the potential of building damage and VdB is commonly used to evaluate human response. Decibel notation acts to compress the range of numbers required in measuring vibration. Similar to the noise descriptors,  $L_{eq}$  and  $L_{max}$  can be used to describe the average vibration and the maximum vibration level observed during a single vibration measurement interval. Figure 4 illustrates common vibration sources and the human and structural responses to ground-borne vibration. As shown in the figure, the threshold of perception for human response is approximately 65 VdB; however, human response to vibration is not usually substantial unless the vibration exceeds 70 VdB. Vibration tolerance limits for sensitive instruments such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or electron microscopes could be much lower than the human vibration perception threshold.



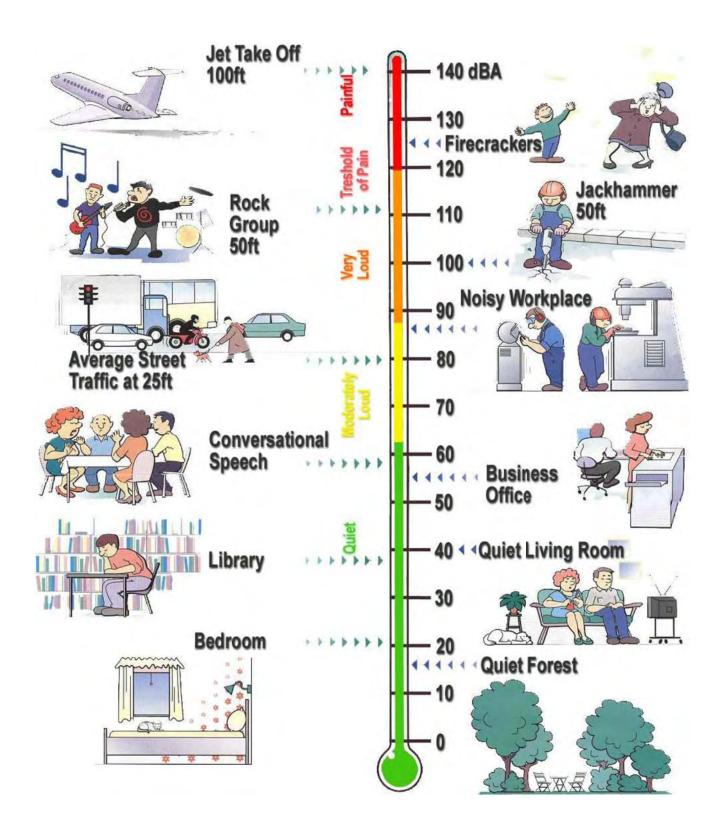
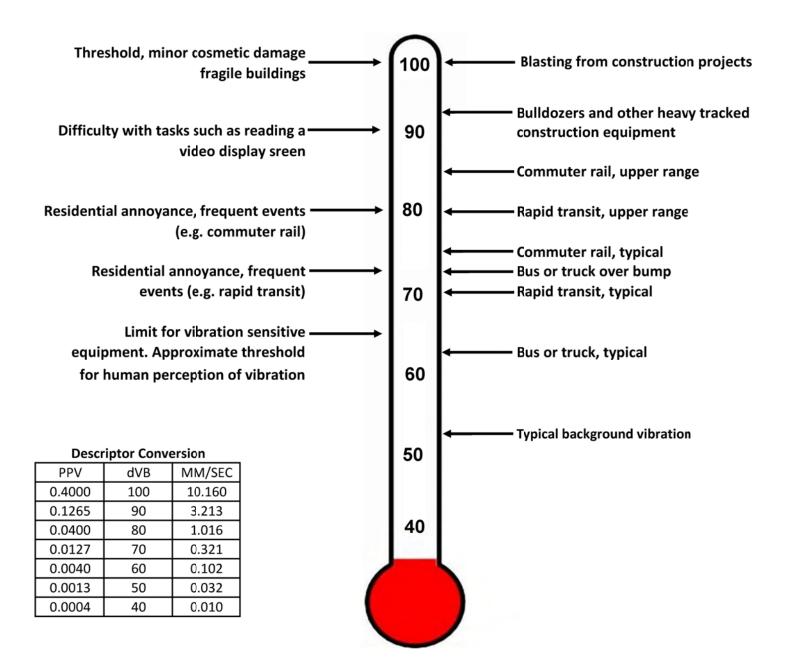


Figure 3 Weighted Sound Levels and Human Response



Source: FRA, 2012. Federal Railroad Administration High-Speed Ground Transportation Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. Office of Railroad Policy Development, Washington, D.C. DOT/FRA/ORD-12/15. September.





## 3. EXISTING NOISE ENVIRONMENT

#### **EXISTING LAND USES AND SENSITIVE RECEPTORS**

The project site is bordered by Crenshaw Place to the west, West 190th Street to the south, industrial and office uses to the north, and church, commercial and office uses to the east.

The State of California defines sensitive receptors as those land uses that require serenity or are otherwise adversely affected by noise events or conditions. Schools, libraries, churches, hospitals, single and multiple-family residential, including transient lodging, motels and hotel uses make up the majority of these areas. Sensitive land uses that may be affected by project noise include the church use located adjacent to the east, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located as close as approximately 200 feet west, the church use located approximately 240 feet west, and the single-family detached residential dwelling units located approximately 0.31 miles east of the project site.

#### **AMBIENT NOISE MEASUREMENTS**

An American National Standards Institute (ANSI Section SI4 1979, Type 1) Larson Davis model LxT sound level meter was used to document existing ambient noise levels. In order to document existing ambient noise levels in the project area, three (3) 15-minute daytime noise measurements were taken between 1:10 PM and 2:45 PM on May 16, 2020. In addition, one (1) long-term 15-hour noise measurement was also taken from May 16, 2020 to May 17, 2020. Field worksheets and noise measurement output data are included in Appendix C.

As shown on Figure 5, the noise measurements were taken east of the project site at adjacent church and commercial uses (STNM1); west of the project site near commercial uses and Crenshaw Place (STNM2); west of Crenshaw Boulevard near existing church and residential uses (STNM3); and at the project site just southwest of the existing building that is to be demolished (LTNM1).

Table 1 provides a summary of the short-term ambient noise data. Table 2 provides hourly interval ambient noise data from the long-term noise measurement. Short-term ambient noise levels were measured between 52.3 and 66.4 dBA  $L_{eq}$ . Long-term hourly noise measurement ambient noise levels ranged from 54.1 to 60.3 dBA  $L_{eq}$ . The dominant noise sources included conversation/recreational noise and vehicles traveling along Crenshaw Place, Crenshaw Boulevard, Interstate 405 Freeway, 190th Street, and other surrounding roadways.



Table 1
Short-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA)

Daytime Measurements <sup>1,2</sup>									
Site Location	Time Started	Leq	Lmax	Lmin	L(2)	L(8)	L(25)	L(50)	
STNM1	1:10 PM	52.3	61.5	49.0	57.6	54.6	52.3	51.3	
STNM2	1:57 PM	57.7	73.8	48.7	67.7	59.7	54.5	52.5	
STNM3	2:30 PM	66.4	74.9	54.9	71.0	69.4	67.7	65.7	

#### Notes:

- (1) See Figure 5 for noise measurement locations. Each noise measurement was performed over a 15-minute duration.
- (2) Noise measurements performed on May 16, 2020.



Table 2
Long-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA)

	15-Hour Ambient Noise <sup>1,2</sup>								
Hourly Measurements	Time Started	Leq	Lmax	Lmin	L(2)	L(8)	L(25)	L(50)	
Overall Summary	5:00 PM	57.8	72.7	49.2	62.6	60.8	58.8	56.8	
1	5:00 PM	60.3	71.0	55.2	64.2	62.4	60.9	59.5	
2	6:00 PM	54.1	72.3	54.9	64.0	62.6	60.8	59.4	
3	7:00 PM	54.2	72.7	55.4	63.6	62.2	60.7	59.4	
4	8:00 PM	54.8	67.3	55.1	63.0	61.6	60.0	58.6	
5	9:00 PM	55.2	69.0	54.5	62.0	60.5	59.1	57.9	
6	10:00 PM	55.5	72.2	54.2	62.5	61.3	60.1	59.1	
7	11:00 PM	55.7	69.8	54.1	61.4	59.8	58.3	57.2	
8	12:00 AM	56.8	65.0	53.6	60.7	59.1	57.5	56.6	
9	1:00 AM	57.1	71.5	53.0	60.0	58.4	57.2	56.3	
10	2:00 AM	57.8	61.2	51.8	58.7	56.7	55.3	54.1	
11	3:00 AM	58.5	60.0	51.4	57.5	56.5	55.8	55.0	
12	4:00 AM	59.3	69.7	49.6	57.6	56.3	54.7	53.0	
13	5:00 AM	59.4	63.1	50.3	58.7	56.5	54.5	53.2	
14	6:00 AM	60.0	69.3	51.2	60.3	58.2	55.9	54.4	
15	7:00 AM	60.1	69.4	49.2	60.9	58.6	56.0	54.1	

#### Notes:



<sup>(1)</sup> See Figure 5 for noise measurement locations. Noise measurement was performed over a 15-hour duration.

<sup>(2)</sup> Noise measurement performed from May 16, 2020 to May 17, 2020.



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Noise Measurement Location

**ST NM** Short-Term Noise Measurement **LT NM** Long-Term Noise Measurement

Figure 5 Noise Measurement Location Map



## 4. REGULATORY SETTING

#### **FEDERAL REGULATION**

#### Federal Noise Control Act of 1972

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Noise Abatement and Control was originally established to coordinate federal noise control activities. After its inception, EPA's Office of Noise Abatement and Control issued the Federal Noise Control Act of 1972, establishing programs and guidelines to identify and address the effects of noise on public health, welfare, and the environment. In response, the EPA published Information on Levels of Environmental Noise Requisite to Protect Public Health and Welfare with an Adequate Margin of Safety (Levels of Environmental Noise). The Levels of Environmental Noise recommended that the Ldn should not exceed 55 dBA outdoors or 45 dBA indoors to prevent significant activity interference and annoyance in noise-sensitive areas.

In addition, the Levels of Environmental Noise identified five (5) dBA as an "adequate margin of safety" for a noise level increase relative to a baseline noise exposure level of 55 dBA Ldn (i.e., there would not be a noticeable increase in adverse community reaction with an increase of five dBA or less from this baseline level). The EPA did not promote these findings as universal standards or regulatory goals with mandatory applicability to all communities, but rather as advisory exposure levels below which there would be no risk to a community from any health or welfare effect of noise.

In 1981, EPA administrators determined that subjective issues such as noise would be better addressed at lower levels of government. Consequently, in 1982 responsibilities for regulating noise control policies were transferred to State and local governments. However, noise control guidelines and regulations contained in EPA rulings in prior years remain in place by designated Federal agencies, allowing more individualized control for specific issues by designated Federal, State, and local government agencies.

#### **STATE REGULATIONS**

#### State of California General Plan Guidelines 2017

Though not adopted by law, the State of California General Plan Guidelines 2017, published by the California Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) (OPR Guidelines), provides guidance for the compatibility of projects within areas of specific noise exposure. The OPR Guidelines identify the suitability of various types of construction relative to a range of outdoor noise levels and provide each local community some flexibility in setting local noise standards that allow for the variability in community preferences. Findings presented in the Levels of Environmental Noise Document (EPA 1974) influenced the recommendations of the OPR Guidelines, most importantly in the choice of noise exposure metrics (i.e., Ldn or CNEL) and in the upper limits for the normally acceptable outdoor exposure of noise-sensitive uses.

The OPR Guidelines include a Noise and Land Use Compatibility Matrix which identifies acceptable and unacceptable community noise exposure limits for various land use categories. Where the "normally acceptable" range is used, it is defined as the highest noise level that should be considered for the construction of the buildings which do not incorporate any special acoustical treatment or noise mitigation. The "conditionally acceptable" or "normally unacceptable" ranges include conditions calling for detailed acoustical study prior to the construction or operation of the proposed project. The City of Torrance has adopted their own version of the State Land Use Compatibility Guidelines for land use planning and to assess potential transportation noise impacts to proposed land uses (see Table 3).



#### **California Environmental Quality Act**

The California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines (Appendix G) establishes thresholds for noise impact analysis. This noise study includes analysis of noise and vibration impacts necessary to assess the project in light of the following Appendix G Checklist Thresholds.

Would the project result in:

a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project <u>in excess of standards</u> established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

Substantial increases in ambient noise levels are usually associated with project construction noise (temporary) and project operational noise (permanent).

<u>Project Construction Noise:</u> Construction noise sources are regulated within the City of Torrance Section 46.3.1 which prohibits construction activities involving the creation of noise beyond 50 decibels (db) as measured at property lines, except between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM on Saturdays. Construction shall be prohibited on Sundays and Holidays observed by City Hall.

Although construction activity may be exempt from the noise standards in the City's Municipal Code, CEQA requires that potential noise impacts still be evaluated for significance.

The City of Torrance has not adopted a numerical threshold that identifies what a substantial increase would be during the allowed hours of construction (see above Section 46.3.1 of City's Municipal Code). For purposes of this analysis, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment (2006) criteria was utilized to establish significance thresholds. For residential uses, the daytime noise threshold is 80 dBA  $L_{eq}$  averaged over an 8-hour period ( $L_{eq}$  (8-hr); and the nighttime noise threshold is 70 dBA  $L_{eq}$  (8-hr). For commercial uses, the daytime and nighttime noise threshold is 85 dBA  $L_{eq}$  (8-hr). In compliance with the City's Municipal Code, it is assumed that construction would not occur during the noise-sensitive nighttime hours.

<u>Project Operational Noise (permanent):</u> For off-site project generated noise, increases in ambient noise along affected roadways due to project generated vehicle traffic is considered substantial if they result in an increase of at least 5 dBA CNEL and: (1) the existing noise levels already exceed the applicable land use compatibility standard for the affected sensitive receptors set forth in the Noise Element of the City's General Plan; or (2) the project increases noise levels by at least 5 dBA CNEL and raises the ambient noise level from below the applicable standard to above the applicable standard.

b) Generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?

As shown in Table 4, a peak particle velocity (PPV) of 0.20 is the threshold at which there is a risk to "architectural" damage to normal dwellings. It is also the level at which groundborne vibration can become annoying. Impacts would be significant if construction activities result in groundborne vibration of 0.20 PPV or higher at a sensitive receptor.

#### **California Department of Transportation (Caltrans)**

The California Department of Transportation has published one of the seminal works for the analysis of ground-borne noise and vibration relating to transportation- and construction-induced vibrations and although the project is not subject to these regulations, it serves as useful tools to evaluate vibration impacts. These guidelines recommend that a standard of 0.2 inches per section (in/sec) PPV not be exceeded for the



protection of normal residential buildings (California Department of Transportation, 2013). This is the appropriate threshold for construction related ground-borne vibration impacts.

#### **LOCAL REGULATIONS**

#### **City of Torrance General Plan**

Applicable City of Torrance General Plan goals, objectives, and policies which apply to the proposed project are presented below.

Goal Minimize exposure of residents to noise.

**Objective N.1** To identify noise pollution and establish effective noise abatement methods.

Policy N.1.1 Continue to strictly enforce the provisions of the City's Noise Ordinance to ensure that stationary noise, traffic-related noise, railroad noise, airport-related noise, and noise emanating from construction activities and special events are minimized.

Policy N.1.4 Minimize unnecessary outdoor noise through enforcement of the noise ordinance and through permit processes that regulate noise-producing activities.

**Objective N.2** To minimize transportation-related noise impacts.

Policy N.2.3 Require developers and business owners to minimize noise impacts associated with on-site motor vehicle activity through the use of noise-reduction features (e.g., berms, walls, well designed site plans).

Objective N.3 To minimize noise incompatibilities between land uses.

Policy N.3.1 Review industrial, commercial, or other noise-generating land use proposals for compatibility with nearby noise-sensitive land uses, and require that appropriate mitigation be provided.

Policy N.3.2 Require the inclusion of noise-reducing design features for developments near noise-sensitive land uses.

Policy N.3.3 Encourage dense, attractive landscape planting along roadways and adjacent to other noise sources to increase absorption of noise.

Policy N.3.4 Work with property and business owners to avoid or resolve noise incompatibilities in commercial or industrial areas.

#### **City of Torrance Municipal Code**

In addition to any measures to reduce noise levels recommended in this report, project operations will be subject to the following City ordinances.

#### Section 46.2.6 Machinery, Equipment, Fans and Air Conditioning.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any machinery, equipment, pump, fan, air conditioning apparatus or similar mechanical device in any manner so as to create any noise which would cause the noise level at the property line of any residential land to exceed the ambient noise level by more than five (5) decibels.



#### Section 46.3.1 Construction of Buildings and Projects.

The following activities, among others, are declared to cause disturbing, excessive or offensive noises in violation of the noise chapter and are unlawful, namely:

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person within the City of Torrance to operate power construction tools, equipment, or engage in the performance of any outside construction or repair work on buildings, structures, or projects in or adjacent to a residential area involving the creation of noise beyond 50 decibels (db) as measured at property lines, except between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM on Saturdays. Construction shall be prohibited on Sundays and Holidays observed by City Hall. An exception exists between the hours of 10:00 AM to 4:00 PM for homeowners that reside at the property.
- B. The Community Development Director may allow expanded hours and days of construction if unusual circumstances and conditions exist. Such requests must be made in writing and must receive approval by the Director prior to any expansion of the hour and day restrictions listed above.
- C. Every construction project requiring Planning Commission review or considered to be a significant remodel as defined by Section 231.1.2 of the City's Code, shall be required to post an information board along the front property line that displays the property owner's name and contact number, contractor's name and contact number, a copy of TMC Section 46.3.1 of the City's Code, a list of any special conditions, and the Code Enforcement phone number where violations can be reported.
- D. Properties zoned as commercial, industrial or within an established redevelopment District, are exempted from the above day and hour restrictions if a minimum buffer of 300 feet is maintained from the subject property's property line to the closest residential property. The Community Development Director, may, however, revoke such exemption for a particular project if the noise level exceeds 50 decibels (db) at the property line of a residential property beyond the 300 linear foot buffer.
- E. Heavy construction equipment such as pile drivers, mechanical shovels, derricks, hoists, pneumatic hammers, compressors or similar devices shall not be operated at any time, within or adjacent to a residential area, without first obtaining from the Community Development Director permission to do so. Such request for permission shall include a list and type of equipment to be used, the requested hours and locations of its use, and the applicant shall be required to show that the selection of equipment and construction techniques has been based on minimization of noise within the limitations of such equipment as is commercially available or combinations of such equipment and auxiliary sound barriers. Such permission to operate heavy construction equipment will be revoked if operation of such equipment is not in accordance to approval. No permission shall be required to perform emergency work as defined in Article 1 of the Noise Regulation Chapter of the City's Code.

#### Section 46.7.2 Noise Limits.

Per the City's General Plan, the below description is provided for the Regions identified in Section 46.7.2 Noise Limits of the City's Municipal Code.

Region 1 includes the predominantly industrial areas in and around the refineries and industrial uses on the western edge of the City, Region 2 includes the area in and around the airport and includes the commercial and industrial uses south of Lomita Boulevard and north of Pacific Coast Highway, Region 3 encompasses the residential neighborhoods south of the Pacific Coast Highway and west of Hawthorne Boulevard and Region 4 includes the remainder of the City (please also refer to Figure N-5, Noise Limit Regions of the City of Torrance General Plan).



The project site and surrounding uses are located in Region 4 and are located further than 500 feet from the boundaries of Regions 1 and 2.

