

November XX, 2013

Mr. Emmanuel Martin City of Torrance - Department of Public Works 20500 Madrona Avenue Torrance, California 90503

Re: Drilling / Testing results for pilot boring #13

La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue)

Dear Mr. Martin:

URS Corporation (URS) is submitting the enclosed drilling / testing results for a pilot boring (#13) recently completed at La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) in Torrance, California. The pilot boring is currently secured with a steel plate welded to the surface conductor casing as performed by Southwest Pump and Drilling.

As always, we enjoyed working with your team on this project and look forward to any additional assignments you may have for us in the future and if you have any questions / comments please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at (714) 835-6886.

Sincerely, URS Corporation

Brian Partington, PG, CHg Project Manager / Principal Hydrogeologist California Professional Geologist No. 7612 California Certified Hydrogeologist No. 883

cc: John Dettle (City of Torrance – Department of Public Works)
Project Files (URS – Santa Ana, CA)

DRAFT REPORT

DRILLING / TESTING RESULTS FOR PILOT BORING #13

LA CARRETERA PARK 186TH STREET (EAST OF VAN NESS AVE.) TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for

City of Torrance Department of Public Works 20500 Madrona Avenue Torrance, California 90504

November XX, 2013



2020 East First Street, Suite 400 Santa Ana, California 92705

29869072

DRILLING / TESTING RESULTS FOR PILOT BORING #13 CITY OF TORRANCE – PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 186TH STREET (EAST OF VAN NESS AVE.) - TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

NOVEMBER XX, 2013 PROJECT NO. 29869072

This report provides a summary of drilling / testing results for a pilot boring (#13) completed at La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) in Torrance, California (the Site). URS conducted the work described in this report under a consultant services agreement signed with the City of Torrance (C2013-080 executed on April 23, 2013).

The recommendations in this report have been prepared for the City of Torrance with specific application to a potential water production well at pilot boring #13 in Torrance, California. These recommendations have been prepared in accordance with the care and skill generally exercised by reputable professionals, under similar circumstances, in this or similar localities. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the professional opinions presented herein. No other party, known or unknown to URS Corporation is intended as a beneficiary of this work product, its content or information embedded therein. Third parties use this report at their own risk. URS Corporation assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of information obtained from, compiled or provided by outside sources.

Changes in site use and conditions of the proposed well design may occur with reduction in specific capacity, groundwater elevations, pumping operations, and maintenance procedures. The estimated production rate assumes there will be adequate yield from the formation material to produce approximately 1400 to 1900 gallons per minute (gpm). The assumptions were made prior to conducting a groundwater pumping test and with only limited zone testing data per direction from the City of Torrance.

This report was prepared under the technical direction of the undersigned.

Brian Partington, PG, CHg Project Manager / Principal Hydrogeologist California Professional Geologist No. 7612 California Certified Hydrogeologist No. 883

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1.0 Introduction

URS Corporation (URS) has prepared this report for field oversight activities and preliminary well design services associated with a recently completed pilot boring (#13) located at La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) in Torrance, California (the Site). The assessor identification number for the property is 4096-003-901. The well is located at an approximate latitude of 33° 51' 49.64"N and longitude of 118° 19' 14.94"W. The site location is shown on Figure 1. A site plan with the pilot boring location is shown on Figure 2.

A well installation permit was obtained from the Los Angeles County Drinking Water Program located at 5050 Commerce Drive in Baldwin Park, California. The permit application was prepared by South West Pump & Drilling located in Coachella, California (SWPD). A copy of the well permit is provided in Appendix A.

URS conducted the work described in this report under a consultant services agreement signed with the City of Torrance (C2013-080 executed on April 23, 2013). The scope of services included in the contract is summarized as follows:

- Task 1 Inspect conductor casing installation (full-time).
- Task 2 Oversee drilling / sampling (part-time) and geophysical logging (full-time).
- Task 3 Conduct mechanical grading analysis of formation materials (up to 8).
- Task 4 Evaluate geophysical logs and select zones for isolated aquifer testing (up to 3).
- Task 5 Oversee isolated aquifer zone testing (part-time).
- Task 6 Observe boring backfill (including verifying a welded cap on the casing).
- Task 7 Prepare a summary letter report for submittal to the City of Torrance.
- Task 8 Prepare a Drinking Water Source Assessment and Protection (DWSAP) Report.
- Task 9 Attend a pre-construction meeting with the driller and City of Torrance.