- a) Noise Limits on Residential Land. It shall be unlawful for any person within the City of Torrance (wherever located) to produce noise in excess of the following levels as received on residential land owned or occupied by another person within the designated regions. In addition to the noise limits stated herein, the noise limits set forth in Section 46.7.2.b) shall also be complied with.
  - 1. For noise receivers located on residential land, for measurement positions five hundred (500) feet or more from the boundaries of Regions 1 and 2, the following limits apply:

Degion (in which point requires in legator	Noise Level, db			
Region (in which noise receiver is located)	Day	Night		
3	50	45		
4	55	50		

- 2. For noise receivers located on residential land, for positions within five hundred (500) feet from the boundary of Region 1 or 2, the following limits apply:
  - Five (5) dB above the limits set forth in Section 46.7.2.a) 1 above, or 5 dB above the ambient noise level, whichever is the lower number.
- b) Noise Limits at Industrial and Commercial Boundaries:
  - 1. Noise Sources in Region 1: It shall be unlawful for any person in Region 1 to produce noise levels at the boundary of Region 1 in excess of 70 dB during the day or 65 dB during the night.
  - 2. Noise Sources in Region 2: It shall be unlawful for any person in Region 2 to produce noise levels at the boundary of Region 2 in excess of 60 dB during the day or 55 dB during the night.
  - 3. Noise Sources in All Remaining Industrial Use Land: It shall be unlawful for any person on industrial use land outside Region 1 and 2 to produce noise levels at his own property boundary in excess of 60 dB during the day or 55 dB during the night.
  - 4. Noise Sources on All Land Use for Commercial Purposes: It shall be unlawful for any person on land used for commercial purposes to produce noise levels at his own property boundary in excess of 60 dB during the day or 55 dB during the night.
- c) Corrections to the noise Limits: The numerical limits given in Sec. 46.7.2.(a) and (b) shall be adjusted by addition of the following corrections where appropriate.

	Noise Conditions	Correction to the Limits, decibels
1	Noise contains a steady, audible tone, such as a whine, screech or hum	-5
2	Noise is a repetitive impulsive noise, such as hammering or riveting	-5
3	If the noise is not continuous, one of the following corrections to the limits shall be applied:	
	a) Noise occurs less than 5 hours per day or less than 1 hour per night	5
	b) Noise occurs less than 90 minutes per day or less than 20 minutes per night	10
	c) Noise occurs less than 30 minutes per day or less than 6 minutes per night	15
4	Noise occurs on Sunday morning (between 12:01 A.M. and 12:01 P.M. Sunday)	-5



Table 3
City of Torrance Noise/Land Use Compatibility Guidelines

Prop	perty Receiving Noise	Maximum Noise Level Ldn or CNEL, dB(A)			
Type of Use	Land Use Designations	Interior	Exterior		
Residential <sup>3</sup>	Low Density Residential, Low Medium Density Residential, Medium Density Residential		60/65 <sup>1</sup>		
	Medium High Density Residential	45	65/70 <sup>2</sup>		
	High Density Residential	45	70 <sup>1</sup>		
Commercial and Office	General Commercial, Commercial Center	-	70		
	Residential Office	50	70		
	Business Park		75		
Industrial	Light Industrial	55			
	Heavy Industrial				
Public and Medical Uses	Public/Quasi-Public/Open Space	50	65		
Public and Medical Oses	Hospital/Medical	50	70		
Airport Airport		-	70		

#### Notes:

Source: City of Torrance General Plan Noise Element Table N-3, 2010.



<sup>(1)</sup> The normally acceptable standard is 60 db(A). The higher standard is acceptable subject to inclusion of noise-reduction features in project design and construction.

<sup>(2)</sup> Maximum exterior noise levels up to 70 dB CNEL are allowed for Multiple Family Housing.

<sup>(3)</sup> Regarding aircraft-related noise, the maximum acceptable exposure for new residential development is 60 dB(A) CNEL.

Table 4
Typical Human Reaction and Effect on Buildings Due to Groundborne Vibration

Vibration Level		
Peak Particle Velocity (PPV)	Human Reaction	Effect on Buildings
0.006-0.019 in/sec	Threshold of perception, possibility of intrusion	Vibrations unlikely to cause damage of any type
0.08 in/sec	Vibrations readily perceptible	Recommended upper level of vibration to which ruins and ancient monuments should be subjected
0.10 in/sec	Level at which continuous vibration begins to annoy people	Virtually no risk of "architectural" (i.e., not structural) damage to normal buildings
0.20 in/sec	Vibrations annoying to people in buildings	Threshold at which there is a risk to "architectural" damage to normal dwelling – houses with plastered walls and ceilings
0.4-0.6 in/sec	Vibrations considered unpleasant by people subjected to continuous vibrations and unacceptable to some people walking on bridges	Vibrations at a greater level than normally expected from traffic, but would cause "architectural" damage and possibly minor structural damage

#### Notes:

Source: California Department of Transportation. Transportation and Construction Vibration Guidance Manual, Chapter 6 Tables 5 and 12, September 2013.



## 5. ANALYTICAL METHODOLOGY AND MODEL PARAMETERS

This section discusses the analysis methodologies used to assess noise impacts.

#### **CONSTRUCTION NOISE MODELING**

Construction noise associated with the proposed project was calculated at the sensitive receptor locations, utilizing methodology presented in the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (2018) together with several key construction parameters including: distance to each sensitive receiver, equipment usage, percent usage factor, and baseline parameters for the project site. Distances to receptors were based on the acoustical center of the project site. Construction noise levels were calculated for each phase based on assumptions provided in the Air Quality Study prepared for the project (Ganddini 2020). For construction noise purposes, the distance measured from the project site to sensitive receptors was assumed to be the acoustical center of the project site to the property line of surrounding sensitive receptors. For the demolition phase, the center of the site was assumed to be the center of the proposed area of demolition for the existing building. Construction noise worksheets are provided in Appendix D.

#### FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION (FHWA) TRAFFIC NOISE PREDICTION MODEL

Existing and Existing Plus project traffic noise levels were modeled for roadways affected by project generated traffic utilizing the FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108 in order to quantify the proposed project's contribution to increases in ambient noise levels. Future traffic noise levels were modeled to assess potential traffic related impacts to the proposed project.

The FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model arrives at a predicted noise level through a series of adjustments to the Reference Energy Mean Emission Level (REMEL). Adjustments are then made to the REMEL to account for: total average daily traffic volumes, roadway classification, width, speed and truck mix, roadway grade and site conditions (hard or soft ground surface). Surfaces adjacent to all modeled roadways were assumed to have a "hard site" to predict worst-case, conservative noise levels. A hard site, such as pavement, is highly reflective and does not attenuate noise as quickly as grass or other soft sites. Possible reductions in noise levels due to intervening topography and buildings were not accounted for in this analysis.

Roadway parameters utilized in the noise model include location, traffic volume, speed and vehicle mix (autos, medium trucks, and heavy trucks). It is important to evaluate potential impacts of the noisiest possible future conditions. These conditions occur when the maximum amount of vehicles pass at the greatest speed. This scenario usually corresponds to Level of Service C (LOS C) Conditions, or about 75% of buildout capacity. Roadways that may generate enough traffic noise under buildout conditions to affect the proposed industrial use include West 190th Street. The City of Torrance General Plan identifies West 190th Street as a Major Arterial roadway. Per the Programmatic Traffic Impact Study prepared for the County of Los Angeles General Plan Update and the Complete Streets Design Guide, Major Highways (6-lane) have a daily roadway capacity of 54,000, and an approximate LOS C of 40,500. As posted, a speed of 45 miles per hour was utilized for modeling purposes. Neither the City of Torrance nor the County of Los Angeles have vehicle mix data published for use in noise studies, so vehicle/truck mixes and D/E/N splits for use in acoustical studies published by the Riverside County Department of Industrial Hygiene were utilized for noise modeling. Existing Plus Project vehicle mixes were calculated by adding the proposed project trips to existing conditions.

Existing and Existing Plus Project vehicle mix were obtained from the project traffic study (Linscott Law & Greenspan Engineers 2019). Existing Plus Project vehicle mixes were calculated by adding the proposed project trips to existing conditions. FHWA spreadsheets are included in Appendix E.

<sup>1</sup> The County's Programmatic Traffic Study was utilized as the City does not have buildout average daily vehicle trips available for use in acoustical studies.



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#### **SOUNDPLAN NOISE MODEL**

The SoundPLAN acoustical modeling software was utilized to model project operational worst-case stationary noise impacts from the proposed project to adjacent sensitive uses (e.g., residences). SoundPLAN is capable of evaluating stationary noise sources (e.g., parking lots, drive-thru menus, carwash equipment, vacuums, etc.) and much more. The SoundPLAN software utilizes algorithms (based on the inverse square law) to calculate noise level projections. The software allows the user to input specific noise sources, spectral content, sound barriers, building placement, topography, and sensitive receptor locations. In addition to the information provided below, noise modeling input and outputs assumptions are provided in Appendix F.

Peak hour operational noise levels were modeled utilizing the SoundPLAN model. Modeled noise sources include parking lot noise, HVAC equipment, and loading/unloading activities.

#### **Parking Lot Noise**

Parking lot noise was calculated using SoundPLAN methodology. Specifically, the traffic volume of the parking lot is entered with the number of moves per parking, the hour and the number of parking bays. The user defines whether the parking lots are for automobiles, motorcycles, or trucks, and the emission level of a parking lot is automatically adjusted accordingly. The values for the number of parking moves for each time slice is the number of parking moves per reference unit (most often per parking bay), averaged for the hour.<sup>2</sup>

SoundPLAN utilizes parking lot noise emission levels from the 6th revised edition of the parking lot study "Recommendations for the Calculation of Sound Emissions of Parking Areas, Motorcar Centers and Bus Stations as well as of Multi-Story Car Parks and Underground Car Parks" published by the Bavarian Landesamt für Umwelt, which provides calculation methods to determine the emissions of parking lots. The parking lot emission table documents the reference level (Lw,ref) from the parking lot study based on the following formula:

Lw, ref = Lw0 + KPA + KI + KD + KStrO + 10 log(B) [dB(A)]; where,

LwO = Basic sound power, sound power level of one motion / per hour on P+R areas = 63 dB(A)

KPA = Surcharge parking lot type

KI = Surcharge for impulse character

KD = Surcharge for the traffic passaging and searching for parking bays in the driving lanes 2,5 \* Ig (f \* B - 9)

f = Parking bays per unit of the reference value

B = Reference value

KStrO = Surcharge for the road surface

B = Reference value

#### **Mechanical Equipment (HVAC Units)**

A noise reference level obtained by MD Acoustics of 67.7 dBA at 3 feet (sound power level of 78.7 dB) was utilized to represent rooftop 5 Ton Carrier HVAC units.<sup>3</sup> A rooftop HVAC plan is not available at the time of this analysis so the exact location and number of units per building were estimated. MD assumed 50 (fifty) RTU units on the rooftop even spaced across the roof. The noise source height for each HVAC unit was assumed at 1 meter above the roof top. Roof top is assumed to be approximately 35 feet above grade.

#### **Loading/Unloading Activities**

The loading area associated with the proposed industrial building was modeled as an area source with a sound power level of 80 dBA L<sub>eq</sub> per square meter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> MD Acoustics, LLC Noise Measurement Data for RTU - Carrier 50TFQ0006 and car alarm.



190th Street Warehouse Project Noise Impact Analysis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> SoundPLAN Essential 4.0 Manual. SoundPLAN International, LLC. May 2016.

## 6. IMPACT ANALYSIS

This impact discussion analyzes the potential for noise and/or groundborne vibration impacts to cause the exposure of a person to, or generation of, noise levels in excess of established City of Torrance standards related to: construction, operation, and transportation noise related impacts to, or from, the proposed project.

#### IMPACTS RELATED TO CONSTRUCTION NOISE

The existing church use located adjacent to the east and the single-family detached residential dwelling units located to the west of the project site may be affected by short-term noise impacts associated with construction noise. Construction noise will vary depending on the construction process, type of equipment involved, location of the construction site with respect to sensitive receptors, the schedule proposed to carry out each task (e.g., hours and days of the week) and the duration of the construction work.

The construction phases for the proposed project are anticipated to include: site preparation, grading, building construction, paving and architectural coating. A summary of noise level data for a variety of construction equipment compiled by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) is presented in Table 5. Typical operating cycles for these types of construction equipment may involve one or two minutes of full power operation followed by three to four minutes at lower power settings.

As discussed previously, construction noise associated with the proposed project was calculated utilizing methodology presented in the FTA Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (2018) together with several key construction parameters including: distance to each sensitive receiver, equipment usage, percent usage factor, and baseline parameters for the project site. Distances to receptors were based on the acoustical center of the project site. Construction noise levels were calculated for each phase. Worksheets are included as Appendix D.

Construction noise levels are compared to existing noise levels in Table 1 of this report. STNM1 was chosen to represent the church and commercial property lines of properties to the east and northeast, STNM2 was chosen to represent noise levels at the industrial property lines of properties to the north and the commercial property lines of properties to the west, and STNM3 was chosen to represent noise levels at the residential property lines of properties to the west. As shown in Table 6, modeled unmitigated construction noise levels when combined with existing measured noise levels could reach 74 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest industrial property line to the north, 78 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest commercial property line to the northeast of the project site, 76 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest church property line to the east, 68 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest commercial property line to the west, and 69 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at the nearest residential property line to the west of the project site.

As discussed earlier, construction noise sources are regulated within the City of Torrance Section 46.3.1. Section 46.3.1(a) prohibits construction activities involving the creation of noise beyond 50 decibels (db) as measured at property lines, except between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM on Saturdays. Construction shall be prohibited on Sundays and Holidays observed by City Hall. Furthermore, per Section 46.3.1(d), properties zoned as commercial, industrial or within an established redevelopment District, are exempted from the above day and hour restrictions if a minimum buffer of 300 feet is maintained from the subject property's property line to the closest residential property. The Community Development Director, may, however, revoke such exemption for a particular project if the noise level exceeds 50 decibels (db) at the property line of a residential property beyond the 300 linear foot buffer. The proposed project is that of an industrial use; however, residential uses are located approximately 200 feet west of the western boundary of the project site. Therefore, the above listed day and hour restrictions in Section 46.3.1 of the City's Municipal Code would apply.

As stated previously, per FTA daytime construction noise levels should not exceed 80 dBA  $L_{eq}$  for an 8-hour period at residential uses and 85 dBA  $L_{eq}$  for an 8-hour period at commercial uses. Therefore, project construction would not be anticipated to exceed the FTA thresholds for either residential or commercial uses.



Further, with compliance with the City's Municipal Code, it is assumed that construction would not occur during the noise-sensitive nighttime hours.

Impacts related to construction noise will be further minimized with adherence to the above Municipal Ordinances and implementation of the measures presented in Section 7 of this report.

#### NOISE IMPACTS TO OFF-SITE RECEPTORS DUE TO PROJECT GENERATED TRIPS

During operation, the proposed project is expected to generate approximately 1,417 average daily trips (PCE) with 222 trips during the AM peak-hour and 253 trips during the PM peak-hour. A worst-case project generated traffic noise level was modeled utilizing the FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model - FHWA-RD-77-108. Traffic noise levels were calculated at the right of way from the centerline of the analyzed roadway. The modeling is theoretical and does not take into account any existing barriers, structures, and/or topographical features that may further reduce noise levels. Therefore, the levels are shown for comparative purposes only to show the difference in with and without project conditions. Roadway input parameters including average daily traffic volumes (ADTs), speeds, and vehicle distribution data is shown in Table 7. The potential off-site noise impacts caused by an increase of traffic from operation of the proposed project on the nearby roadways were calculated for the following scenarios:

Existing Year (without Project): This scenario refers to existing year traffic noise conditions and is demonstrated in Table 7.

Existing Plus Project: This scenario refers to existing year plus project traffic noise conditions and is demonstrated in Table 7.

As shown in Table 8, modeled Existing traffic noise levels range between 52-78 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment; and the modeled Existing Plus Project traffic noise levels range between 56-78 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment.

As stated previously, for purposes of this project, increases in ambient noise along affected roadways due to project generated vehicle traffic is considered substantial if they result in an increase of at least 5 dBA CNEL and: (1) the existing noise levels already exceed the applicable land use compatibility standard for the affected sensitive receptors set forth in the Noise Element of the City's General Plan; or (2) the project increases noise levels by at least 5 dBA CNEL and raises the ambient noise level from below the applicable standard to above the applicable standard.

All modeled roadway segments are anticipated to change the noise a nominal amount (between approximately 0.01 to 3.52 dBA CNEL). Therefore, a change in noise level would not be audible and would be considered less than significant. No mitigation is required.

#### TRANSPORTATION NOISE IMPACTS TO THE PROPOSED PROJECT

Per the City of Torrance General Plan, interior noise levels of up to 55 dBA CNEL and exterior noise levels of up to 75 dBA CNEL are considered acceptable for industrial uses (see Table 3).

Roadways that may generate enough traffic noise under buildout conditions to effect the proposed industrial use include West 190th Street. The City of Torrance General Plan identifies West 190th Street as a Major Arterial roadway. Per the Programmatic Traffic Impact Study prepared for the County of Los Angeles General Plan Update and the Complete Streets Design Guide, Major Highways (6-lane) have a daily roadway capacity of 54,000, and an approximate LOS C of 40,500.<sup>4</sup> As posted, a speed of 45 miles per hour was utilized for modeling purposes. Neither the City of Torrance nor the County of Los Angeles have vehicle mix data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The County's Programmatic Traffic Study was utilized as the City does not have buildout average daily vehicle trips available for use in acoustical studies.



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published for use in noise studies, so vehicle/truck mixes and D/E/N splits for use in acoustical studies published by the Riverside County Department of Industrial Hygiene were utilized for noise modeling. Existing Plus Project vehicle mixes were calculated by adding the proposed project trips to existing conditions.

FHWA modeling was conducted to calculate noise levels associated with buildout vehicle traffic noise from West 190th Street. Exterior future buildout traffic noise levels could reach up to approximately 74.7 dBA CNEL at the proposed industrial building, approximately 135 feet north of the roadway. Modeling spreadsheets are presented in Appendix E.

The exterior noise levels at the proposed project site are anticipated to fall within the City's acceptable standards for industrial land uses. Impacts related to future traffic noise impacts to the proposed project would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

#### NOISE IMPACTS TO OFF-SITE RECEPTORS DUE TO ON-SITE OPERATIONAL NOISE

Sensitive land uses that may be affected by project noise include the church use located adjacent to the eat, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located as close as approximately 200 feet west, the church use located approximately 240 feet west, and the single-family detached residential dwelling units located approximately 0.31 miles east of the project site. Project operational noise levels at receptors are shown on Figure 6.

#### **Compliance with General Plan Goals and Policies**

The City of Torrance has adopted two General Plan goals: 1) to minimize noise exposure to residents, and 2) to minimize noise incompatibilities between land uses. City of Torrance General Plan Noise Element policies in regards to operational noise include recommendations to enforce the City's Noise Ordinance, to review projects for potential incompatibilities related to noise, and to use design features to minimize noise.

#### **Compliance with Noise Ordinance Stationary Noise Standards**

Section 46.7.2.2(a) of the City of Torrance Municipal Code sets forth noise standards based on the category of the receiving land use, the time of day, and which "noise region" the receiver is located. The project site and nearby land uses to the north, east and west are located within Region 4. However, because the affected receivers are also located within 500 feet of a Region 2 boundary, the limits identified in Section 46.7.2.2(a) or the ambient noise level, whichever is lower, are to be raised by 5 dB.

Furthermore, the City of Torrance has not established noise standards for operational noise impacts to church uses. Per Section 46.7.2(b) of the City's Municipal Code, it shall be unlawful for any person on industrial use land (outside Region 1 and 2) and commercial land to produce noise levels at his own property boundary in excess of 60 dB during the day or 55 dB during the night. Section 46.7.2(b) has been utilized for church uses.

The measured ambient noise levels at the church use adjacent to the east that may be affected by the proposed project are represented by STNM1 and the residential and church land uses to the west that may be affected by the proposed project are represented by STNM3 (shown on Figure 5). Existing measured daytime noise levels reach up to  $66.4 \text{ dBA L}_{eq}$ ; and nighttime noise levels reach up to  $60.1 \text{ dBA L}_{eq}$ . For church receptors represented by STNM1 and residential and church receptors represented by STNM3, project generated operational noise is not to exceed 60 dBA between the hours of 7:00 AM and 10:00 PM; or exceed 55 dBA between the hours of 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM.

As shown in Figure 6, peak hour project operational noise is expected to reach up to 54.9 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at receptor 1 (represented by STNM1) and up to 54.2 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at receptor 3 (represented by STNM3) and will not exceed applicable daytime or nighttime noise standards. This impact is less than significant. No mitigation is required.

#### **GROUNDBORNE VIBRATION IMPACTS**



There are several types of construction equipment that can cause vibration levels high enough to annoy persons in the vicinity and/or result in architectural or structural damage to nearby structures and improvements. For example, as shown in Table 10, a vibratory roller could generate up to 0.21 PPV at a distance of 25 feet; and operation of a large bulldozer (0.089 PPV) at a distance of 25 feet (two of the most vibratory pieces of construction equipment). Groundborne vibration at sensitive receptors associated with this equipment would drop off as the equipment moves away. For example, as the vibratory roller moves further than 100 feet from the sensitive receptors, the vibration associated with it would drop below 0.0026 PPV. It should be noted that these vibration levels are reference levels and may vary slightly depending upon soil type and specific usage of each piece of equipment.

#### **Annoyance to Persons**

The primary effect of perceptible vibration is often a concern. However, secondary effects, such as the rattling of a china cabinet, can also occur, even when vibration levels are well below perception. Any effect (primary perceptible vibration, secondary effects, or a combination of the two) can lead to annoyance. The degree to which a person is annoyed depends on the activity in which they are participating at the time of the disturbance. For example, someone sleeping or reading will be more sensitive than someone who is running on a treadmill. Reoccurring primary and secondary vibration effects often lead people to believe that the vibration is damaging their home, although vibration levels are well below minimum thresholds for damage potential. As shown in Table 4, vibration can be annoying to people in buildings at a PPV of 0.20.

The closest off-site structure is the existing commercial building located approximately 10 feet north of the project site (at the northeastern corner of the project site). At 10 feet, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.830 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.352. Caution should be utilized if a vibratory roller, or other similar vibratory equipment, is utilized within 16 feet and a bulldozer is utilized within five feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the commercial building located to the north of the project site.

At 50 feet, which is the distance to the next closest off-site building, the church and commercial uses to the east of the project site, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.074 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.031. Use of either a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would not be considered annoying to receptors to the east.

At 60 feet, which is the distance to the closest commercial uses to the west of the project site, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.056 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.024. Use of either a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would not be considered annoying to receptors to the west.

#### **Architectural Damage**

Vibration generated by construction activity generally has the potential to damage structures. This damage could be structural damage, such as cracking of floor slabs, foundations, columns, beams, or wells, or cosmetic architectural damage, such as cracked plaster, stucco, or tile. Table 4 identifies a PPV levels between 0.4 and 0.6 as vibration levels greater than normally expected from traffic, but may cause "architectural" damage and possible minor structural damage.

The only receptor with the potential of architectural damage as a result of the construction of the proposed project would be the commercial building located approximately 10 feet north of the northern property line of the project site. Due to the proximity of the adjacent commercial building to the north, use of a vibratory roller within seven (7) feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the commercial building to the north may result in architectural damage. Mitigation measures limiting the use of vibratory rollers and bulldozers along the northern property line would reduce potential impacts. Mitigation measures are presented in Section 7 of this report. Vibration worksheets are provided in Appendix G.



#### **CEQA CHECKLIST**

Would the project result in:

a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

#### **Construction Noise Impacts**

Construction noise will result in temporary increases in ambient noise levels. This impact is considered significant if this increase is in excess of standards established in the City's General Plan or Noise Ordinance. Construction noise sources are regulated within the City of Torrance Section 46.3.1. Section 46.3.1(a) prohibits construction activities involving the creation of noise beyond 50 decibels (db) as measured at property lines, except between the hours of 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM Monday through Friday and 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM on Saturdays. Construction shall be prohibited on Sundays and Holidays observed by City Hall. Furthermore, per Section 46.3.1(d), properties zoned as commercial, industrial or within an established redevelopment District, are exempted from the above day and hour restrictions if a minimum buffer of 300 feet is maintained from the subject property's property line to the closest residential property. The Community Development Director, may, however, revoke such exemption for a particular project if the noise level exceeds 50 decibels (db) at the property line of a residential property beyond the 300 linear foot buffer.

The proposed project is that of an industrial use; however, residential uses are located approximately 200 feet west of the western boundary of the project site. Therefore, the above listed day and hour restrictions in Section 46.3.1 of the City's Municipal Code would apply. Project compliance with Section 46.3.1(a) of the City's Municipal Code will result in less than significant impacts. Measures to further reduce construction noise are presented in Section 7 of this report.

#### Noise Impacts to Proposed Industrial Uses

The City of Torrance General Plan identifies interior noise levels of up to 55 dBA CNEL and exterior noise levels of up to 75 dBA CNEL are considered acceptable for industrial uses (see Table 3).

Roadways that may generate enough traffic noise under buildout conditions to affect the proposed industrial use include West 190th Street. The City of Torrance General Plan identifies West 190th Street as a Major Arterial roadway. Per the Programmatic Traffic Impact Study prepared for the County of Los Angeles General Plan Update and the Complete Streets Design Guide, Major Highways (6-lane) have a daily roadway capacity of 54,000, and an approximate LOS C of 40,500.<sup>5</sup> As posted, a speed of 45 miles per hour was utilized for modeling purposes. Neither the City of Torrance nor the County of Los Angeles have vehicle mix data published for use in noise studies, so vehicle/truck mixes and D/E/N splits for use in acoustical studies published by the Riverside County Department of Industrial Hygiene were utilized for noise modeling. Existing Plus Project vehicle mixes were calculated by adding the proposed project trips to existing conditions.

FHWA modeling was conducted to calculate noise levels associated with buildout vehicle traffic noise from West 190th Street. Exterior future buildout traffic noise levels could reach up to approximately 74.7 dBA CNEL at the proposed industrial building, approximately 135 feet north of the roadway. Modeling spreadsheets are presented in Appendix E.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The County's Programmatic Traffic Study was utilized as the City does not have buildout average daily vehicle trips available for use in acoustical studies.



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The exterior noise levels at the proposed project site are anticipated to fall within the City's acceptable standards for industrial land uses. Impacts related to future traffic noise impacts to the proposed project would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

#### Off-Site Project Generated Vehicle Noise Impacts

The proposed project is anticipated to generate 1,417 average daily trips (PCE) with 222 trips during the AM peak hour and 253 trips during the PM peak hour.

For purposes of this project, increases in ambient noise along affected roadways due to project generated vehicle traffic is considered substantial if they result in an increase of at least 5 dBA CNEL and: (1) the existing noise levels already exceed the applicable land use compatibility standard for the affected sensitive receptors set forth in the Noise Element of the City's General Plan; or (2) the project increases noise levels by at least 5 dBA CNEL and raises the ambient noise level from below the applicable standard to above the applicable standard.

In order to quantify the project's contribution to existing ambient noise levels, existing traffic noise levels, and worst-case project generated traffic noise levels were modeled utilizing the FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model - FHWA-RD-77-108, for all road segments affected by project generated vehicle noise. Traffic noise levels were calculated at the right of way from the centerline of the analyzed roadway. The modeling is theoretical and does not take into account any existing barriers, structures, and/or topographical features that may further reduce noise levels. Therefore, the levels are shown for comparative purposes only to show the difference in with and without project conditions. Roadway input parameters including average daily traffic volumes (ADTs), speeds, and vehicle distribution data is shown in Table 7.

As shown in Table 8, modeled Existing traffic noise levels range between 52-78 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment; and the modeled Existing Plus Project traffic noise levels range between 56-78 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment.

All modeled roadway segments are anticipated to change the noise a nominal amount (between approximately 0.01 to 3.52 dBA CNEL). Therefore, a change in noise level would not be audible and would be considered less than significant. Project generated vehicle traffic would not substantially increase ambient noise levels. No mitigation is required.

#### **On-Site Operational Noise**

Peak hour project operational noise is expected to reach up to 54.9 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at nearby church uses and 54.2 dBA  $L_{eq}$  at nearby residential land uses. The existing measured daytime noise level was 66.4 dBA  $L_{eq}$  and the lowest nearby nighttime noise measurement was 54.1. Peak hour project operation may result in an increase of less than 1 dBA at the closest residential receptors and of up to 2.6 dBA at the closest church receptors. Impacts would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?

Table 10 identifies various vibration velocity levels for typical construction equipment.

#### Annoyance to Persons

The primary effect of perceptible vibration is often a concern. However, secondary effects, such as the rattling of a china cabinet, can also occur, even when vibration levels are well below perception. Any effect (primary perceptible vibration, secondary effects, or a combination of the two) can lead to annoyance. The degree to which a person is annoyed depends on the activity in which they are participating at the time of the disturbance. For example, someone sleeping or reading will be more sensitive than someone who is running on a treadmill. Reoccurring primary and secondary vibration effects often lead people to believe that the



vibration is damaging their home, although vibration levels are well below minimum thresholds for damage potential. As shown in Table 4 vibration can be annoying to people in buildings at a PPV of 0.20.

The closest off-site structure is the existing commercial building located approximately 10 feet north of the project site (at the northeastern corner of the project site). At 10 feet, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.830 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.352. Caution should be utilized if a vibratory roller, or other similar vibratory equipment, is utilized within 16 feet and a bulldozer is utilized within five feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the commercial building located to the north of the project site.

At 50 feet, which is the distance to the next closest off-site building, the church and commercial uses to the east of the project site, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.074 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.031. Use of either a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would not be considered annoying to receptors to the east.

At 60 feet, which is the distance to the closest commercial uses to the west of the project site, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.056 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.024. Use of either a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would not be considered annoying to receptors to the west.

#### **Architectural Damage**

Vibration generated by construction activity generally has the potential to damage structures. This damage could be structural damage, such as cracking of floor slabs, foundations, columns, beams, or wells, or cosmetic architectural damage, such as cracked plaster, stucco, or tile. Table 4 identifies a PPV levels between 0.4 and 0.6 as vibration levels greater than normally expected from traffic, but may cause "architectural" damage and possible minor structural damage.

The only receptor with the potential of architectural damage as a result of the construction of the proposed project would be the commercial building located approximately 10 feet north of the northern property line of the project site. Due to the proximity of the adjacent commercial building to the north, use of a vibratory roller within seven (7) feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the commercial office building to the north may result in architectural damage. Mitigation measures limiting the use of vibratory rollers and bulldozers along the northern property line would reduce potential impacts.

With incorporation of mitigation in Section 7 of this report, potential impacts would be reduced to less than significant levels.

c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

The proposed project is not located within two miles of an airport. Furthermore, the nearest airport to the project site is the Torrance Municipal Airport, located approximately 3.5 miles to the southwest of the proposed project site. Per the Los Angeles County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) the project site falls well outside of the Airport Influence Area for this airport. Therefore, aircraft noise associated with the Torrance Municipal Airport is not considered to be a source that contributes to the ambient noise levels on the project site. The proposed project would not expose persons residing or working within the area to excessive noise levels from aircraft. (Los Angeles County Airport Land Use Commission 2003)



Table 5 (1 of 2)
CA/T Equipment Noise Emissions and Acoustical Usage Factor Database

Equipment Description	Impact Device?	Acoustical Use Factor (%)	Spec. Lmax @ 50ft (dBA, slow)	Actual Measured Lmax @ 50ft (dBA, slow)	No. of Actual Data Samples (Count)
All Other Equipment > 5 HP	No	50	85	-N/A-	0
Auger Drill Rig	No	20	85	84	36
Backhoe	No	40	80	78	372
Bar Bender	No	20	80	-N/A-	0
Blasting	Yes	-N/A-	94	-N/A-	0
Boring Jack Power Unit	No	50	80	83	1
Chain Saw	No	20	85	84	46
Clam Shovel (dropping)	Yes	20	93	87	4
Compactor (ground)	No	20	80	83	57
Compressor (air)	No	40	80	78	18
Concrete Batch Plant	No	15	83	-N/A-	0
Concrete Mixer Truck	No	40	85	79	40
Concrete Pump Truck	No	20	82	81	30
Concrete Saw	No	20	90	90	55
Crane	No	16	85	81	405
Dozer	No	40	85	82	55
Drill Rig Truck	No	20	84	79	22
Drum Mixer	No	50	80	80	1
Dump Truck	No	40	84	76	31
Excavator	No	40	85	81	170
Flat Bed Truck	No	40	84	74	4
Forklift <sup>2,3</sup>	No	50	n/a	61	n/a
Front End Loader	No	40	80	79	96
Generator	No	50	82	81	19
Generator (<25KVA, VMS signs)	No	50	70	73	74
Gradall	No	40	85	83	70
Grader	No	40	85	-N/A-	0
Grapple (on backhoe)	No	40	85	87	1
Horizontal Boring Hydr. Jack	No	25	80	82	6
Hydra Break Ram	Yes	10	90	-N/A-	0
Impact Pile Driver	Yes	20	95	101	11
Jackhammer	Yes	20	85	89	133
Man Lift	No	20	85	75	23
Mounted Impact hammer (hoe ram)	Yes	20	90	90	212
Pavement Scarafier	No	20	85	90	2
Paver	No	50	85	77	9
Pickup Truck	No	50	85	77	9
Paving Equipment	No	50	85	77	9
Pneumatic Tools	No	50	85	85	90



Table 5 (2 of 2)
CA/T Equipment Noise Emissions and Acoustical Usage Factor Database

Equipment Description	Impact Device?	Acoustical Use Factor (%)	Spec. Lmax @ 50ft (dBA, slow)	Actual Measured Lmax @ 50ft (dBA, slow)	No. of Actual Data Samples (Count)
Pumps	No	50	77	81	17
Refrigerator Unit	No	100	82	73	3
Rivit Buster/chipping gun	Yes	20	85	79	19
Rock Drill	No	20	85	81	3
Roller	No	20	85	80	16
Sand Blasting (Single Nozzle)	No	20	85	96	9
Scraper	No	40	85	84	12
Shears (on backhoe)	No	40	85	96	5
Slurry Plant	No	100	78	78	1
Slurry Trenching Machine	No	50	82	80	75
Soil Mix Drill Rig	No	50	80	-N/A-	0
Tractor	No	40	84	-N/A-	0
Vacuum Excavator (Vac-truck)	No	40	85	85	149
Vacuum Street Sweeper	No	10	80	82	19
Ventilation Fan	No	100	85	79	13
Vibrating Hopper	No	50	85	87	1
Vibratory Concrete Mixer	No	20	80	80	1
Vibratory Pile Driver	No	20	95	101	44
Warning Horn	No	5	85	83	12
Welder/Torch	No	40	73	74	5

#### Notes:



<sup>(1)</sup> Source: FHWA Roadway Construction Noise Model User's Guide January 2006.

<sup>(2)</sup> Warehouse & Forklift Noise Exposure - NoiseTesting.info Carl Stautins, November 4, 2014 http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/carl-strautins/page-3/

<sup>(3)</sup> Data provided Leq as measured at the operator. Sound Level at 50 feet is calculated using Inverse Square Law.

Table 6 Construction Noise Levels ( $L_{eq}$ )

Phase	Receptor Location	Existing Ambient Noise Levels <sup>1</sup> (Leq)	Unmitigated Construction Noise Levels <sup>2</sup> (Leq)	Combined Noise Levels (Leq)	Increase (dB)	Reduction with Mitigation <sup>3</sup> (dB)	Mitigated Construction Noise Levels (Leq)	Mitigated Existing Plus Construction Noise Levels (Leq)	Mitigated Increase in Ambient Noise Levels (Leq)
	North	57.7	74.0	74.1	16.4	10	64.0	64.9	7.2
	Northeast	52.3	77.5	77.5	25.2	10	67.5	67.6	15.3
Demolition	East	52.3	75.6	75.6	23.3	10	65.6	65.8	13.5
	West - Commercial	57.7	62.9	64.0	6.3	10	52.9	58.9	1.2
	West - Residential	66.4	61.5	67.6	1.2	10	51.5	66.5	0.1
	North	57.7	71.9	72.1	14.4	10	61.9	63.3	5.6
	Northeast	52.3	71.0	71.1	18.8	10	61.0	61.5	9.2
Site Preparation	East	52.3	66.9	67.0	14.7	10	56.9	58.2	5.9
Герагацоп	West - Commercial	57.7	66.8	67.3	9.6	10	56.8	60.3	2.6
	West - Residential	66.4	63.8	68.3	1.9	10	53.8	66.6	0.2
	North	57.7	72.9	73.0	15.3	10	62.9	64.0	6.3
	Northeast	52.3	72.1	72.1	19.8	10	62.1	62.5	10.2
Grading	East	52.3	67.9	68.0	15.7	10	57.9	59.0	6.7
	West - Commercial	57.7	67.8	68.2	10.5	10	57.8	60.8	3.1
	West - Residential	66.4	64.9	68.7	2.3	10	54.9	66.7	0.3
	North	57.7	72.0	72.2	14.5	10	62.0	63.4	5.7
	Northeast	52.3	71.2	71.3	19.0	10	61.2	61.7	9.4
Building Construction	East	52.3	67.0	67.1	14.8	10	57.0	58.3	6.0
Constituction	West - Commercial	57.7	66.9	67.4	9.7	10	56.9	60.3	2.6
	West - Residential	66.4	64.0	68.4	2.0	10	54.0	66.6	0.2
	North	57.7	67.8	68.2	10.5	10	57.8	60.8	3.1
	Northeast	52.3	67.0	67.1	14.8	10	57.0	58.3	6.0
Paving	East	52.3	62.8	63.2	10.9	10	52.8	55.6	3.3
	West - Commercial	57.7	62.7	63.9	6.2	10	52.7	58.9	1.2
	West - Residential	66.4	59.7	67.2	0.8	10	49.7	66.5	0.1
	North	57.7	60.5	62.3	4.6	10	50.5	58.5	0.8
	Northeast	52.3	59.6	60.3	8.0	10	49.6	54.2	1.9
Architectural Coating	East	52.3	55.4	57.1	4.8	10	45.4	53.1	0.8
Coating	West - Commercial	57.7	55.4	59.7	2.0	10	45.4	57.9	0.2
	West - Residential	66.4	52.4	66.6	0.2	10	42.4	66.4	0.0

<sup>(3)</sup>This reduction can be verified by measuring on-site equipment or by special ordering mufflers to meet reduction requirement, or by providing sheilding/acoustic tent that provides a 20 dB reduction. See Appendix D.



<sup>(1)</sup> Per measured existing ambient noise levels. STNM1 was used for receptors to the northeast and east, STNM2 for the receptors to the north and the commercial receptors to the west, & STNM3 was used for the residential receptors to the west.

<sup>(2)</sup> Construction noise worksheets are provided in Appendix D.

Table 7
Project Average Daily Traffic Volumes and Roadway Parameters

		Average Daily	Traffic Volume <sup>1</sup>			
Roadway	Segment	Existing	Existing Plus Existing Project		Site Conditions	
182nd Street	Crenshaw Blvd to I-405 Northbound Ramps	27,800	28,400	35	Hard	
102IId Street	East of I-405 Northbound Ramps	15,500	15,800	35	Hard	
	West of Crenshaw Blvd	33,200	33,300	45	Hard	
	Crenshaw Blvd to Crenshaw Place	32,900	34,000	45	Hard	
	Crenshaw Place to Project Dwy No. 1	33,200	34,200	45	Hard	
190th Street	Project Dwy No. 1 to Project Dwy No. 2	32,700	33,500	45	Hard	
190til Street	Project Dwy No. 2 to Van Ness Ave	32,600	33,500	45	Hard	
	Van Ness Ave to I-405 Southbound Ramps	31,900	32,800	45	Hard	
	I-405 Southbound Ramps to Western Ave	33,600	34,300	45	Hard	
	East of Western Ave	28,500	28,600	45	Hard	
	North of 182nd St	27,500	27,800	40	Hard	
	182nd St to I-405 Southbound Ramps	37,600	38,500	40	Hard	
Crenshaw Boulevard	I-405 Southbound Ramps to Crenshaw Place	44,200	45,500	40	Hard	
Boule val a	Crenshaw Place to 190th St	41,700	42,400	49	Hard	
	South of 190th St	40,000	40,200	45	Hard	
Van Ness Avenue	North of 190th St	20,200	20,400	35	Hard	
van Ness Avenue	South of 190th St	19,000	19,100	35	Hard	
	North of I-405 Northbound Ramps	27,400	27,500	45	Hard	
Western Avenue	I-405 Northbound Ramps to 190th St	36,500	36,800	45	Hard	
	South of 190th St	34,800	35,000	45	Hard	
	Crenshaw Blvd to Project Dwy No. 3	400	900	25	Hard	
Crenshaw Place	Project Dwy No. 3 to Project Dwy No. 4	1,400	1,500	25	Hard	
	Project Dwy No. 4 to 190th St	1,400	1,500	25	Hard	

Vehicle Distribution (Light Mix) <sup>2</sup>							
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)				
Automobiles	75.56	13.96	10.49				
Medium Trucks	48.91	2.17	48.91				
Heavy Trucks	47.30	5.41	47.30				

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Mix) <sup>2</sup>							
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)				
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43				
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00				
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00				

 $<sup>(2) \ {\</sup>sf Existing \ vehicle \ percentages \ are \ based \ on \ the \ Riverside \ County \ Industrial \ Hygiene \ Letter \ for \ Traffic \ Noise.}$ 



<sup>(1)</sup> Average daily traffic volumes calculated from the Existing and Project PM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes provided in the 2555 W. 190th Street Warehouse/Manufacturing Project Traffic Impact Analysis, Linscott Law & Greenspan Engineers. (July 29, 2019).