The only item not completed during this phase of work was Task 8. The DWSAP will be completed when a well is installed and the estimated pumping conditions are known as discussed during a meeting held on November XX, 2013. The meeting was attended by the City of Torrance (Emmanuel Martin and John Dettle) and URS (Brian Partington).

The major fieldwork milestones completed during the pilot boring activity are summarized as follows:

Task Description	Date Started	Date Completed
Notice to Proceed Received by the City of Torrance	05/07/13	05/07/13
Kickoff meeting with the City of Torrance	06/19/13	06/19/13
Conductor Casing / Sanitary Seal	07/25/13	07/25/13
Pilot Boring Drilling	08/07/13	08/12/13
Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing	08/15/13	08/23/13



2.0 PILOT BORING OPERATIONS

The pilot boring operations commenced on July 25, 2013. This activity included the installation of a shallow steel conductor casing, drilling a pilot boring to a client specified total depth, and conducting geophysical borehole logging. The drilling services for conductor casing installation were provided by Barney's Hole Digging Service (Barney's) located in Long Beach, California. The remaining drilling services were provided by SWPD. The geophysical logging services were provided by Pacific Surveys, LLC. (Pacific Survey) located in Claremont, California.

2.1 CONDUCTOR CASING INSTALLATION

The conductor casing was installed using a bucket auger drilling rig to provide a sanitary seal prior to advancing the pilot boring. The conductor casing also helps minimize the potential for washouts while drilling the boring. A 44-inch bucket auger was used to install a 36-inch diameter carbon steel conductor casing to a depth of approximately 50 feet below ground surface (ft bgs). The conductor casing material consisted of steel with a wall thickness of approximately 3/8-inch. Steel centralizers were welded to the casing exterior to center the conductor within the boring. Upon achieving the anticipated depth, the conductor casing was suspended within the boring while cement was placed within the annual space outside of the conductor casing using a 2-inch diameter steel tremie pipe placed at a depth of approximately 40 ft bgs. Eighteen (18) cubic yards of cement was used to seal the conductor casing annulus to ground surface and was allowed to cure undisturbed for approximately 13 days. A copy of the cement delivery tickets are provided in Appendix B.

2.2 PILOT BORING

The pilot boring commenced using a reverse rotary drilling rig on August 7, 2013. A bentonite gel based drilling fluid was used to maintain borehole stability during drilling operations. A 17 ½-inch diameter tricone drilling bit was used to advance the pilot boring to a depth of approximately 920 ft bgs.

The SWPD field personnel collected representative soil samples at depth intervals of approximately 10 feet. URS classified each soil sample in general accordance with the Unified Soils Classification System (USCS). A color designation was also recorded using a Munsell Color Chart. The soil descriptions were recorded by field personnel on soil borings logs. In addition, SWPD prepared daily drilling logs that were provided to URS. The soil boring log is provided in Appendix C. The SWPD daily driller logs are included in Appendix D.

Six (6) soil samples were submitted for physical testing at depths of approximately 190, 310, 460, 540, 580, and 620 ft bgs. A sieve analysis (i.e., particle size distribution) was conducted on each soil sample in general accordance with ASTM D422. URS performed the analysis in their geotechnical testing laboratory located in Santa Ana, California. The sieve analysis results are provided in Appendix E.