Table 8
Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project (dBA CNEL)

			Modeled Noise Levels (dBA CNEL) <sup>1</sup>						
Roadway	Segment	Distance from roadway centerline to right-of-way (feet) <sup>2</sup>	Existing Without Project at right-of-way	Existing Plus Project at right-of-way	Change in Noise Level	Exceeds Standards <sup>3</sup>	Increase of 5 dB or More		
400 101 1	Crenshaw Blvd to I-405 Northbound Ramps	47	76.08	76.18	0.10	Yes	No		
182nd Street	East of I-405 Northbound Ramps	47	73.55	73.63	0.08	Yes	No		
	West of Crenshaw Blvd	61	77.26	77.27	0.01	Yes	No		
	Crenshaw Blvd to Crenshaw Place	61	77.22	77.36	0.14	Yes	No		
	Crenshaw Place to Project Dwy No. 1	61	77.26	77.38	0.12	Yes	No		
40011 61 1	Project Dwy No. 1 to Project Dwy No. 2	61	77.19	77.29	0.10	Yes	No		
190th Street	Project Dwy No. 2 to Van Ness Ave	61	77.18	77.29	0.11	Yes	No		
	Van Ness Ave to I-405 Southbound Ramps	61	77.08	77.20	0.12	Yes	No		
	I-405 Southbound Ramps to Western Ave	61	77.31	77.40	0.09	Yes	No		
	East of Western Ave	61	76.59	76.61	0.02	Yes	No		
	North of 182nd St	61	75.70	75.75	0.05	Yes	No		
	182nd St to I-405 Southbound Ramps	61	77.06	77.16	0.10	Yes	No		
Crenshaw Boulevard	I-405 Southbound Ramps to Crenshaw Place	61	77.76	77.89	0.13	Yes	No		
Dodicvard	Crenshaw Place to 190th St	61	77.51	77.58	0.07	Yes	No		
	South of 190th St	61	78.06	78.09	0.03	Yes	No		
Van Ness	North of 190th St	47	74.70	74.74	0.04	Yes	No		
Avenue	South of 190th St	47	74.43	74.45	0.02	Yes	No		
	North of I-405 Northbound Ramps	61	76.42	76.44	0.02	Yes	No		
Western Avenue	I-405 Northbound Ramps to 190th St	61	77.67	77.70	0.03	Yes	No		
Avenue	South of 190th St	61	77.46	77.48	0.02	Yes	No		
	Crenshaw Blvd to Project Dwy No. 3	30	52.34	55.86	3.52	No	No		
Crenshaw Place	Project Dwy No. 3 to Project Dwy No. 4	30	57.78	58.08	0.30	No	No		
I IUCE	Project Dwy No. 4 to 190th St	30	57.78	58.08	0.30	No	No		



<sup>(1)</sup> Exterior noise levels calculated 5 feet above pad elevation, perpendicular to subject roadway.

<sup>(2)</sup> Distance from the roadway centerline to the roadway ROW. ROW distances were estimated based on the Road Cross Section Diagram, Figure CI-1, in the City of Torrance General Plan (April 2010).

<sup>(3)</sup> Per the City of Torrance normally acceptable standard for low-density residential dwelling units of 60 dBA CNEL (see Table 3).

Table 9
Comparison of Existing and Project Operational Noise Levels

Receiver Location <sup>1</sup>	Existing Measured Noise Levels	Proposed Project Operation	Project Generated Increase
1	52.3	54.9	2.6
2	57.7	61	3.3
3	66.4	54.2	0.0



<sup>(1)</sup> Receiver locations and modeled operational noise levels are shown on Figure 6.

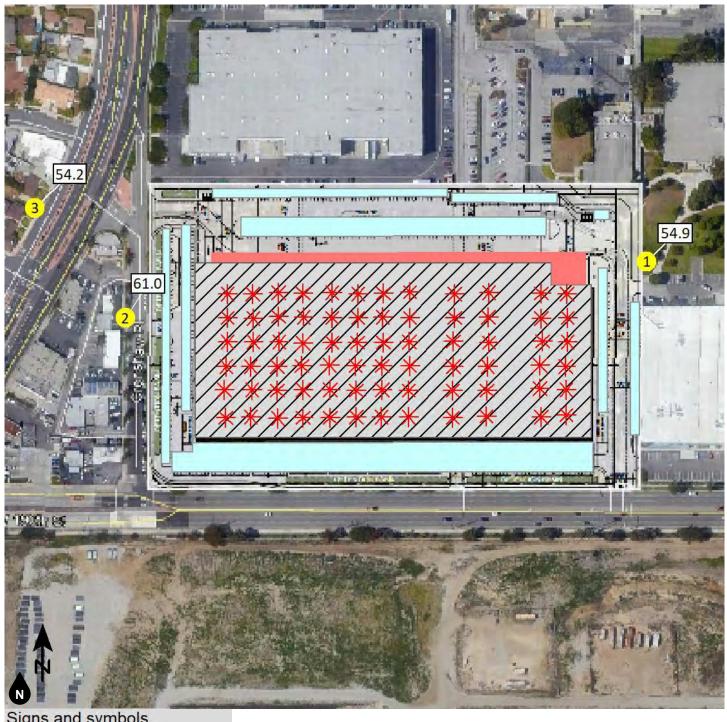
Table 10
Construction Equipment Vibration Source Levels

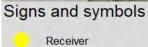
Equipme	nt	PPV at 25 ft, in/sec	Approximate Lv* at 25 ft
Pile Driver (impact)	upper range	1.518	112
Pile Driver (impact)	typical	0.644	104
Pile Driver (sonic)	upper range	0.734	105
Pile Driver (sonic)	typical	0.170	93
clam shovel drop (slurry wall)		0.202	94
Lludromill (clurry wall)	in soil	0.008	66
Hydromill (slurry wall)	in rock	0.017	75
Vibratory Roller		0.210	94
Hoe Ram		0.089	87
Large Bulldozer		0.089	87
Caisson Drilling		0.089	87
Loaded Trucks		0.076	86
Jackhammer		0.035	79
Small Bulldozer		0.003	58

Source: Federal Transit Administration: Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual, 2018.



<sup>\*</sup>RMS velocity in decibels, VdB re 1 micro-in/sec





\* HVAC

Loading/Unloading
Parking lot

Sound Level tables (dBA Leq)

3 193518 2 583508 3 173 9.8 Level tables

Figure 6 Operational Noise Levels Peak Hour



### 7. MEASURES TO REDUCE IMPACTS

### **CONSTRUCTION NOISE REDUCTION MEASURES**

In addition to adherence to the City of Torrance Municipal Code, which limits the construction hours of operation, the following measures are recommended to reduce construction noise and vibrations, emanating from the proposed project:

- 1. During all project site excavation and grading on-site, construction contractors shall equip all construction equipment, fixed or mobile, with properly operating and maintained mufflers.
- 2. The contractor shall place all stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from the noise sensitive receptors nearest the project site.
- 3. Equipment shall be shut off and not left to idle when not in use.
- 4. The contractor shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.
- 5. Jackhammers, concrete saws, pneumatic equipment and all other portable stationary noise sources shall be shielded and noise shall be directed away from sensitive receptors.
- 6. The construction contractor shall limit haul truck deliveries to the same hours specified for construction equipment.
- 7. Caution should be utilized if vibratory equipment such as vibratory rollers, or other similar vibratory equipment, are utilized within 16 feet or large bulldozers within five (5) feet of the portion of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the existing commercial building.
- 8. The use of vibratory equipment such vibratory rollers, or other similar vibratory equipment, is prohibited within seven (7) feet of the northern property line that lies adjacent to the existing commercial building.



### 8. REFERENCES

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1987 Noise Control for Buildings and Manufacturing Plants.

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Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations (California Department of Transportation Experiences), Technical Advisory, Vibration TAV-02-01-R9601. February 20.

### **Environmental Protection Agency**

"Information on Levels of Environmental Noise Requisite to Protect Public Health And Welfare with an Adequate Margin of Safety," EPA/ONAC 550/9-74-004, March, 1974.

### Federal Transit Administration

- 2006 Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. Typical Construction Equipment Vibration Emissions. FTAVA-90-1003-06.
- 2018 Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. Typical Construction Equipment Vibration Emissions.

### Ganddini Group, Inc.

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### Harris, Cyril M.

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### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A List of Acronyms

Appendix B Glossary

Appendix C Noise Measurement Field Worksheet

Appendix D Construction Noise Calculations

Appendix E Project Generated Trips FHWA Worksheets

Appendix F SoundPLAN Input and Results

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# APPENDIX A LIST OF ACRONYMS

Term	Definition
ADT	Average Daily Traffic
ANSI	American National Standard Institute
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CNEL	Community Noise Equivalent Level
D/E/N	Day / Evening / Night
dB	Decibel
dBA or dB(A)	Decibel "A-Weighted"
dBA/DD	Decibel per Double Distance
dBA L <sub>eq</sub>	Average Noise Level over a Period of Time
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
L02,L08,L50,L90	A-weighted Noise Levels at 2 percent, 8 percent, 50 percent, and 90 percent, respectively, of
	the time period
DNL	Day-Night Average Noise Level
L <sub>eq(x)</sub>	Equivalent Noise Level for "x" period of time
Leq	Equivalent Noise Level
L <sub>max</sub>	Maximum Level of Noise (measured using a sound level meter)
L <sub>min</sub>	Minimum Level of Noise (measured using a sound level meter)
LOS C	Level of Service C
OPR	California Governor's Office of Planning and Research
PPV	Peak Particle Velocities
RCNM	Road Construction Noise Model
REMEL	Reference Energy Mean Emission Level
RMS	Root Mean Square

APPENDIX B
GLOSSARY

Term	Definition
Ambient Noise Level	The all-encompassing noise environment associated with a given environment, at a specified time, usually a composite of sound from many sources, at many directions, near and far, in which usually no particular sound is dominant.
A-Weighted Sound Level, dBA	The sound level obtained by use of A-weighting. The A-weighting filter de-emphasizes the very low and very high frequency components of the sound in a manner similar to the frequency response of the human ear.
CNEL	Community Noise Equivalent Level. CNEL is a weighted 24-hour noise level that is obtained by adding five decibels to sound levels in the evening (7:00 PM to 10:00 PM), and by adding ten decibels to sound levels at night (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM). This weighting accounts for the increased human sensitivity to noise during the evening and nighttime hours.
Decibel, dB	A logarithmic unit of noise level measurement that relates the energy of a noise source to that of a constant reference level; the number of decibels is 10 times the logarithm (to the base 10) of this ratio.
DNL, Ldn	Day Night Level. The DNL, or Ldn is a weighted 24-hour noise level that is obtained by adding ten decibels to sound levels at night (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM). This weighting accounts for the increased human sensitivity to noise during the nighttime hours.
Equivalent Continuous Noise Level, L <sub>eq</sub>	A level of steady state sound that in a stated time period, and a stated location, has the same A-weighted sound energy as the time-varying sound.
Fast/Slow Meter Response	The fast and slow meter responses are different settings on a sound level meter. The fast response setting takes a measurement every 100 milliseconds, while a slow setting takes one every second.
Frequency, Hertz	In a function periodic in time, the number of times that the quantity repeats itself in one second (i.e., the number of cycles per second).
Lo2, Lo8, L50, L90	The A-weighted noise levels that are equaled or exceeded by a fluctuating sound level, 2 percent, 8 percent, 50 percent, and 90 percent of a stated time period, respectively.
Lmax, Lmin	L <sub>max</sub> is the RMS (root mean squared) maximum level of a noise source or environment measured on a sound level meter, during a designated time interval, using fast meter response. L <sub>min</sub> is the minimum level.
Offensive/ Offending/ Intrusive Noise	The noise that intrudes over and above the existing ambient noise at a given location. The relative intrusiveness of sound depends on its amplitude, duration, frequency, and time of occurrence, and tonal information content as well as the prevailing ambient noise level.
Root Mean Square (RMS)	A measure of the magnitude of a varying noise source quantity. The name derives from the calculation of the square root of the mean of the squares of the values. It can be calculated from either a series of lone values or a continuous varying function.

# APPENDIX C NOISE MEASUREMENT FIELD WORKSHEET

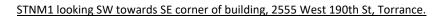
## Noise Measurement Field Data

Project Name:		190th Street Warehouse Project, City of Torrand		<b>Date:</b> May 16, 2020			
Project #:		19260					
Noise Measureme	nt #:	STNM1			Technician:	lan Gallagher	
Nearest Address o	r Cross Street:	2549 West 190th Street, Torrance, California	Run Time: ( 1 x 15 minutes)				
Site Description (T	ype of Existing L	and Use and any other notable features):	Project site: Commercial buildi	ng, asphalt parki	ng lots, trees a	and planted areas.	
Noise Measureme	nt Site: Project Si	e to west, commercial parking lot/building to sou	ith, grass area to east, and grass	area to north wit	h commercial	uses further north.	
Weather:	Slight high clou	d, slightly filtered sun, otherwise clear skies.	_	Settings:	SLOW	FAST	
Temperature:	75 deg F	<b>Wind:</b> 5-10mph	Humidity: 49%	Terrain:	Flat		
Start Time:	1:01 PM	End Time: 1:16 PM	<u>-</u>	Run Time:			
Leq	: 52.3	_dB Primary Noise Source	: Families enjoying the park/gar	den like area sur	rounding STNI	M1 location.	
Lma	<b>x</b> 61.5	_dB					
Ľ	<b>2</b> 57.6	dB Secondary Noise Sources	: Traffic ambiance from 190th St	(South), 405 Fre	eway (North)	& Crenshaw Blvd	
L	<b>8</b> 54.6	dB	(West). Overhead propeller aircraft. Bird song.				
L2	<b>5</b> 52.3	dB					
LS	51.3	_dB					
NOISE METER:	SoundTrack LX	Class 1	CALIBRATOR:	Larson Davis CA	AL250		
MAKE:	Larson Davis		MAKE:	Larson Davis			
MODEL:	LXT1		MODEL:	Cal 250			
SERIAL NUMBER:	3099		SERIAL NUMBER:	2733			
FACTORY CALIBRA	TION DATE:	4/9/2020	FACTORY CALIBRATION DATE: 4/2/2020				
FIELD CALIBRATION DATE:		5/16/2020					



### PHOTOS:







STNM1 ( under tree ) looking NW across park like area.



Summary
File Name on Meter LxT\_Data.385

File Name on PC SLM\_0003099\_LxT\_Data\_385.00.ldbin

Serial Number0003099ModelSoundTrack LxT®Firmware Version2.402

**User** Ian Edward Gallagher

**Location** STNM1 Ganddini JN 19260 33°51'35.04"N 1 18°19'22.69"W

**Job Description** 15 minute noise measurement

Measurement

 Start
 2020-05-16 13:01:30

 Stop
 2020-05-16 13:16:30

 Duration
 00:15:00.0

 Run Time
 00:15:00.0

 Pause
 00:00:00.0

 Pre Calibration
 2020-05-16 13:01:14

 Post Calibration
 None

Overall Settings

**RMS Weight** A Weighting **Peak Weight** Z Weighting **Detector** Slow PRMLxT1L Preamp **Microphone Correction** Off **Integration Method** Linear **OBA Range** Low **OBA Bandwidth** 1/1 and 1/3 Z Weighting **OBA Freq. Weighting OBA Max Spectrum** Bin Max Overload 122.8 dB

Results

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{LAeq} & & 52.3 \\ \textbf{LAE} & & 81.8 \\ \textbf{EA} & & 16.850 \ \mu \text{Pa}^2 \text{h} \\ \textbf{EA8} & & 539.208 \ \mu \text{Pa}^2 \text{h} \\ \textbf{EA40} & & 2.696 \ \text{mPa}^2 \text{h} \\ \end{array}$ 

 LZpeak (max)
 2020-05-16 13:06:56 101.1 dB

 LASmax
 2020-05-16 13:08:20 61.5 dB

 LASmin
 2020-05-16 13:03:09 49.0 dB

-99.9 dB

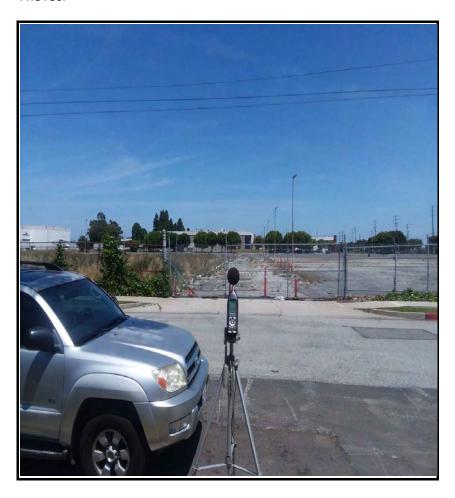
Statistics **LCeq** 66.4 dB LAI2.00 57.6 dB 52.3 dB LAI8.00 54.6 dB LAeq LCeq - LAeq 14.1 dB LAI25.00 52.3 dB 55.1 dB LAI50.00 51.3 dB LAleq LAea 52.3 dB LAI66.60 50.8 dB LAleq - LAeq 2.8 dB LAI90.00 50.0 dB # Overloads 0

## Noise Measurement Field Data

Project Name:		190th Street Warehouse Project, City		<b>Date:</b> May 16, 2020				
Project #:		19260						
Noise Measureme	nt #:	STNM2				Technician:	Ian Gallagher	
Nearest Address o	Cross Street:	18801 Crenshaw Pl, Torrance, Califo	rnia Run T	ime: ( 1 x 15 minutes)				
Site Description (T	pe of Existing L	and Use and any other notable featur	es):	Project site: Commercial buildi	lding, asphalt parking lots, trees and planted areas.			
Noise Measuremer	nt Site: Commerc	cial uses to west, Crenshaw Place to ea	st, and proje	ect site further east.				
Weather:	Slight high clou	d, slightly filtered sun, otherwise clear	skies.		Settings:	SLOW	FAST	
Temperature:	75 deg F	Wind: _	5-10mph	Humidity: 49%	Terrain: _F	lat		
Start Time:	1:57 PM	End Time:	2:12 PM	_	Run Time:			
Leq	57.7	dB Primary No	oise Source:	11 vehicles passed microphone	e along Crenshaw	Pl during 15	minute	
Lmax	73.8	_dB		measurement.				
L2	67.7	dB Secondary No	ise Sources:	Traffic ambiance from 190th St	(South), 405 Free	eway (North)	& Crenshaw Blvd	
L8	59.7	_dB		(West). Overhead propeller airc	craft. Bird song. B	reeze througl	n palm leaves.	
L25	54.5	_dB						
L50	52.5	_dB						
NOISE METER:	SoundTrack LX	T Class 1		CALIBRATOR:	Larson Davis CA	L250		
MAKE:	Larson Davis			MAKE:	Larson Davis			
MODEL:	LXT1			MODEL:	Cal 250			
SERIAL NUMBER:	3099	9		SERIAL NUMBER:	2733			
FACTORY CALIBRA	TION DATE:	4/9/2020		FACTORY CALIBRATION DATE:	E: 4/2/2020			
FIELD CALIBRATION DATE: 5/16/2020								



### PHOTOS:



STNM2 looking East across Crenshaw Pl and parking lots towards building, 2555 West 190th Street, Torrance.



STNM2 looking NW towards building, 18801 Crenshaw Pl, Torrance.



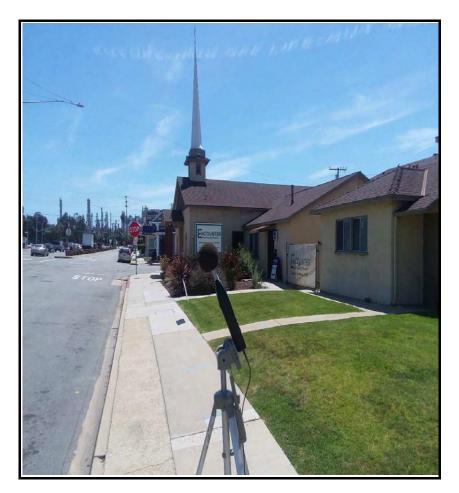
Summary **File Name on Meter** LxT Data.387 File Name on PC SLM\_0003099\_LxT\_Data\_387.00.ldbin **Serial Number** 0003099 Model SoundTrack LxT® **Firmware Version** 2.402 User Ian Edward Gallagher Location STNM2 Ganddini JN 19260 33°51'33.86"N 118°19'35.63"W **Job Description** 15 minute noise measurement (1 x 15 minutes) Measurement 2020-05-16 13:57:53 Start Stop 2020-05-16 14:12:53 Duration 00:15:00.0 **Run Time** 00:15:00.0 Pause 00:00:00.0 **Pre Calibration** 2020-05-16 13:57:38 **Post Calibration** None **Overall Settings RMS Weight** A Weighting **Peak Weight** Z Weighting **Detector** Slow **Preamp** PRMLxT1L **Microphone Correction** Off **Integration Method** Linear **OBA Range** Low **OBA Bandwidth** 1/1 and 1/3 **Z** Weighting **OBA Freq. Weighting** Bin Max **OBA Max Spectrum** Overload 122.7 dB Results LAeq 57.7 LAE 87.2 EΑ 58.683 μPa<sup>2</sup>h EA8 1.878 mPa2h 9.389 mPa2h **EA40** 2020-05-16 14:03:36 102.7 dB LZpeak (max) **LAS**max 2020-05-16 14:03:53 73.8 dB **LAS**min 2020-05-16 14:08:24 48.7 dB **SEA** -99.9 **dB Statistics** LAI2.00 **LCeq** 70.2 dB 67.7 dB LAeq 57.7 dB LAI8.00 59.7 dB LCeq - LAeq 12.6 dB LAI25.00 54.5 dB LAlea 59.6 dB LAI50.00 52.5 dB LAeq 57.7 dB LAI66.60 51.7 dB LAleq - LAeq 1.9 dB LA190.00 50.5 dB # Overloads 0

## Noise Measurement Field Data

Project Name:		190th Street Warehouse Project, City of Torrance				<b>Date:</b> May 16, 2020		
Project #:		19260						
Noise Measureme	nt #:	STNM3				Technician:	lan Gallagher	
Nearest Address o	r Cross Street:	18749 Crenshaw Boulevard, Torrance	e, California	Run Time: (1 x 15 minutes)				
Site Description (Ty	ype of Existing L	and Use and any other notable feature	es):	Project site: Commercial buildi	ng, asphalt parki	ng lots, trees a	and planted areas.	
Noise Measuremer	nt Site: Single-far	nily residential dwelling unit to northw	est, Church	to southwest, Crenshaw Boulev	ard to east, and	commercial us	e further north.	
Weather:	Slight high clou	d, slightly filtered sun, otherwise clear	skies.	_	Settings:	SLOW	FAST	
Temperature:	75 deg F	Wind: _	5-10mph	Humidity: 49%	Terrain:	Flat		
Start Time:	2:30 PM	End Time:	2:45 PM	_	Run Time:			
Leq	66.4	_dB Primary No	oise Source:	576 Vehicles passiedmicropho	ne along Crensha	w Blvd during	15 minute	
Lmax	74.9	_dB		measurement.				
L2	. 71.0	_dB Secondary No	ise Sources:	Traffic ambiance from 190th St	(South) & 405 Fr	eeway (North	).	
L8	69.4	_dB		Overhead propeller aircraft. Bir	d song. Breeze tl	nrough palm le	eaves.	
L25	67.7	_dB						
L50	65.7	_dB						
NOISE METER:	SoundTrack LXT	Class 1		CALIBRATOR:	Larson Davis CA	L250		
MAKE:	Larson Davis			MAKE:	Larson Davis			
MODEL:	LXT1			MODEL:	Cal 250			
SERIAL NUMBER:	3099			SERIAL NUMBER:	2733			
FACTORY CALIBRATION DATE: 4/		4/9/2020		FACTORY CALIBRATION DATE:	ON DATE: 4/2/2020			
FIELD CALIBRATION DATE: 5/16/2020								



### PHOTOS:





STNM3 looking SW towards building, 18749 Crenshaw Blvd, Torrance.

STNM3 looking SE across Crenshaw Blvd towards building, 18750 Crenshaw Blvd, Torrance.



Summary **File Name on Meter** LxT Data.388 File Name on PC SLM\_0003099\_LxT\_Data\_388.00.ldbin **Serial Number** 0003099 Model SoundTrack LxT® **Firmware Version** 2.402 User Ian Edward Gallagher Location STNM3 Ganddini JN 19260 33°51'36.04"N 118°19'37.77"W **Job Description** 15 minute noise measurement (1 x 15 minutes) Measurement 2020-05-16 14:30:12 Start Stop 2020-05-16 14:45:12 Duration 00:15:00.0 **Run Time** 00:15:00.0 Pause 00:00:00.0 **Pre Calibration** 2020-05-16 14:27:53 **Post Calibration** None Overall Settings **RMS Weight** A Weighting **Peak Weight Z** Weighting **Detector** Slow Preamp PRMLxT1L **Microphone Correction** Off **Integration Method** Linear **OBA Range** Low **OBA Bandwidth** 1/1 and 1/3 **OBA Freq. Weighting Z** Weighting **OBA Max Spectrum** Bin Max Overload 122.7 dB Results LAeq 66.4 LAE 95.9 EΑ 434.644 μPa<sup>2</sup>h EA8 13.909 mPa<sup>2</sup>h **EA40** 69.543 mPa<sup>2</sup>h 2020-05-16 14:36:23 108.0 dB LZpeak (max) 74.9 dB **LAS**max 2020-05-16 14:32:39 **LAS**min 2020-05-16 14:35:31 54.9 dB **SEA** -99.9 dB Statistics LAI2.00 **LCeq** 75.5 dB 71.0 dB LAeq 66.4 dB LAI8.00 69.4 dB LCeq - LAeq 9.1 dB LA125.00 67.7 dB LAlea 67.1 dB LAI50.00 65.7 dB LAeq 66.4 dB LAI66.60 64.0 dB 0.7 dB LAleq - LAeq LA190.00 60.2 dB

0

# Overloads

## Noise Measurement Field Data

Project Name:		190th Street Warehouse Project, City of Torra	nce		Date:	May 16-17, 2020
Project #:		19260				
Noise Measureme	nt #:	LTNM1			Technician:	lan Gallagher
Nearest Address o	Cross Street:	2555 West 190th Street, Torrance, California	Run Time: ( 15 x 1 hours)			
Noise Measrement	Site: Taken with	nd Use and any other notable features): n project site, with existing commercial buildir Street further south, commercial use further	-	lots to be demol	ished surround	ing measurement site
Weather:	Slight high cloud	l, slightly filtered sun, otherwise clear skies.		Settings:	SLOW	FAST
Temperature:	75-62 deg F	<b>Wind:</b> 5-12mp	h <b>Humidity:</b> 49-70%	Terrain:	Flat	
Start Time:	5:00 PM	End Time: 8:02 Af	<u>//</u>	Run Time:		
Leq	57.8	_dB Primary Noise Sour	ce: Traffic ambiance from 190th St	(South), 405 Fre	eway (North),	Crenshaw Blvd
Lmax	72.7	dB	(West) & other surrounding roa	ads.		
L2	62.6	dB Secondary Noise Source	es: Overhead aircraft, bird song, b	reeze through lea	aves on trees.	
L8	60.8	dB	Parking lot activity from various	s people using er	npty parking lo	ot.
L25	58.8	dB				
L50	56.8	dB				
NOISE METER:	SoundTrack LXT	Class 1	CALIBRATOR:	Larson Davis C	AL250	
MAKE:	Larson Davis		MAKE:	Larson Davis		
MODEL:	LXT1		MODEL:	Cal 250		
SERIAL NUMBER:	3099		SERIAL NUMBER:	2733		
FACTORY CALIBRA	TION DATE:	4/9/2020	FACTORY CALIBRATION DATE:	4/2/2020		
FIELD CALIBRATION	N DATE:	5/16/2020				



### PHOTOS:





LTNM1 looking at microphone disguised into bush.

LTNM1 looking E passed building, 2555 West 190th Street, Torrance, California.



Summary

File Name on Meter

File Name on PC

SLM\_0003099\_LxT\_Data\_389.00.ldbin

Serial Number

0003099

Model

SoundTrack LxT®

Firmware Version

LxT\_Data\_389.00.ldbin

School SundTrack LxT®

2.402

User Ian Edward Gallagher
Location LTNM1 Ganddini JN 19260

**Job Description** 15 hour noise measurement (15 x 1 hours )

Measurement

 Start
 2020-05-16 17:00:00

 Stop
 2020-05-17 17:00:00

 Duration
 15:02:39.1

 Run Time
 15:02:39.1

 Pause
 00:00:00.0

 Pre Calibration
 2020-05-16 15:56:36

 Post Calibration
 None

Overall Settings

**RMS Weight** A Weighting **Peak Weight** A Weighting **Detector** Slow PRMLxT1L Preamp **Microphone Correction** Off **Integration Method** Linear **OBA Range** Normal **OBA Bandwidth** 1/1 and 1/3 **OBA Freq. Weighting** A Weighting **OBA Max Spectrum** Bin Max **Overload** 122.7 dB

Results

**LAeq** 57.8 **LAE** 105.1

**EA** 3.598 mPa<sup>2</sup>h **EA8** 1.913 mPa<sup>2</sup>h **EA40** 9.567 mPa<sup>2</sup>h

 LApeak (max)
 2020-05-17 05:30:35
 91.6 dB

 LASmax
 2020-05-16 19:10:46
 72.7 dB

 LASmin
 2020-05-17 07:38:51
 49.2 dB

**SEA** -99.9 dB

Statistics **LCeq** 68.3 dB LAI2.00 62.6 dB LAeq 57.8 dB LA18.00 60.8 dB LCeq - LAeq 10.6 dB LAI25.00 58.8 dB LAleq 58.4 dB LAI50.00 56.8 dB LAeq 57.8 dB LA190.00 52.9 dB LAleg - LAeg 0.6 dB LA199.00 51.2 dB # Overloads 0

Apx - 18

Record #	Date	Time	Run Duration	Run Time	Pause	LAeq	LAE	LASmin	LASmin Time	LASmax	LASmax Time	LAS2.00	LAS8.00	LAS25.00	LAS50.00	LAS90.00	LAS99.00
1	2020-05-16	17:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	60.3	95.8	55.2	17:52:22	71.0	17:43:19	64.2	62.4	60.9	59.5	57.7	56.3
2	2020-05-16	18:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	60.1	95.7	54.9	18:52:43	72.3	18:26:21	64.0	62.6	60.8	59.4	57.3	56.2
3	2020-05-16	19:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	60.0	95.6	55.4	19:49:48	72.7	19:10:46	63.6	62.2	60.7	59.4	57.5	56.4
4	2020-05-16	20:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	59.3	94.8	55.1	20:28:19	67.3	20:32:19	63.0	61.6	60.0	58.6	56.9	55.8
5	2020-05-16	21:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	58.5	94.1	54.5	21:22:04	69.0	21:37:51	62.0	60.5	59.1	57.9	56.4	55.4
6	2020-05-16	22:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	59.4	95.0	54.2	22:59:06	72.2	22:42:32	62.5	61.3	60.1	59.1	56.2	55.0
7	2020-05-16	23:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	57.8	93.3	54.1	23:54:07	69.8	23:51:08	61.4	59.8	58.3	57.2	55.6	54.7
8	2020-05-17	00:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	57.1	92.7	53.6	00:58:46	65.0	00:31:02	60.7	59.1	57.5	56.6	55.3	54.3
9	2020-05-17	01:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	56.8	92.3	53.0	01:11:51	71.5	01:35:49	60.0	58.4	57.2	56.3	55.0	54.2
10	2020-05-17	02:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	54.8	90.4	51.8	02:14:11	61.2	02:08:34	58.7	56.7	55.3	54.1	52.9	52.3
11	2020-05-17	03:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	55.2	90.7	51.4	03:01:38	60.0	03:33:10	57.5	56.5	55.8	55.0	53.6	52.3
12	2020-05-17	04:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	54.2	89.7	49.6	04:58:29	69.7	04:53:24	57.6	56.3	54.7	53.0	51.4	50.2
13	2020-05-17	05:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	54.1	89.7	50.3	05:00:40	63.1	05:15:15	58.7	56.5	54.5	53.2	51.7	50.9
14	2020-05-17	06:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	55.5	91.1	51.2	06:05:48	69.3	06:47:01	60.3	58.2	55.9	54.4	52.5	51.7
15	2020-05-17	07:00:00	01:00:00.0	01:00:00.0	00:00:00.0	55.7	91.2	49.2	07:38:51	69.4	07:36:55	60.9	58.6	56.0	54.1	51.9	50.2
16	2020-05-17	08:00:00	00:02:39.0	00:02:39.0	00:00:00.0	55.4	77.4	50.4	08:00:25	62.0	08:02:34	61.2	59.2	56.4	53.3	50.9	50.5
17	2020-05-17	17:00:00	00:00:00.1	00:00:00.1	00:00:00.0	57.4	47.4	57.6	17:00:00	57.7	17:00:00	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.6	57.6	57.6

# APPENDIX D CONSTRUCTION NOISE CALCULATIONS

					Receptor - Indus	strial to North				
Construction Phase Equipment Item	# of Items	Item Lmax at 50 feet, dBA <sup>1, 2</sup>	Distance to Receptor <sup>3</sup>	Item Usage Percent	Usage Factor	Receptor Item Lmax, dBA	Receptor Item Leq, dBA	Required Mitigation	Mitigated Noise Level	Reduction (dBA Leq)
Demolition										
Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	90	240	20	0.20	76.4	69.4		59.4	
Excavators	3	85	240	40	0.4	71.4	67.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	57.4	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	240	40	0.80	71.4	70.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	60.4	10.0
						Log Sum	74.0		64.0	
Site Preparation										
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	84	300	40	1.20	68.4	69.2	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	59.2	
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	300	40	0.80	69.4	68.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	58.5	10.0
						Log Sum	71.9		61.9	
Grading										
Excavators	2	85	300	40	0.4	69.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	
Grader	1	85	300	40	0.40	69.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	i
Rubber Tired Dozers	1	85	300	40	0.40	69.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	10.0
Scrapers	2	85	300	40	0.40	69.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	84	300	40	0.80	68.4	67.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	57.5	i
						Log Sum	72.9		62.9	
Building Construction										
Cranes	1	83	300	16	0.16	67.4	59.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	49.5	
Forklifts <sup>2</sup>	4	64	300	40	1.60	48.4	50.5	n/a	50.5	
Generator Set	2	81	300	50	1.00	65.4	65.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	55.4	0.1
Welders	1	74	300	40	0.40	58.4	54.5	n/a	54.5	9.1
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	84	300	40	1.60	68.4	70.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	60.5	
						Log Sum	72.0		62.9	i
Paving										
Pavers	2	77	300	50	1.00	61.4	61.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	51.4	
Paving Equipment	2	85	300	20	0.40	69.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	10.0
Rollers	2	80	300	20	0.40	64.4	60.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.5	10.0
	•	•	•	•		Log Sum	67.8		57.8	1
Architectural Coating										
Air Compressors	1	80	300	40	0.40	64.4	60.5	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	50.5	10.0
						Log Sum	60.5		50.5	10.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Referenced noise levels from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (September 2018) and the FHWA RoadwayConstruction Noise Model User's Guide (January 2006)

 $<sup>(2)</sup> Source: https://www.google.com/url?q-http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/warehouse-forklift-workplace-noise-levels/\&sa=D&source=hangouts&us+1545259247311000&usg=AFQjCNHFcKKoEKUjv5VZMOtw_KO977Em1A$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Distance to receptor calculated from center of site. Construction noise projected from the center of the project site to nearest sensitive use (structure).

				Red	eptor - Comme	rcial to Northeast				
Construction Phase Equipment Item	# of Items	Item Lmax at 50 feet, dBA <sup>1, 2</sup>	Distance to Receptor <sup>3</sup>	Item Usage Percent	Usage Factor	Receptor Item Lmax, dBA	Receptor Item Leg, dBA	Required Mitigation	Mitigated Noise Level	Reduction (dBA Leg)
Demolition		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								,
Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	90	160	20	0.20	79.9	72.9		62.9	
Excavators	3	85	160	40	0.4	74.9	70.9	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	60.9	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	160	40	0.80	74.9	73.9	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	63.9	10.0
						Log Sum	77.5		67.5	l
Site Preparation										
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	84	330	40	1.20	67.6	68.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	58.4	
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	330	40	0.80	68.6	67.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	57.6	10.0
						Log Sum	71.0		61.0	i
Grading										
Excavators	2	85	330	40	0.4	68.6	64.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	i
Grader	1	85	330	40	0.40	68.6	64.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	
Rubber Tired Dozers	1	85	330	40	0.40	68.6	64.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	10.0
Scrapers	2	85	330	40	0.40	68.6	64.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	i
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	84	330	40	0.80	67.6	66.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	56.6	l
D. 11 . C						Log Sum	72.1		62.1	<del>                                     </del>
Building Construction			330		0.17		50.7	M (10 10 0 1 11 1	40.7	<del></del>
Cranes Forklifts <sup>2</sup>	1	83		16	0.16	66.6	58.7	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	48.7	i
	-	64	330	40	1.60	47.6	49.7	n/a	49.7	i
Generator Set	2	81	330	50	1.00	64.6	64.6	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	9.1
Welders	1	74	330 330	40	0.40	57.6	53.6	n/a	53.6	i
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	84	330	40	1.60	67.6 Log Sum	69.7 71.2	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	59.7 62.1	i
Paving						LOG SUITI	/ 1.2		02.1	
Pavers	2	77	330	50	1.00	60.6	60.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.6	
Paving Equipment	2	85	330	20	0.40	68.6	64.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.6	
Rollers	2	80	330	20	0.40	63.6	59.6	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	49.6	10.0
		•			•	Log Sum	67.0		57.0	i
Architectural Coating						•				
Air Compressors	1	80	330	40	0.40	63.6	59.6	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	49.6	10.0

10.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Referenced noise levels from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (September 2018) and the FHWA RoadwayConstruction Noise Model User's Guide (January 2006)

 $<sup>(2)</sup> Source: https://www.google.com/uri?q=http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/warehouse-forklift-workplace-noise-levels/\&sa=D&source=hangouts&ust=1545259247311000&usg=AFQjCNHFcKKoEKUjv5VZMOtw_KO977Em1A$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Distance to receptor calculated from center of site. Construction noise projected from the center of the project site to nearest sensitive use (structure).