2.3 GEOPHYSICAL BOREHOLE LOGGING

The geophysical borehole logging was conducted on August 12, 2013. The geophysical logging was performed to assist with observations recorded by field personnel during the pilot boring (i.e., soil sampled collected by SWPD). The borehole drilling fluid was thinned using potable water while circulating for approximately four hours before introducing geophysical logging tools to the total depth of the open boring, which was confirmed at a total depth of approximately 920 ft bgs. The following geophysical methods were conducted for pilot boring #13:

- ➤ Resistivity (Short-Normal [16-inch] and Long-Normal [64-inch])
- > Spontaneous Potential
- ➤ Laterolog3 for Focused Resistivity (guard)
- > Natural Gamma-Ray
- > Full waveform sonic with apparent porosity

The geophysical logging results were compared against the soil cutting samples collected by SWPD. In some cases, the soil cutting samples were off by several feet and did not match the geophysical logging interpretations, requiring minor adjustments to the soil boring logs prepared by URS (Appendix C). In general, the sediments encountered during drilling consisted of inter-bedded fine- to coarse-grained sediments to a depth of approximately 920 ft bgs. Coarse-grained sediments (sands and limited gravel) were identified at 130 to 220 ft bgs (presumed to be the Gardena Aquifer), 250 to 330 ft bgs (presumed to be the Lynwood Aquifer), and 410 to 650 ft bgs (presumed to be the Silverado Aquifer). A fine-grained (silt to clay) sedimentary layer was identified at the bottom of the pilot boring starting at a depth of approximately 650 ft bgs. The subsurface interpretations are consistent with those reported by the California Department of Water Resource (DWR) in a document entitled "Planned Utilization of Ground Water Basins - Coastal Plain of Los Angeles County – Bulletin 104" (DWR, 1961). The geophysical logs are provided in Appendix F.

3.0 ISOLATED AQUIFER ZONE TESTING

Isolated aquifer zone testing commenced on August 15, 2013. The isolated aquifer zone testing allows the collection of depth-specific groundwater samples for analysis to determine water quality at discrete intervals within the aquifer. In addition, pumping conducted during individual zone testing allows field personnel to evaluate the potential yield of the specific zone being tested. The zone testing results also provide valuable input for the well designer to determine the appropriate screened intervals for the final well design.

Four (4) zone tests were selected for testing based on observations recorded by field personnel (confirmed by geophysical logging) during the pilot boring operations and were recommended in a memorandum submitted to the city on August 15, 2013. The proposed zone depths were adjusted in the field based on the available piping lengths supplied by SWPD. The final zone testing depths were 575 to 595 ft bgs (Zone #1), 456 to 476 ft bgs (Zone #2), 272 to 292 ft bgs (Zone #3), and 190 to 210 ft bgs (Zone #4).

3.1 WELL CONSTRUCTION

The isolated aquifer zone testing well construction was completed within the open pilot boring discussed in the previous section. A 20-foot section of perforated pipe was used as a zone testing tool, which was bounded above and below by hydrated bentonite chips within the annulus of the pilot boring. The perforated pipe was completed to the surface using drilling pipe. A gravel pack was placed around the zone testing tool to limit the amount of formation material entering the temporary well screen interval during well development. The bentonite seals were allowed to hydrate for a minimum of four hours before developing the screen interval for each zone. Table 1 includes a summary of zone testing construction details including results from Water Well No. 9. The isolated aquifer zone testing construction details are shown on Figures 3 through 6, respectively.

The isolated zone testing well construction details are summarized below:

	Well Constru	ction Detail Summary for	Isolated Aquifer Zone T	esting
Zone	Screen Interval (ft bgs)	Upper Bentonite Seal (ft bgs)	Gravel Pack Interval (ft bgs)	Lower Bentonite Seal (ft bgs)
#1	575 to 595	543 to 565	565 to 605	605 to 631
#2	456 to 476	426 to 446	446 to 486	486 to 506
#3	272 to 292	244 to 265	265 to 305	305 to 325
#4	190 to 210	165 to 185	185 to 225	225 to 245

3.2 WELL DEVELOPMENT

The well screens for each zone test were developed by airlifting sediment from the well screen until the discharged water was observed to be relatively clean prior to installing a submersible pump at 385 ft bgs (Zone #2), 196 ft bgs (Zone #3), and 126 ft bgs (Zone #4). The final pumping rate considering the formation yield for each zone during development was approximately 173 gallons per minute (gpm), 103

gpm, and 50 gpm, respectively. During development, water quality parameters were recorded by field personnel that included total dissolved solids reported in parts per million (ppm) and turbidity reported in nephelometric turbidity units (NTUs).