					Receptor - Com	mercial to East				
Construction Phase Equipment Item	# of Items	Item Lmax at 50 feet, dBA <sup>1, 2</sup>	Distance to Receptor <sup>3</sup>	Item Usage Percent	Usage Factor	Receptor Item Lmax, dBA	Receptor Item Leq, dBA	Required Mitigation	Mitigated Noise Level	Reduction (dBA Leq)
Demolition										
Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	90	200	20	0.20	78.0	71.0		61.0	
Excavators	3	85	200	40	0.4	73.0	69.0	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	59.0	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	200	40	0.80	73.0	72.0	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	62.0	10.0
						Log Sum	75.6		65.6	
Site Preparation										
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	84	535	40	1.20	63.4	64.2	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.2	
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	535	40	0.80	64.4	63.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	53.4	10.0
						Log Sum	66.9		56.9	
Grading										
Excavators	2	85	535	40	0.4	64.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Grader	1	85	535	40	0.40	64.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	1	85	535	40	0.40	64.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Scrapers	2	85	535	40	0.40	64.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	84	535	40	0.80	63.4	62.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	52.4	
						Log Sum	67.9		57.9	
Building Construction										
Cranes	1	83	535	16	0.16	62.4	54.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	44.5	
Forklifts <sup>2</sup>	4	64	535	40	1.60	43.4	45.5	n/a	45.5	
Generator Set	2	81	535	50	1.00	60.4	60.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	9.1
Welders	1	74	535	40	0.40	53.4	49.4	n/a	49.4	9.1
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	84	535	40	1.60	63.4	65.5	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.5	
						Log Sum	67.0		57.9	
Paving										
Pavers	2	77	535	50	1.00	56.4	56.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	46.4	
Paving Equipment	2	85	535	20	0.40	64.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	10.0
Rollers	2	80	535	20	0.40	59.4	55.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	45.4	10.0
						Log Sum	62.8		52.8	
Architectural Coating										
Air Compressors	1	80	535	40	0.40	59.4	55.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	45.4	10.0
						Log Sum	55.4		45.4	10.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Referenced noise levels from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (September 2018) and the FHWA RoadwayConstruction Noise Model User's Guide (January 2006)

 $<sup>(2)</sup> Source: https://www.google.com/url?q-http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/warehouse-forklift-workplace-noise-levels/&sa=D&source=hangouts&ust=1545259247311000&usg=AFQjCNHFcKKoEKUjv5VZMOtw_KO977Em1A$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Distance to receptor calculated from center of site. Construction noise projected from the center of the project site to nearest sensitive use (structure).

				ŀ	keceptor - Comr	nercial to vvest				
Construction Phase Equipment Item	# of Items	Item Lmax at 50 feet, dBA <sup>1, 2</sup>	Distance to Receptor <sup>3</sup>	Item Usage Percent	Usage Factor	Receptor Item Lmax, dBA	Receptor Item Leq, dBA	Required Mitigation	Mitigated Noise Level	Reduction (dBA Lec
Demolition										
Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	90	865	20	0.20	65.2	58.2		48.2	
Excavators	3	85	865	40	0.4	60.2	56.3	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	46.3	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	865	40	0.80	60.2	59.3	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	49.3	10.0
						Log Sum	62.9		52.9	
Site Preparation										
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	84	540	40	1.20	63.3	64.1	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	54.1	
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	540	40	0.80	64.3	63.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	53.4	10.0
						Log Sum	66.8		56.8	
Grading										
xcavators	2	85	540	40	0.4	64.3	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Grader	1	85	540	40	0.40	64.3	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	1	85	540	40	0.40	64.3	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Scrapers	2	85	540	40	0.40	64.3	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	
Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	84	540	40	0.80	63.3	62.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	52.4	
						Log Sum	67.8		57.8	
Building Construction										
Cranes	1	83	540	16	0.16	62.3	54.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	44.4	
Forklifts <sup>2</sup>	4	64	540	40	1.60	43.3	45.4	n/a	45.4	
Generator Set	2	81	540	50	1.00	60.3	60.3	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	50.3	
Velders	1	74	540	40	0.40	53.3	49.4	n/a	49.4	9.1
Fractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	84	540	40	1.60	63.3	65.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	55.4	
	•		•			Log Sum	66.9		57.8	
Paving										
Pavers	2	77	540	50	1.00	56.3	56.3	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	46.3	
Paving Equipment	2	85	540	20	0.40	64.3	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	40.0
Rollers	2	80	540	20	0.40	59.3	55.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	45.4	10.0
	•	•	•	•		Log Sum	62.7		52.7	
Architectural Coating										
Air Compressors	1	80	540	40	0.40	59.3	55.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	45.4	40.0
	•	•	•	•	•	Log Sum	55.4		45.4	10.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Referenced noise levels from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (September 2018) and the FHWA RoadwayConstruction Noise Model User's Guide (January 2006)

 $<sup>(2)</sup> Source: https://www.google.com/url?q-http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/warehouse-forklift-workplace-noise-levels/\&sa=D&source=hangouts&us+1545259247311000&usg=AFQjCNHFcKKoEKUjv5VZMOtw_KO977Em1A$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Distance to receptor calculated from center of site. Construction noise projected from the center of the project site to nearest sensitive use (structure).

				F	Receptor - Resid	ential to West				
Construction Phase Equipment Item	# of Items	Item Lmax at 50 feet, dBA <sup>1, 2</sup>	Distance to Receptor <sup>3</sup>	Item Usage Percent	Usage Factor	Receptor Item Lmax, dBA	Receptor Item Leq, dBA	Required Mitigation	Mitigated Noise Level	Reduction (dBA Leq)
Demolition										
Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	90	1010	20	0.20	63.9	56.9		46.9	
Excavators	3	85	1010	40	0.4	58.9	54.9	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	44.9	10.0
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	1010	40	0.80	58.9	57.9	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.9	10.0
						Log Sum	61.5		51.5	
Site Preparation										
Fractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	84	760	40	1.20	60.4	61.2	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	51.2	
Rubber Tired Dozers	2	85	760	40	0.80	61.4	60.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	50.4	10.0
						Log Sum	63.8		53.8	
Grading										
Excavators	2	85	760	40	0.4	61.4	57.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	
Grader	1	85	760	40	0.40	61.4	57.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	
Rubber Tired Dozers	1	85	760	40	0.40	61.4	57.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	10.0
Scrapers	2	85	760	40	0.40	61.4	57.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	
Fractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	84	760	40	0.80	60.4	59.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	49.4	
Building Construction						Log Sum	64.9		54.9	
Dranes	1	83	760	16	0.16	59.4	51.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	41.4	
orklifts <sup>2</sup>	4	64	760	40	1.60	40.4	42.4	n/a	42.4	
Generator Set	2	81	760	50	1.00	57.4	57.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	
Welders	1	74	760	40	0.40	50.4	46.4	n/a	46.4	9.1
Fractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	84	760	40	1.60	60.4	62.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	52.4	
						Log Sum	64.0		54.8	
Paving										
Pavers	2	77	760	50	1.00	53.4	53.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	43.4	
Paving Equipment	2	85	760	20	0.40	61.4	57.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	47.4	10.0
Rollers	2	80	760	20	0.40	56.4	52.4	Muffler (10 dB Reduction)	42.4	10.0
						Log Sum	59.7		49.7	
Architectural Coating			1	•			•			
Air Compressors	1	80	760	40	0.40	56.4	52.4	Enclosure or Acoustic Tent (10 dB Reduction)	42.4	10.0

10.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Referenced noise levels from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (September 2018) and the FHWA RoadwayConstruction Noise Model User's Guide (January 2006)

 $<sup>(2)</sup> Source: https://www.google.com/uri?q=http://www.noisetesting.info/blog/warehouse-forklift-workplace-noise-levels/\&sa=D&source=hangouts&ust=1545259247311000&usg=AFQjCNHFcKKoEKUjv5VZMOtw_KO977Em1A$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> Distance to receptor calculated from center of site. Construction noise projected from the center of the project site to nearest sensitive use (structure).

# APPENDIX E PROJECT GENERATED TRIPS FHWA WORKSHEETS

### **Existing Traffic Noise**

1 :ld

182nd Street :Road Crenshaw Boulevard to Interstate 405 :Segment

Northbound Ramps

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)										
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow							
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00							
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00							
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00							

ADT 27800 35 Speed Distance 47 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

	Daytime				Evening		Night			
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	
INPUT PARAMETERS										
Vehicles per hour	1610.01	33.36	55.60	1195.25	5.56	9.27	296.40	46.33	77.22	
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
NOISE CALCULATIONS										
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	
ADJUSTMENTS										
Flow	26.32	9.49	11.70	25.03	1.70	3.92	18.97	10.91	13.13	
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	
LEQ	66.63	59.51	66.95	65.34	51.73	59.17	59.28	60.94	68.38	
	DAY LEQ	70.19		EVENING LEQ	66.43		NIGHT LEQ	69.53		

F CNE	L 76.08	Day hour	89.00
DAY LEG	70.19	Absorptive?	no
		Use hour?	no
		GRADE dB	0.00

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



### **Existing Plus Project Traffic Noise**

**1** :ld

182nd Street :Road
Crenshaw Boulevard to Interstate 405
Northbound Ramps :Segm

:Road :Segment

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)											
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow								
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00								
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00								
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00								

ADT 28400
Speed 35
Distance 47
Left Angle -90
Right Angle 90

	Daytime				Evening		Night			
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	
INPUT PARAMETERS										
Vehicles per hour	1644.76	34.08	56.80	1221.05	5.68	9.47	302.79	47.33	78.89	
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
NOISE CALCULATIONS										
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	
ADJUSTMENTS										
Flow	26.41	9.58	11.80	25.12	1.80	4.02	19.06	11.01	13.22	
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	
LEQ	66.72	59.61	67.04	65.43	51.82	59.26	59.37	61.03	68.47	
	DAY LEQ	70.28		EVENING LEQ	66.52		NIGHT LEQ	69.62		

89.00	Day hour	76.18	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	70.28	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108

(2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**2** :ld

182nd Street :Road

East of Interstate 405 Northbound
Ramps :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00

48.00

2.00

50.00

5.00

Heavy Trucks

ADT 15500

Speed 35

Distance 47

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	897.67	18.60	31.00	666.42	3.10	5.17	165.26	25.83	43.06
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	23.78	6.95	9.17	22.49	-0.83	1.39	16.44	8.38	10.59
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	64.09	56.98	64.41	62.80	49.19	56.63	56.74	58.40	65.84
	DAY LEQ	67.65		EVENING LEQ	63.89		NIGHT LEQ	66.99	

90.00	Day hour	73.55	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	67.65	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
1.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**2** :ld

182nd Street :Road

East of Interstate 405 Northbound
Ramps :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 15800

Speed 35

Distance 47

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	915.04	18.96	31.60	679.32	3.16	5.27	168.46	26.33	43.89
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	23.87	7.03	9.25	22.57	-0.75	1.47	16.52	8.46	10.68
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	64.18	57.06	64.50	62.88	49.28	56.71	56.83	58.49	65.92
	DAY LEQ	67.74		EVENING LEQ	63.97		NIGHT LEQ	67.07	

90.00	Day hour	73.63	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	67.74	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
1.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**3** :ld

190th Street :Road

West of Crenshaw Boulevard :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT	33200
Speed	45
Distance	61
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1922.74	39.84	66.40	1427.42	6.64	11.07	353.97	55.33	92.22
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.00	9.17	11.38	24.71	1.38	3.60	18.65	10.59	12.81
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.41	60.85	67.59	68.12	53.07	59.81	62.06	62.28	69.02
	DAY LEQ	71.96		EVENING LEQ	68.83		NIGHT LEQ	70.52	

91.00	Day hour	77.26	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.96	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
2.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**3** :ld

190th Street

:Segment

:Road

West of Crenshaw Boulevard :Seg

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 33300

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1928.54	39.96	66.60	1431.72	6.66	11.10	355.04	55.50	92.50
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.01	9.18	11.40	24.72	1.40	3.62	18.66	10.60	12.82
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.43	60.87	67.60	68.13	53.09	59.82	62.08	62.29	69.03
	DAY LEQ	71.97		EVENING LEQ	68.85		NIGHT LEQ	70.53	

91.00	Day hour	77.27	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.97	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
2.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**4** :Id

:Road

:Segment

190th Street

Crenshaw Boulevard to Crenshaw

Place

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 32900

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime		Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1905.37	39.48	65.80	1414.52	6.58	10.97	350.77	54.83	91.39
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.96	9.13	11.34	24.67	1.34	3.56	18.61	10.55	12.77
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.37	60.81	67.55	68.08	53.03	59.77	62.02	62.24	68.98
	DAY LEQ	71.92		EVENING LEQ	68.79		NIGHT LEQ	70.48	

92.00	Day hour	77.22	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.92	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
3.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**4** :ld

:Road

:Segment

190th Street

Crenshaw Boulevard to Crenshaw

Place

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 34000

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1969.08	40.80	68.00	1461.82	6.80	11.33	362.50	56.67	94.44
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.10	9.27	11.49	24.81	1.49	3.71	18.76	10.70	12.91
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.52	60.96	67.70	68.22	53.18	59.91	62.17	62.38	69.12
	DAY LEQ	72.06		EVENING LEQ	68.94		NIGHT LEQ	70.62	

92.00	Day hour	77.36	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.06	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
3.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**5** :ld

190th Street :Road

Crenshaw Place to Project Driveway
No. 1 :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle         Daytime %         Evening %         Night %         Total % (           Type         (7 AM - 7 PM)         (7 PM - 10 PM)         (10 PM - 7 AM)         Traffic Flo									
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT	33200
Speed	45
Distance	61
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime				Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1922.74	39.84	66.40	1427.42	6.64	11.07	353.97	55.33	92.22
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.00	9.17	11.38	24.71	1.38	3.60	18.65	10.59	12.81
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.41	60.85	67.59	68.12	53.07	59.81	62.06	62.28	69.02
	DAY LEQ	71.96		EVENING LEQ	68.83		NIGHT LEQ	70.52	

93.00	Day hour	77.26	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.96	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
4.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



5 :ld

:Road

190th Street Crenshaw Place to Project Driveway :Segment No. 1

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow						
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00						
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00						
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00						

ADT 34200 45 Speed Distance 61 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

	Daytime			Evening		Night			
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1980.66	41.04	68.40	1470.42	6.84	11.40	364.63	57.00	95.00
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.13	9.29	11.51	24.84	1.51	3.73	18.78	10.72	12.94
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.54	60.98	67.72	68.25	53.20	59.94	62.19	62.41	69.15
	DAY LEQ	72.09		EVENING LEQ	68.96		NIGHT LEQ	70.65	

93.00	Day hour	77.38	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.09	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
4.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**6** :ld

:Road

:Segment

190th Street
Project Driveway No. 1 to Project
Driveway No. 2

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 32700

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening		Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1893.79	39.24	65.40	1405.93	6.54	10.90	348.64	54.50	90.83
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.94	9.10	11.32	24.64	1.32	3.54	18.59	10.53	12.74
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.35	60.79	67.53	68.05	53.01	59.74	62.00	62.21	68.95
	DAY LEQ	71.89		EVENING LEQ	68.77		NIGHT LEQ	70.46	

94.00	Day hour	77.19	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.89	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
5.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**6** :ld

190th Street
Project Driveway No. 1 to Project
Driveway No. 2

:Road :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 33500

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime		Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1940.12	40.20	67.00	1440.32	6.70	11.17	357.17	55.83	93.06
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.04	9.20	11.42	24.75	1.42	3.64	18.69	10.63	12.85
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.45	60.89	67.63	68.16	53.11	59.85	62.10	62.32	69.06
	DAY LEQ	72.00		EVENING LEQ	68.87		NIGHT LEQ	70.56	

94.00	Day hour	77.29	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.00	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
5.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**7** :ld

190th Street :Road

Project Driveway No. 2 to Van Ness
Avenue :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 32600

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1888.00	39.12	65.20	1401.63	6.52	10.87	347.57	54.33	90.56
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.92	9.09	11.30	24.63	1.30	3.52	18.57	10.51	12.73
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.33	60.77	67.51	68.04	52.99	59.73	61.98	62.20	68.94
	DAY LEQ	71.88		EVENING LEQ	68.75		NIGHT LEQ	70.44	

95.00	Day hour	77.18	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.88	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
6.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**7** :ld

:Road

:Segment

190th Street
Project Driveway No. 2 to Van Ness
Avenue

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 33500

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime		Evening			Night			
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	
INPUT PARAMETERS										
Vehicles per hour	1940.12	40.20	67.00	1440.32	6.70	11.17	357.17	55.83	93.06	
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
NOISE CALCULATIONS										
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	
ADJUSTMENTS										
Flow	26.04	9.20	11.42	24.75	1.42	3.64	18.69	10.63	12.85	
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	
LEQ	69.45	60.89	67.63	68.16	53.11	59.85	62.10	62.32	69.06	
	DAY LEQ	72.00		EVENING LEQ	68.87		NIGHT LEQ	70.56		

95.00	Day hour	77.29	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.00	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
6.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



8 :ld

190th Street

Van Ness Avenue to Interstate 405

Southbound Ramps

:Road :Segment

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow						
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00						
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00						
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00						

ADT 31900

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime		Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1847.46	38.28	63.80	1371.53	6.38	10.63	340.11	53.17	88.61
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.83	8.99	11.21	24.53	1.21	3.43	18.48	10.42	12.64
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.24	60.68	67.42	67.95	52.90	59.64	61.89	62.11	68.84
	DAY LEQ	71.78		EVENING LEQ	68.66		NIGHT LEQ	70.35	

96.00	Day hour	77.08	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.78	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
7.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



8 :ld

190th Street :Road

Van Ness Avenue to Interstate 405
Southbound Ramps :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 32800

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1899.58	39.36	65.60	1410.23	6.56	10.93	349.71	54.67	91.11
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.95	9.11	11.33	24.65	1.33	3.55	18.60	10.54	12.76
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.36	60.80	67.54	68.07	53.02	59.76	62.01	62.23	68.97
	DAY LEQ	71.90		EVENING LEQ	68.78		NIGHT LEQ	70.47	

96.00	Day hour	77.20	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.90	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
7.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**9** :ld

190th Street :Road

Interstate 405 Southbound Ramps to
Western Avenue :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 92.00 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 3.00 Heavy Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00 5.00

ADT 33600

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1945.91	40.32	67.20	1444.62	6.72	11.20	358.24	56.00	93.33
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.05	9.22	11.44	24.76	1.44	3.65	18.70	10.64	12.86
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.46	60.91	67.64	68.17	53.12	59.86	62.11	62.33	69.07
	DAY LEQ	72.01		EVENING LEQ	68.89		NIGHT LEQ	70.57	

97.00	Day hour	77.31	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.01	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
8.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**9** :ld

190th Street :Road
Interstate 405 Southbound Ramps to
Western Avenue :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)										
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow						
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00						
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00						
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00						

ADT 34300

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

	Daytime				Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1986.45	41.16	68.60	1474.72	6.86	11.43	365.70	57.17	95.28
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.14	9.31	11.53	24.85	1.53	3.74	18.79	10.73	12.95
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.55	61.00	67.73	68.26	53.21	59.95	62.20	62.42	69.16
	DAY LEQ	72.10		EVENING LEQ	68.97		NIGHT LEQ	70.66	

F	CNEL	77.40	Day hour	97.00
D	DAY LEQ	72.10	Absorptive?	no
			Use hour?	no
			GRADE dB	8.00

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



10 :ld 190th Street :Road

East of Western Avenue :Segment

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)										
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow							
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00							
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00							
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00							

ADT 28500

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1650.55	34.20	57.00	1225.35	5.70	9.50	303.86	47.50	79.17
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.34	8.50	10.72	24.04	0.72	2.94	17.99	9.93	12.15
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.75	60.19	66.93	67.46	52.41	59.15	61.40	61.62	68.36
	DAY LEQ	71.29		EVENING LEQ	68.17		NIGHT LEQ	69.86	

98.00	Day hour	76.59	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.29	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
9.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



10 :ld

190th Street :Road

East of Western Avenue :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)										
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow						
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00						
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00						
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00						

ADT	28600
Speed	45
Distance	61
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime				Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	
INPUT PARAMETERS										
Vehicles per hour	1656.34	34.32	57.20	1229.65	5.72	9.53	304.93	47.67	79.44	
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
NOISE CALCULATIONS										
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	
ADJUSTMENTS										
Flow	25.35	8.52	10.74	24.06	0.74	2.95	18.00	9.94	12.16	
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	
LEQ	68.76	60.21	66.94	67.47	52.42	59.16	61.41	61.63	68.37	
	DAY LEQ	71.31		EVENING LEQ	68.19		NIGHT LEQ	69.87		

98.00	Day hour	76.61	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.31	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
9.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



11 :ld

Crenshaw Boulevard

:Road

North of 182nd Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

27500 ADT 40 Speed Distance 61 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

10.00

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1592.64	33.00	55.00	1182.35	5.50	9.17	293.20	45.83	76.39
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.69	8.86	11.08	24.40	1.08	3.30	18.35	10.29	12.50
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	67.12	59.24	66.30	65.83	51.46	58.52	59.77	60.66	67.73
	DAY LEQ	70.11		EVENING LEQ	66.70		NIGHT LEQ	69.05	

Day hour CNEL 75.70 99.00 DAY LEQ 70.11 Absorptive? no Use hour? no GRADE dB

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



11 :ld

Crenshaw Boulevard :Road

North of 182nd Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT	27800
Speed	40
Distance	61
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1610.01	33.36	55.60	1195.25	5.56	9.27	296.40	46.33	77.22
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.74	8.91	11.12	24.45	1.12	3.34	18.39	10.33	12.55
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	67.17	59.28	66.35	65.87	51.50	58.57	59.82	60.71	67.78
	DAY LEQ	70.16		EVENING LEQ	66.75		NIGHT LEQ	69.10	

99.00	Day hour	75.75	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	70.16	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
10.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



12

Crenshaw Boulevard

182nd Street to Interstate 405
Southbound Ramps

:Road :Segment

:ld

	Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow						
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00						
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00						
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00						

ADT	37600
Speed	40
Distance	61
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2177.57	45.12	75.20	1616.60	7.52	12.53	400.88	62.67	104.44
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.05	10.22	12.44	25.76	2.44	4.65	19.70	11.64	13.86
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.48	60.60	67.66	67.19	52.81	59.88	61.13	62.02	69.09
	DAY LEQ	71.47		EVENING LEQ	68.06		NIGHT LEQ	70.41	

0.00	Day hour	77.06	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.47	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)

2.00

50.00

12 :ld Crenshaw Boulevard :Road

:Segment

Heavy Trucks

182nd Street to Interstate 405 Southbound Ramps

Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.54 14.02 10.43 Medium Trucks 48.00 2.00 50.00

48.00

ADT 38500 Speed 40 Distance 61 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2229.69	46.20	77.00	1655.29	7.70	12.83	410.48	64.17	106.94
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.16	10.32	12.54	25.86	2.54	4.76	19.81	11.75	13.97
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.58	60.70	67.76	67.29	52.92	59.98	61.23	62.13	69.19
	DAY LEQ	71.57		EVENING LEQ	68.16		NIGHT LEQ	70.52	

0.00	Day hour	77.16	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.57	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

92.00

3.00

5.00

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**13** :ld

:Road

:Segment

Crenshaw Boulevard
Interstate 405 Southbound Ramps to
Crenshaw Place

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 44200

Speed 40
Distance 61
Left Angle -90
Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2559.80	53.04	88.40	1900.36	8.84	14.73	471.25	73.67	122.78
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.76	10.92	13.14	26.46	3.14	5.36	20.41	12.35	14.56
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.18	61.30	68.36	67.89	53.52	60.58	61.83	62.73	69.79
	DAY LEQ	72.17		EVENING LEQ	68.76		NIGHT LEQ	71.12	

0.00	Day hour	77.76	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.17	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**13** :ld

Crenshaw Boulevard :Road
Interstate 405 Southbound Ramps to
Crenshaw Place :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)								
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow				
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00				
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00				
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00				

ADT 45500

Speed 40

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening Nig			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2635.09	54.60	91.00	1956.26	9.10	15.17	485.11	75.83	126.39
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.88	11.05	13.26	26.59	3.26	5.48	20.53	12.47	14.69
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.31	61.42	68.49	68.01	53.64	60.71	61.96	62.85	69.92
	DAY LEQ	72.30		EVENING LEQ	68.89		NIGHT LEQ	71.24	

0.00	Day hour	77.89	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.30	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**14** :ld

:Road

Crenshaw Boulevard

Crenshaw Place to 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

41700	ADT
40	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

GRADE dB

0.00

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2415.01	50.04	83.40	1792.88	8.34	13.90	444.60	69.50	115.83
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.50	10.67	12.89	26.21	2.89	5.10	20.15	12.09	14.31
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.93	61.05	68.11	67.64	53.26	60.33	61.58	62.47	69.54
	DAY LEQ	71.92		EVENING LEQ	68.51		NIGHT LEQ	70.86	

0.00	Day hour	77.51	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.92	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**14** :ld

:Road

Crenshaw Place to 190th Street :Segment

Crenshaw Boulevard

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 42400

Speed 40
Distance 61
Left Angle -90
Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2455.55	50.88	84.80	1822.97	8.48	14.13	452.06	70.67	117.78
Speed in MPH	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16	67.36	76.31	81.16
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	27.58	10.74	12.96	26.28	2.96	5.18	20.23	12.17	14.38
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.00	61.12	68.18	67.71	53.34	60.40	61.65	62.54	69.61
	DAY LEQ	71.99		EVENING LEQ	68.58		NIGHT LEQ	70.93	

0.00	Day hour	77.58	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.99	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**15** :ld

Crenshaw Boulevard :Road

South of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)				
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00

40000	ADT
45	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2316.56	48.00	80.00	1719.79	8.00	13.33	426.47	66.67	111.11
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.81	9.97	12.19	25.52	2.19	4.41	19.46	11.40	13.62
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	70.22	61.66	68.40	68.93	53.88	60.62	62.87	63.09	69.83
	DAY LEQ	72.77		EVENING LEQ	69.64		NIGHT LEQ	71.33	

0.00	Day hour	78.06	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.77	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



15 :ld

Crenshaw Boulevard :Road

South of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)					
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow	
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00	
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00	
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00	

40200	ADT
45	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2328.14	48.24	80.40	1728.39	8.04	13.40	428.60	67.00	111.67
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.83	10.00	12.21	25.54	2.21	4.43	19.48	11.42	13.64
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	70.24	61.68	68.42	68.95	53.90	60.64	62.89	63.11	69.85
	DAY LEQ	72.79		EVENING LEQ	69.66		NIGHT LEQ	71.35	

0.00	Day hour	78.09	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.79	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



16 :ld

Van Ness Avenue :Road

North of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)					
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow	
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00	
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00	
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00	

ADT	20200
Speed	35
Distance	47
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

		Daytime		Evening			Night	Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	
INPUT PARAMETERS										
Vehicles per hour	1169.86	24.24	40.40	868.49	4.04	6.73	215.37	33.67	56.11	
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
NOISE CALCULATIONS										
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	
ADJUSTMENTS										
Flow	24.93	8.10	10.32	23.64	0.32	2.54	17.59	9.53	11.74	
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	
LEQ	65.24	58.13	65.56	63.95	50.34	57.78	57.89		66.99	
	DAY LEQ	68.80		EVENING LEQ	65.04		NIGHT LEQ	68.14		

0.00	Day hour	74.70	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	68.80	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



16 :ld

Van Ness Avenue :Road

North of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT	20400
Speed	35
Distance	47
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1181.45	24.48	40.80	877.09	4.08	6.80	217.50	34.00	56.67
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	24.98	8.14	10.36	23.68	0.36	2.58	17.63	9.57	11.79
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	65.29	58.17	65.60	63.99	50.39	57.82	57.94	59.60	67.03
	DAY LEQ	68.85		EVENING LEQ	65.08		NIGHT LEQ	68.18	

0.00	Day hour	74.74	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	68.85	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



17 :ld

Van Ness Avenue :Road

South of 190th Street

:Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 19000

Speed 35

Distance 47

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1100.37	22.80	38.00	816.90	3.80	6.33	202.57	31.67	52.78
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	24.67	7.83	10.05	23.38	0.05	2.27	17.32	9.26	11.48
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	64.98	57.86	65.30	63.68	50.08	57.51	57.63	59.29	66.72
	DAY LEQ	68.54		EVENING LEQ	64.77		NIGHT LEQ	67.87	

0.00	Day hour	74.43	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	68.54	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



17 :ld

Van Ness Avenue :Road

South of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT	19100
Speed	35
Distance	47
Left Angle	-90
Right Angle	90

	Daytime			Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1106.16	22.92	38.20	821.20	3.82	6.37	203.64	31.83	53.06
Speed in MPH	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05	65.11	74.83	80.05
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	24.69	7.86	10.07	23.40	0.07	2.29	17.34	9.28	11.50
Distance	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	65.00	57.88	65.32	63.71	50.10	57.54	57.65	59.31	66.75
	DAY LEQ	68.56		EVENING LEQ	64.80		NIGHT LEQ	67.90	

0.00	Day hour	74.45	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	68.56	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



18

:ld

Western Avenue :Road

North of Interstate 405 Northbound
Ramps :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 27400

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1586.84	32.88	54.80	1178.05	5.48	9.13	292.13	45.67	76.11
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.17	8.33	10.55	23.87	0.55	2.77	17.82	9.76	11.98
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.58	60.02	66.76	67.28	52.24	58.98	61.23	61.45	68.18
	DAY LEQ	71.12		EVENING LEQ	68.00		NIGHT LEQ	69.69	

0.00	Day hour	76.42	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.12	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108



**18** :ld

Western Avenue :Road

North of Interstate 405 Northbound
Ramps :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)								
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow				
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00				
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00				
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00				

27500	ADT
45	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

	Daytime Evening				Night				
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	1592.64	33.00	55.00	1182.35	5.50	9.17	293.20	45.83	76.39
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	25.18	8.35	10.57	23.89	0.57	2.78	17.83	9.77	11.99
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	68.59	60.04	66.77	67.30	52.25	58.99	61.24	61.46	68.20
	DAY LEQ	71.14		EVENING LEQ	68.02		NIGHT LEQ	69.70	

0.00	Day hour	76.44	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	71.14	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**19** :ld

Western Avenue :Road
Interstate 405 Northbound Ramps to
190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)								
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow				
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00				
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00				
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00				

ADT 36500

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

	Daytime Evening				Night				
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2113.86	43.80	73.00	1569.31	7.30	12.17	389.15	60.83	101.39
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.41	9.58	11.80	25.12	1.80	4.01	19.06	11.00	13.22
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.82	61.27	68.00	68.53	53.48	60.22	62.47	62.69	69.43
	DAY LEQ	72.37		EVENING LEQ	69.24		NIGHT LEQ	70.93	

0.00	Day hour	77.67	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.37	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



**19** :ld

Western Avenue :Road
Interstate 405 Northbound Ramps to
190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow					
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

36800	ADT
45	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

		Daytime		Evening			Night		
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2131.24	44.16	73.60	1582.20	7.36	12.27	392.35	61.33	102.22
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.45	9.61	11.83	25.15	1.83	4.05	19.10	11.04	13.26
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.86	61.30	68.04	68.57	53.52	60.26	62.51	62.73	69.47
	DAY LEQ	72.40		EVENING LEQ	69.28		NIGHT LEQ	70.97	

0.00	Day hour	77.70	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.40	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



## **Existing Traffic Noise**

20 :ld

Western Avenue :Road

South of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime %         Evening %         Night %         Total % of (7 AM - 7 PM)         (7 PM - 10 PM)         (10 PM - 7 AM)         Traffic Flow								
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

ADT 34800

Speed 45

Distance 61

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2015.41	41.76	69.60	1496.21	6.96	11.60	371.03	58.00	96.67
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.21	9.37	11.59	24.91	1.59	3.81	18.86	10.80	13.01
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.62	61.06	67.80	68.32	53.28	60.01	62.27	62.48	69.22
	DAY LEQ	72.16		EVENING LEQ	69.04		NIGHT LEQ	70.73	

0.00	Day hour	77.46	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.16	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108

(2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



## **Existing Plus Project Traffic Noise**

20 :ld

Western Avenue :Road

South of 190th Street :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Heavy Truck Mix)									
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime %         Evening %         Night %         Total % o           (7 AM - 7 PM)         (7 PM - 10 PM)         (10 PM - 7 AM)         Traffic Flo								
Automobiles	75.54	14.02	10.43	92.00					
Medium Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	3.00					
Heavy Trucks	48.00	2.00	50.00	5.00					

35000	ADT
45	Speed
61	Distance
-90	Left Angle
90	Right Angle

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	2026.99	42.00	70.00	1504.81	7.00	11.67	373.16	58.33	97.22
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	26.23	9.39	11.61	24.94	1.61	3.83	18.88	10.82	13.04
Distance	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93	-0.93
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	69.64	61.08	67.82	68.35	53.30	60.04	62.29	62.51	69.25
	DAY LEQ	72.19		EVENING LEQ	69.06		NIGHT LEQ	70.75	

0.00	Day hour	77.48	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	72.19	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside heavy truck mix.



## **Existing Traffic Noise**

**21** :ld

:Road

:Segment

Crenshaw Place Crenshaw Boulevard to Project Driveway No. 3

Vehicle Distribution (Light Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.56 13.96 10.49 97.40 Medium Trucks 48.91 2.17 48.91 1.84 Heavy Trucks 47.30 5.41 47.30 0.74

ADT 400

Speed 25

Distance 30

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	24.53	0.30	0.12	18.13	0.05	0.05	4.54	0.40	0.16
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	9.61	-9.51	-13.62	8.30	-17.02	-17.01	2.29	-8.26	-12.37
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	46.20	38.72	40.77	44.89	31.21	37.38	38.87	39.97	42.02
	DAY LEQ	47.86		EVENING LEQ	45.75		NIGHT LEQ	45.26	

0.00	Day hour	52.34	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	47.86	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light truck mix.



## **Existing Plus Project Traffic Noise**

5.41

47.30

21 :ld

:Road

:Segment

Crenshaw Place Crenshaw Boulevard to Project Driveway No. 3

Vehicle Distribution (Light Truck Mix) Motor-Vehicle Night % Total % of Daytime % Evening % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.56 13.96 10.49 Medium Trucks 48.91 2.17 48.91 Heavy Trucks

47.30

ADT 900 Speed 25 Distance 30 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	55.20	0.67	0.26	40.79	0.12	0.12	10.22	0.90	0.35
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	13.13	-5.99	-10.09	11.82	-13.50	-13.49	5.81	-4.74	-8.84
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	49.72	42.24	44.30	48.41	34.73	40.90	42.40	43.49	45.54
	DAY LEQ	51.38		EVENING LEQ	49.27		NIGHT LEQ	48.78	

0.00	Day hour	55.86	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	51.38	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

97.40

1.84

0.74

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light truck mix.



## **Existing Traffic Noise**

**22** :ld

Crenshaw Place :Road

Project Driveway No. 3 to Project
Driveway No. 4 :Segment

Vehicle Distribution (Light Truck Mix) Night % Motor-Vehicle Evening % Total % of Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM) Type (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.56 13.96 10.49 97.40 Medium Trucks 48.91 48.91 2.17 1.84 Heavy Trucks 47.30 5.41 47.30 0.74

ADT 1400
Speed 25
Distance 30
Left Angle -90
Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	85.86	1.05	0.41	63.45	0.19	0.19	15.89	1.40	0.54
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	15.05	-4.07	-8.17	13.74	-11.58	-11.57	7.73	-2.82	-6.93
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	51.64	44.16	46.21	50.33	36.65	42.82	44.32	45.41	47.46
	DAY LEQ	53.30		EVENING LEQ	51.19		NIGHT LEQ	50.70	

0.00	Day hour	57.78	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	53.30	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108

(2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light truck mix.



#### **Existing Plus Project Traffic Noise**

**22** :ld

:Road

:Segment

Crenshaw Place
Project Driveway No. 3 to Project
Driveway No. 4

Vehicle Distribution (Light Truck Mix) Night % Motor-Vehicle Evening % Total % of Daytime % Type (7 AM - 7 PM) (7 PM - 10 PM) (10 PM - 7 AM) Traffic Flow Automobiles 75.56 13.96 10.49 97.40 Medium Trucks 48.91 48.91 2.17 1.84 Heavy Trucks 47.30 5.41 47.30 0.74

ADT 1500

Speed 25

Distance 30

Left Angle -90

Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	91.99	1.12	0.44	67.99	0.20	0.20	17.03	1.50	0.58
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	15.35	-3.77	-7.88	14.04	-11.28	-11.27	8.03	-2.52	-6.63
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	51.94	44.46	46.51	50.63	36.95	43.12	44.62	45.71	47.76
	DAY LEQ	53.60		EVENING LEQ	51.49		NIGHT LEQ	51.00	

0.00	Day hour	58.08	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	53.60	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108

(2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light truck mix.



## **Existing Traffic Noise**

23 :ld

Crenshaw Place Project Driveway No. 4 to 190th Street

:Segment

:Road

	Vehicle [	Distribution (Light ⅂	ruck Mix)	
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow
Automobiles	75.56	13.96	10.49	97.40
Medium Trucks	48.91	2.17	48.91	1.84
Heavy Trucks	47.30	5.41	47.30	0.74

1400 ADT 25 Speed Distance 30 Left Angle -90 Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	85.86	1.05	0.41	63.45	0.19	0.19	15.89	1.40	0.54
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	15.05	-4.07	-8.17	13.74	-11.58	-11.57	7.73	-2.82	-6.93
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	51.64	44.16	46.21	50.33	36.65	42.82	44.32	45.41	47.46
	DAY LEQ	53.30		EVENING LEQ	51.19		NIGHT LEQ	50.70	

0.00	Day hour	57.78	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	53.30	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

- (1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108
- (2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light truck mix.



## **Existing Plus Project Traffic Noise**

23 :ld

Crenshaw Place :Road

:Segment

Project Driveway No. 4 to 190th Street

	Vehicle [	Distribution (Light T	ruck Mix)	
Motor-Vehicle Type	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PM)	Evening % (7 PM - 10 PM)	Night % (10 PM - 7 AM)	Total % of Traffic Flow
Automobiles	75.56	13.96	10.49	97.40
Medium Trucks	48.91	2.17	48.91	1.84
Heavy Trucks	47.30	5.41	47.30	0.74

ADT 1500
Speed 25
Distance 30
Left Angle -90
Right Angle 90

		Daytime			Evening			Night	
Noise Parameters	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks	Autos	Medium Trucks	Heavy Trucks
INPUT PARAMETERS									
Vehicles per hour	91.99	1.12	0.44	67.99	0.20	0.20	17.03	1.50	0.58
Speed in MPH	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS									
Reference levels	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24	59.44	71.09	77.24
ADJUSTMENTS									
Flow	15.35	-3.77	-7.88	14.04	-11.28	-11.27	8.03	-2.52	-6.63
Distance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00
LEQ	51.94	44.46	46.51	50.63	36.95	43.12	44.62	45.71	47.76
	DAY LEQ	53.60		EVENING LEQ	51.49		NIGHT LEQ	51.00	

0.00	Day hour	58.08	CNEL
no	Absorptive?	53.60	DAY LEQ
no	Use hour?		
0.00	GRADE dB		

Notes:

(1) FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108

(2) Vehicle percentages based on County of Riverside light heavy mix.