Several attempts were made over two working days to develop Zone #1. The first attempt at pumping failed to produce water at the lowest pump setting (approximately 20 gpm). The pump was removed and supplemental development activities were conducted including additional air lifting and applying a mud dispersant with additional swabbing / pumping (limited field oversight was provided by URS). The decision to terminate zone testing at this depth was discussed with and approved by the City of Torrance (email dated August 17, 2013).

3.3 SAMPLE COLLECTION

Per the contract, URS field personnel verified that each zone was pumped until the water quality turbidity reading was 10 NTUs (as recorded by SWPD). The final field measurements recorded before collecting the groundwater sampling is summarized as follows:

	Final Field Measurement Summary for Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing										
Zone	Final Pumping Rate (gpm)	Final Pumping Water Level (ft bgs)	Drawdown During Pumping (ft)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)	Total dissolved solids (ppm)	Turbidity (NTU)					
#1		Zone was	Dry – Several At	tempts made by S	SWPD						
#2	173	304	170	1.0	231	10.9					
#3	103	97	9	11	234	10					
#4	50	113	45	1.1	213	9.3					

ANALYTICAL TESTING RESULTS 3.4

Chemical testing was conducted on one groundwater sample collected from Zone #2 (08/21/13), Zone #3 (08/22/13), and Zone #4 (08/23/13). URS field personnel collected the groundwater samples in containers supplied by the laboratory and transported them in a chilled cooler under chain-of-custody documentation to Calscience Environmental Laboratories, Inc. (Calscience).

The laboratory analytical results were compared to the maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) as defined in Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR). Nearly all water quality data obtained during zone testing were below the applicable water quality standards for California. One sample was equal to the secondary water quality secondary for color (15 color units from Zone #2).

The analytical testing results for the isolated aquifer zone testing are summarized in Table 2. The laboratory analytical reports (including chain-of-custody documentation) are provided in Appendix G.

4.0 PRELIMINARY WELL DESIGN

A preliminary well design was prepared based on data collected during pilot testing activities overseen by URS. The construction details were also based on a nearby operating water supply well completed in similar formation materials (i.e., Well No. 9). The preliminary well design is summarized in Table 3 and shown on Figure 7.

The well construction details are summarized as follows:

Construction Parameter	Depth (ft bgs)	Description							
	BOR	ING DETAILS							
Conductor Casing	0 to 50	Diameter Composition Length	36" Outside Diameter (OD) Carbon Steel 50' Minimum						
(completed)	0 10 30	Type Thickness	Welded Steel 3/8"						
Reamed Borehole	0 to 51 51 to 175 175 to 660	44" diameter (completed 32" diameter (to allow ro 28" diameter (sufficient	oom for gravel chute)						
CASING AND SCREEN									
Blank Casing Roscoe Moss Company	0 to 185 210 to 270 320 to 420 640 to 650	Diameter Composition Thickness	18" OD Stainless Steel 304L 5/16"						
Well Screen: Ful-Flo Louver Roscoe Moss Company	185 to 210 270 to 320 420 to 640	Diameter Composition Slot Thickness	18" OD Stainless Steel 316L 0.050" 5/16"						
Bottom Cap Roscoe Moss Company (or equivalent)	650	Shape Composition	Semi-Elliptical Stainless Steel 304L						
Cement Seal	0 to 150	Per specifications provid	led by City of Torrance						
Bentonite Seal (3/8" Chip)	150 to 160	Preventative Measure for Grout Migration (minim							
Gravel Envelope Oglebay Norton Industrial Sands (or similar)	160 to 660	Size Distribution Uniformity Coefficient Thickness (minimum)	8 x 16 2.0 – 3.0 5"						