FHWA Traffic Noise Prediction Model FHWA-RD-77-108 Riverside County Published Mix Larger than Secondary

#### **Buildout Traffic Noise** 190th Street - at closest portion proposed industrial building

	AUTOS	DAYTIME M.TRUCKS	H.TRUCKS	AUTOS	EVENING M.TRUCKS	H.TRUCKS	AUTOS AUTOS	NIGHTTIME M.TRUCKS	H.TRUCKS	ADT SPEED DISTANCE	40500.00 45.00 135.00
INPUT PARAMETERS											
Vehicles per hour	2345.52	48.60	81.00	1741.28	8.10	13.50	431.80	67.50	112.50	% A	92.00
Speed in MPH	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	% MT	3.00
Left angle	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	-90.00	% HT	5.00
Right angle	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	LEFT	-90.00
										RIGHT	90.00
NOISE CALCULATIONS											
Reference levels	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	69.34	77.62	82.14	CNEL	74.67
ADJUSTMENTS										DAY LEQ	69.37
Flow	26.86	10.03	12.25	25.57	2.25	4.47	19.51	11.46	13.67		
Distance	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	-4.38	Day hour	89.00
Finite Roadway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Barrier	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Absorbtive?	no
Grade	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Constant	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	-25.00	Use hour?	no
LEQ	66.83	58.27	65.00	65.53	50.49	57.22	59.48	59.69	66.43	GRADE dB	0.00
	DAY LEQ	69.37	E	EVENING LEQ	66.25	N	IIGHT LEQ	67.93			
	CNEL		74.67								

CNEL

## APPENDIX F SOUNDPLAN INPUT AND RESULTS

## Noise emissions of industry sources

													Fre	eque	ency	spe	ectru	um	dB(	A)]											Corre	ecti
Source na	Referen	1		40									315	400	500	630	800	1	1.3	1.6											Cwa	
1	Lw/m²	dB( Day 80.	A Hz 0 -	Hz -															kHz 73.									kHz -	kHz -	kHz -	dB o	dEd -
		Nigh Day 67.	-  -	-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 40.	- 36.	- 30.	-	-
2	Lw/unit	Night Day 67.	- 3 -19	10	. 6.8	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	- 34.	- 39.	- 41.	- 45.	- 48.	50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	- 56.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	+
		Nigh Day 67.	-  -	_	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	4
		Nigh	-  -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
4	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19 	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32. -	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46.  -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	1
5	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19 -	-10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	-
6	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27.	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	1
7	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ī
8	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19	10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	7
9	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53. -	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	1
10	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45. -	48.	50.	56. -	58.	55.	57.	59.	57. -	58.	55.	55. -	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	1
11	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48.	50.	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
12	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
13	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ī
14	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34. -	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53.	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ī
15	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	T
16	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	Ī
17	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27.	32.	34. -	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ŧ
18	Lw/unit	Day 67.	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	T
19	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	T
20	1	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
21	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58.	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ī
22		Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	T
23	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	-10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	1
24	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
25		Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	Ī
26		Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13.	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50.	56.	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58.	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
27	1	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56.	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
28	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
29		Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34. -	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30. -	-	T
30	1	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56.	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
31	Lw/unit	Day 67. Nigh	3 -19	10	6.	15. -	13. -	27. -	32.	34.	39.	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56. -	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	1
32		Day 67.	3 -19	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	<b>45</b> .	4 <u>8</u> .	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	1

## Noise emissions of industry sources

													Fre	ane	encv	spe	ectru	ım	[dB(	A)1											Corre	ectio
Source na	Referen			40									315	400	500	630	80d	1	1.3	1.6			ļ.			!				16	Cwa	CIC
20		dB(A	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	dB (	dEdl
32 33	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	27.	<del>-</del> 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	<del>-</del> 48.	50.	<del>-</del> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	<u>-</u> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	+
34	I w/unit	Nigr - Day 67.3	- -19.	-10	6.7	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	- 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	- 55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	30.	-	
		Nigr -	-	-	-	-		-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
35		Day 67.3 Nigh -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
36	Lw/unit	Day 67.3 Nigh -	-19. -	-10. -	6.7	15. -	13. -	27.	32.	34.	39. -	41. -	45. -	48. -	50. -	56.	58. -	55. -	57. -	59. -	57. -	58. -	55. -	55. -	53. -	52. -	46. -	40. -	36.	30.	-	-
37	Lw/unit	Day 67.3 Nigh -	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	1
38	Lw/unit	Day 67.3 Nigh -	-19.	-10.	6.7	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
39	Lw/unit	Day 67.3 Nigh	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
40	Lw/unit	Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	<u>-</u> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
41	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	<u>-</u> 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	<del>-</del> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	<del>-</del> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
42	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	<u>-</u> 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	- 55.	55.	53.	52.	<del>-</del> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
43	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	<del>-</del> 32.	34.	39.	41.	<u>-</u> 45.	<del>-</del> 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	<del>-</del> 58.	55.	55.	<del>-</del> 53.	<del>-</del> 52.	<del>-</del> 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	36.	30.	-	
44	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	- 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	<del>-</del> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	- 57.	- 58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	- 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
45	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	<del>-</del> 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
46	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
47	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	- 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
48	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	<del>-</del> 50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
49	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	<u>-</u> 55.	57.	<del>-</del> 59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	
50	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	<del>-</del> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	
51	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	
52	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	- 55.	55.	53.	52.	<del>-</del> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	
53		Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	53.	52.	<del>-</del> 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-
54	Lw/unit	Nigr - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	<del>-</del> 48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	- 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
55		Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	<u>-</u> 45.	- 48.	50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	53.	52.	- 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
56	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	39.	41.	<u>-</u> 45.	- 48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	57.	59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	53.	52.	- 46.	40.	36.	30.	-	-  -
57	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	41.	- 45.	- 48.	<del>-</del> 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	57.	59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	- 53.	52.	- 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	36.	30.	-	
58	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	- 41.	- 45.	- 48.	50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  -
59	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	41.	- 45.	- 48.	50.	<u>-</u> 56.	- 58.	55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  -
60		Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	- 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  -
61		Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	<u>-</u> 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	- 55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  -
62	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	-10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	<u>-</u> 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	- 55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  -
63	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	- -19.	- -10.	6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	34.	- 39.	<u>-</u> 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	55.	- 53.	52.	- 46.	<del>-</del> 40.	- 36.	- 30.	-	-  -
64	Lw/unit	Nigh - Day 67.3	-19.	- -10.	- 6.	- 15.	- 13.	- 27.	- 32.	- 34.	- 39.	- 41.	- 45.	- 48.	- 50.	- 56.	- 58.	- 55.	- 57.	- 59.	- 57.	- 58.	- 55.	- 55.	- 53.	- 52.	- 46.	- 40.	36.	- 30.	-	-  · -  ·
		Nigr -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- Apx	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -

## Noise emissions of industry sources

														Fre	eque	ency	spe	ectru	um	[dB(	(A)]											Corr	ect	tio
Source na	Referen	Le	vel	31	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1	1.3	1.6	2	2.5	3.2	4	5	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	Cwa	CI	C.
			dB(A	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	kHz	dB	dΕ	dE
65	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	H	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L-	-
66	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	IН	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L-l	-
67	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	1-1	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-
68	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	П	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I -l	
69	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	П	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I -l	-
70	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	П	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	l -l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I -l	
71	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	П	-
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I -l	-
72	Lw/unit	Day	67.3	-19.	-10	6.	15.	13.	27.	32.	34.	39.	41.	45.	48.	50.	56.	58.	55.	57.	59.	57.	58.	55.	55.	53.	52.	46.	40.	36.	30.	-	П	_
		Nigh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	i -l	ا۔

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## Noise emissions of parking lot traffic

			Move			Separated	Lw,ref
Name	Parking lot type	Size	per l	nour	Road surface	method	
			Day	Night			dB(A)
1	Visitors and staff	166 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	90.7
2	Visitors and staff	54 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	84.5
3	Visitors and staff	60 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	85.1
4	Visitors and staff	160 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	90.5
5	Visitors and staff	27 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	80.5
6	Visitors and staff	4 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	69.0
7	Visitors and staff	35 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	82.0
8	Visitors and staff	32 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	81.5
9	Visitors and staff	166 Parking bays	3.200	0.000	Asphaltic driving lanes	no	90.7

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## Receiver list

				Lir	nit	Level	w/o NP	Level	w NP	Diffe	rence	Conflict
No.	Receiver name	Building	Floor	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day
		side		dB	(A)	dB	(A)	dB	(A)	d	В	dB
1	1	-	GF	-	1	54.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	-54.9	0.0	-
2	2	-	GF	-	1	61.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-61.0	0.0	-
3	3	ı	GF	-	1	54.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	-54.2	0.0	-

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			Level w/o	NP	Level w N	Р
Source name			Day	Night	Day	Night
1 G	F 54.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	dB(A)	
1	34.5	0.0	34.4	-	-	
1			33.7	-	-	-
1			-2.6	-	-	-
2			30.2	-	-	-
2 2 3 3			-2.1 40.9	-	-	-
3			-1.5	-	- -	-
4			49.3	-	-	-
4			-1.0	=	-	-
4 5 5 6 6 7			42.2	-	-	-
5			-0.1 37.3	-	<del>-</del>	-
6			0.7	-	- -	-
7			1.6	-	=	-
7			50.5	-	-	-
8			48.1	=	-	-
8			2.7	=	-	-
8 8 9 9			5.1 34.3	-	<u>-</u>	-
10			8.0	-	<u>-</u>	-
11			13.3	-	<del>-</del>	_
12			14.0	-	-	-
13			12.3	-	-	-
14			7.5	=	-	-
15 16			4.0 3.4	-	-	-
17			2.6	-	- -	-
18			1.5	-	<del>-</del>	_
19			0.6	=	=	-
20			-0.2	=	=	-
21 22			-1.0 -1.7	-	=	-
23			-1.7 -2.2	-	<u>-</u>	-
24			-2.8	-	-	-
25			-2.8	-	-	-
26			-2.3	-	-	-
27			-1.7	-	-	-
28 29			-1.1 -0.7	-	<del>-</del>	-
30			-0.7	-	- -	-
31			-0.4	-	-	-
31 32 33			-0.1	=	=	-
33			0.5	-	-	-
34 35			2.4	-	<del>-</del>	-
36			7.2 11.6	-	- -	-
36 37			10.5	-	-	=
38			10.5 6.5 2.1	-	-	-
39			2.1	-	-	-
40			0.2	-	-	-
41 42			-1.7 -2 3	-	- -	-
43			-2.3 -2.5	-	<u>-</u>	-
44			-2.6	-	-	-
45			-2.8	-	<del>-</del>	-
46 47			-2.9	-	-	-
4/			-2.9	-	-	-
48 49			-3.0 -4.5	-	- -	-
50			-4.5 -4.5	-		-
51			-4.4	-	-	-
51 52			-4.3	-	-	-
53			-4.1	-	-	-
	Apx -	80				

			Level w/o	NP	Level w N	NP
Source name			Day	Night	Day	Night
			dB(A)		dB(A)	
54			-3.6	-	-	-
55			-2.8	-	-	-
56 57			-1.9 0.0	-	-	-
58			1.8	-	<u>-</u>	-
59			6.1	-	=	-
60			10.0	-	-	-
61			9.4	-	-	-
62			5.7	-	-	=
63 64			1.5 -0.2	-	-	-
65			-2.0	-	- -	-
66			-2.9	-	=	-
67			-3.7	-	-	-
68			-4.4	-	-	-
69			-5.1	-	-	-
70 71			-5.7 -5.8	-	-	-
72			-6.0	-	- -	-
2	GF	61.0 0.0		0.0		
1	<u> </u>	31.0 0.0	60.1	-	_	-
1			6.3	-	- -	-
1			11.6	-	-	-
			53.1	-	-	-
2 2 3 3			7.6	-	-	-
3			41.4	-	=	-
4			5.1 38.3	-	- -	-
			3.3	-	_	-
4 5 5 6			21.2	-	-	-
5			1.6	-	-	-
6			7.6	-	-	-
6			0.3 -0.7	-	-	-
7 7			13.1	-	- -	-
8			14.4	-	- -	-
8 8 9 9			-1.6	-	-	-
9			-3.0	-	=	-
9			41.3	-	=	-
10			-3.9	-	-	-
11 12			-5.0 -5.5	-	- -	-
13			-5.6	-	- -	-
14			-5.0	-	-	-
15			-3.9	-	-	-
16			-3.0	-	-	-
17 18			-1.6 -0.7	-	-	-
19			0.7	-	- -	-
20			1.6	-	-	-
21			3.2	-	-	-
22			5.1	-	-	-
23			7.6	-	-	-
24 25			11.6 11.6	-	-	-
25 26			7.5	-	- -	-
27			5.0	-	-	-
28			3.2	-	-	-
29			1.5	-	-	-
30			0.3	-	-	-
31 32			-0.7	-	-	-
32 33			-1.6 -3.0	-	- -	-
34			-3.9	-	- -	-
		Арх - 81		ı		

	Level w/o	NP	Level w N	IP
Source name	Day	Night	Day	Night
	dB(A)		dB(A)	
35	-5.1	-	-	-
36	-5.6	-	-	-
37 38	-5.5 -5.0	-	-	-
39	-3.9	-	<u>-</u>	-
40	-3.0	-	- -	-
41	-1.7	-	_	_
42	-0.7	-	-	-
43	0.4	-	=	-
44	1.6	-	-	-
45	3.2	-	-	-
46	5.0	-	-	-
47	7.7	-	-	-
48 49	11.4 11.4	-	-	-
50	7.2	-	<u>-</u>	-
51	4.8	_	<u>-</u>	_
52	3.0	-	_	-
53	1.5	-	-	-
54	0.3	-	-	-
55	-0.8	-	-	-
56	-1.7	-	-	-
57	-3.0	-	-	-
58 59	-3.9 -5.0	-	-	-
60	-5.0 -5.6	-	-	-
61	-5.6	-	- -	-
62	-5.1	_	_	_
63	-3.9	-	_	-
64	-3.0	-	-	-
65	-1.7	-	-	-
66	-0.8	-	-	-
67	0.2	-	-	-
68	1.3	-	-	-
69 70	2.8 4.5	-	-	-
71	6.9	-	<u>-</u>	-
72	10.4	-	- -	_
3 GF 54.2 0.0		0.0		
1	51.8	-	-	-
1	26.1	_	_	_
	10.4	-	-	-
1				-
	46.2	-	<del>-</del>	
	46.2 8.6	- -	- -	-
	46.2 8.6 42.2	- - -	- - -	-
	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0	- - -	- - -	-
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8	- - -	- - - -	- -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3	- - -	- - - - -	-
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6	- - -	- - - - -	- -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8	- - - -	-	- - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7	-	- - - - - - - - -	- - - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5	-	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7	-	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7	-	- - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - -
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2	-	- - - - - - - - - - -	
2 2 3 3 4	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3	-	- - - - - - - - - - - -	
2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3 2.5	-	- - - - - - - - - - - -	
2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3 2.5 1.4		-	
2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 10 11 12	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3 2.5 1.4 0.9	-	-	
2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 10 11 12 13	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3 2.5 1.4 0.9 0.6		-	
2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 10 11 12	46.2 8.6 42.2 7.0 46.8 6.3 33.6 5.8 20.4 5.2 4.7 16.5 14.7 4.2 3.2 36.3 2.5 1.4 0.9		-	

	Level w/o NP		Level w NF	
Source name	Day Nig	ıht		Night
	dB(A)		dB(A)	3
16	2.4	-	-	-
17	3.0	-	-	-
18	3.3	-	_	-
19	3.5	-	_	-
20	4.3	-	_	-
21	5.5	-	_	-
22	6.7	-	-	-
23	8.2	-	-	-
24	9.9	-	-	-
25	9.4	-	-	-
26	7.9	-	-	-
27	6.5	-	-	-
28	5.3	-	_	-
29	4.2	-	-	-
30	3.4	-	-	-
31	2.6	-	-	-
32	2.0	-	-	-
33	1.4	-	-	-
34	1.0	-	-	-
35	0.4	-	-	-
36	0.1	-	_	-
37	-0.5	-	_	-
38	-0.3	-	_	-
39	0.2	-	_	-
40	0.9	-	-	-
41	1.9	-	_	-
42	2.6	-	-	-
43	3.3	-	_	-
44	4.2	-	-	-
45	5.2	-	-	-
46	6.3	-	-	-
47	7.7	-	-	-
48	8.9	-	-	-
49	8.5	-	-	-
50	7.2	-	-	-
51	6.0	-	-	-
52	5.0	-	-	-
53	4.0	-	-	-
54	3.2	-	-	-
55	2.5	-	-	-
56	1.8	-	-	-
57	0.8	-	-	-
58 59 60	0.2	-	-	-
59	-0.8 -1.2	-	-	-
60	-1.2	-	-	-
61 62	-1.3	-	-	-
62	-0.9	-	-	-
63 64 65	l 0.1	-	-	-
64	0.7 1.7	-	-	-
65	1.7	-	-	-
66 67	2.4	-	-	-
67	3.0	-	-	-
68	3.8	-	-	-
69	4.7	-	-	-
68 69 70	5.6	-	-	-
71 72	6.7	-	-	-
72	7.7	-	-	-
	•		•	

# APPENDIX G VIBRATION WORKSHEETS

Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Large Bulldozer Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial Office to North

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

Ш	NI	ח	1	П	Г.
	ıvı	_			

Equipment =	2	Large Bulldozer	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN
PPVref =	0.089	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft	·.
D =	10.00	Distance from Equipment to Re	eceiver (ft)
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate thro	ugh the ground

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV = 0.352 IN/SEC OUTPUT IN BLUE

Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Large Bulldozer Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial Office to North

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

			 _
ш	NΙ	ы	т
	ıvı	$\mathbf{r}$	 

Equipment = Type	2	Large Bulldozer	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN
PPVref =	0.089	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft	
D =	15.00	Distance from Equipment to Re	eceiver (ft)
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate throu	ugh the ground

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV = 0.191 IN/SEC OUTPUT IN BLUE

Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Vibratory Roller Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial Office to North

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

ı	N	ы	П	Γ

Equipment = Type	1	Vibratory Roller	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN
PPVref =	0.21	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft	
D =	10.00	Distance from Equipment to Re	eceiver (ft)
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate thro	ugh the ground

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV =	0.830	IN/SEC	OUTPUT IN BLUE
-------	-------	--------	----------------

Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Vibratory Roller Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial Office to North

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

т

Equipment = Type	1	Vibratory Roller	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN	
Турс				
PPVref =	0.21	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft		
D =	26.00	Distance from Equipment to Receiver (ft)		
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate through the ground		
Note: Pasad as reference acceptions from Vibration Cuidance Manual California Department of Transportation 2007, per 20-42				

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV =	0.198	IN/SEC	OUTPUT IN BLUE
-------	-------	--------	----------------

Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Vibratory Roller Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial Office to North

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

т

Equipment =	1	Vibratory Roller	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN
Type	±	Vibratory Roller	
PPVref =	0.21	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft	- -
D =	17.00	Distance from Equipment to Receiver (ft)	
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate through the ground	

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV =	0.375	IN/SEC	OUTPUT IN BLUE
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GROUNDB	ORNE VIBRATION AN	ALYSIS		
Project:	19260 190th St Ware	house	Date:	4/27/20
Source:	Large Bulldozer			
Scenario:	Unmitigated			
Location:	Industrial to East			
Address:				
PPV = PPVr	ref(25/D)^n (in/sec)			
INPUT				
Equipment	2	Large Bulldozer	INPUT SECTION IN	I GREEN
Туре		Large Ballaozei		
PPVref =	0.089	Reference PPV (in/sec	) at 25 ft.	
D =	50.00	Distance from Equipm	ent to Receiver (ft)	
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation i	rate through the ground	
Note: Based on r	reference equations from Vibratio	on Guidance Manual, California Depa	rtment of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-4	3.
RESULTS				
PPV =	0.031	IN/SEC	OUTPUT	IN BLUE

GROUNDB	ORNE VIBRATION ANA	ALYSIS		
Project:	19260 190th St Wareh	nouse	Date:	4/27/20
Source:	Vibratory Roller			
Scenario:	Unmitigated			
Location:	Industrial to East			
Address:				
PPV = PPVr	ef(25/D)^n (in/sec)			
INPUT				
Equipment :	1	Vibratory Roller	INPUT SECTION	IN GREEN
Type	±	Vibratory Roller		
PPVref =	0.21	Reference PPV (in/sec	at 25 ft.	
D =	50.00	Distance from Equipment to Receiver (ft)		
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation i	rate through the ground	
Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.				
RESULTS				
PPV =	0.074	IN/SEC	OUTPU'	T IN BLUE

## GROUNDBORNE VIBRATION ANALYSIS Project: 19260 190th St Warehouse

Date: 4/27/20

Source: Large Bulldozer Scenario: Unmitigated

Location: Commercial to West

Address:

PPV = PPVref(25/D)^n (in/sec)

INPUT	
-------	--

Equipment =	2	Large Bulldozer	INPUT SECTION IN GREEN
Type			
PPVref =	0.089	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 25 ft	t.
D =	60.00	Distance from Equipment to Receiver (ft)	
n =	1.50	Vibration attenuation rate through the ground	
Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43			

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

## RESULTS

PPV = 0.024 IN/SEC OUTPUT IN BLUE

GROUNDE	BORNE VIBRATION AN	ALYSIS		
Project:	19260 190th St Ware	house	Date:	4/27/20
Source:	Vibratory Roller			
Scenario:	Unmitigated			
Location:	Commercial to West			
Address:				
PPV = PPV	ref(25/D)^n (in/sec)			
INPUT				
Equipment Type	1	Vibratory Roller	INPUT SECTION	IN GREEN
PPVref =	0.21	Reference PPV (in/sec) at 2	25 ft.	
D =	60.00	Distance from Equipment to Receiver (ft)		

Note: Based on reference equations from Vibration Guidance Manual, California Department of Transportation, 2006, pgs 38-43.

IN/SEC

Vibration attenuation rate through the ground

**OUTPUT IN BLUE** 

1.50

0.056

RESULTS

PPV =



## **GANDDINI GROUP, INC.**

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