Construction Parameter	Depth (ft bgs)	Description								
ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT										
		Diameter	2" Standard							
Vent Tubes	0 to 6.5	Composition	Stainless Steel 304L							
(two)	(each)	Connections	Threaded & Coupled							
		Orientation	Opposite Corners							
		Diameter	2" Standard							
Sounding Tubes	0 to 318	Composition	Stainless Steel 304L							
(two)	(each)	Connections	Welded Collar-Interior							
		Orientation	Opposite Corners							
		Diameter	3" Standard							
0 101		Composition	Stainless Steel 304L							
Gravel Chute	0 to 165	Orientation	Opposite of Discharge							
(one)		Connections	Welded Collars							
		Orientation	Opposite of Discharge							

The well design was based on soil descriptions from the pilot boring (Appendix C), sieve analysis performed on the finest-grained sediments present with the proposed screen interval (Attachment E), geophysical logging that confirmed subsurface stratigraphy (Appendix F), and water quality results for isolated aquifer zone testing (Attachment G).

URS identified three potential water bearing zones that generally correlate with the aquifer depths anticipated beneath the Site. The aquifers listed in order of depth (shallow to deep) presumably include the Gardena, Lynwood, and Silverado. An abundance of fine-grained sediments (i.e., silty sands) were identified within the water bearing zones, most notably the upper portion of the Lynwood and lower portion of the Silverado. As such, a conservative filter pack material was selected to minimize the entry of fine-sands / silty-sands and was confirmed with the recommended screen manufacture (Roscoe Moss Company).

A screen interval was proposed for the upper most water bearing zone tested to maximize the well yield (assumed to be the Gardena Aquifer). However, the installation of the shallow screen interval and gravel envelope placement may need to be discussed further due local groundwater impacts associated with nearby contaminated properties, most notably Honeywell. The Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) approved a work plan to delineate at least one nearby groundwater plumes as shown in Appendix H.

5.0 PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF POTENTIAL WELL YIELD

An analysis of the potential well yield was performed by URS. The estimate was based on the vertical thickness of suitable coarse-grained sediments that could be screened (i.e., total proposed screen intervals), potential drawdown during pumping, and data provided by the city for a nearby operating water supply well No. 9. URS also reviewed testing data for Well No. 9 (Geoscience Support Services, 2009).

The zone testing data was considered during the analysis, but only qualitatively due to the (1) limited pumping duration, (2) efficiency limitations associated with the zone testing tool construction (i.e., mill slots), (3) potential transient conditions, and (4) potential losses associated with bentonite infiltration during the drilling process (i.e. plugging of the formation). The well yield values presented below are theoretical and may not be achievable due to the limited amount of data available to URS.

The Thiem equation was used to calculate the well yield (or pumping rate) for a well screened in a confined aquifer as described by Bear (1979). The equation is as follows:

$$Qw = \frac{2 \pi T Sw}{\ln(\frac{R}{rw})}$$

Where:

 Q_w = Well yield or pumping rate, in gpm.

T = Transmisivity calculated from aquifer thickness (b) and hydraulic conductivity (Kr), in ft²/day.

Sw = Drawdown, in ft.

R = Radius of cone of depression calculated by (3000) (Sw) ($K^{1/2}$) after Siechardt (Chertousov, 1962).

 r_w = Well radius, in ft.

Well yield (Q_w) versus drawdown (S_w) values were graphed to evaluate various hydraulic conductivity (K_r) values against actual pumping conditions at Well No. 9. The best-fit line through actual pumping conditions resulted in an estimated hydraulic conductivity of approximately 23 ft/day. This value is less than, but within the same order-of-magnitude reported for constant-rate testing that resulted in a calculated hydraulic conductivity of approximately 46 ft/day (Geoscience, 2009). The graphs are included in Appendix I.

The best-fit-line hydraulic conductivity value was used to estimate the potential yield for a similarly constructed water supply well at pilot boring #13 (as compared to Well No. 9). It was assumed the total screen length was approximately 295 ft. A screen ratio was used to account for the fully penetrating assumption in the groundwater flow equation, which resulted in a ratio of 0.65 (i.e., 295 ft / 455 ft). The upper end results under ideal conditions assuming similar drawdown conditions for a nearby water well indicate there is a possibility of producing up to approximately 2,900 gpm. However, after applying the screen ratio the estimated production rate drops to approximately 1,900 gpm. A 25% safety factor was applied to provide a range of potential pumping between 1,400 gpm to 1,900 gpm.

6.0 REFERENCES

- Bear, J. (1979). Hydraulics of Groundwater. 1979.
- California Department of Water Resources (1961). Planned Utilization of the Ground Water Basins of the Coastal Plain of Los Angeles County: Bulletin 104. June 1961.
- Chertousov (1962). Engineering Hydraulics. 1962.
- Geoscience Support Services (2009). Results of Drilling, Construction, Development, and Testing Well No. 9. May 29, 2009.

Tables

T:\2013\City of Torrance\Deliverables\D1. #13\03. Pilot Report (#13)\Tables (#13) T1-Zone Testing

Summary of Zone Testing (including results from Water Well No. 9) Pilot Boring #13 - La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) City of Torrance - Department of Public Works TABLE 1

Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)		1.0	11	1.3			1.3	5.5	12	13	
Drawdown (feet)		170	6	39	-		156	48	24	20	
Pumping Water Level (feet)	No Data - Screen Interval was Dry	304		C			7154	124	96	56	
Static Water Level (feet)	No Data - Scre	134	88	74		200	56	376	72	1	No.
Pumping Duration (minutes)		210	150	285			N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N	00 13 M/N 00
Final Pumping Rate (gpm)		173	103	20			200	264	282	269	17 O
Zone Tool Screen Interval {feet}	575 - 595	456-476	275 - 295	195 - 215			751-773	529 - 551	371 - 393	188 - 210	
Zone Pilot Boring No. 13	1	2	e	4		Water Well No. 9	Ţ	2	m	4	Notes: - gpm = gallons per minute - ft = feet - N/A = Not Available

TABLE 2

Analytical Results for Zone Testing
Pilot Boring #13 - La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue)
City of Torrance - Department of Public Works

			r	r					
d	Analytical Method	Unite	Zone 2	Zone 3 (275 to 295)	Zone 4 (195 to 215)	Primary	, nuc		Secondary
Compound		Units	(456 to 476)	11.42	11.09	MCL	PHG	NL	MCL
Aggressive Index Langlier Index			-0.24	-0.10	-0.43	311	244	***	1945
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2,0	300		***	1555
Aldicarb	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	1200	22.2	22	100
Aldicarb Sulfone	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	***	910	+++	(400)
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	444	3000	224	Tank
Carbaryl	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0		Sene	***:	(444)
Carbofuran	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2,0	<2.0	<2,0	18	1,7	207	144
Methiocarb	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0		1442	222	
Methomyl	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0		144	***	7446
Oxamyl (Payress)	EPA 531.1	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0 <2.0	<2.0 <2.0	50	26	***	(444)
Propoxur (Baygon) Glyphosate	EPA 531.1 EPA 547	ug/L ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	700	900	***	100
Diquat	EPA 549.2	ug/L	<4.0	<4.0	<4.0	20	15		1.2
Chromium, Hexavalent	EPA 218.6	ug/L	< 0.20	<0.20	< 0.20	***	0.02	++1	
Fluoride	EPA 300.0	mg/L	0.34	0.32	0.25	2:	11	***	144
Chloride	EPA 300.0	mg/L	25	26	23	340	1000	***	250, 500, 600
Nitrite (as N)	EPA 300.0	mg/L	<0.10	<0,10	<0,10	1	1		***
Nitrate (as N)	EPA 300.0	mg/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	10	10	224	- 42
Sulfate	EPA 300.0	mg/L	0.671	4	2		0490	++1	250, 500, 600
Perchlorate	EPA 331.0 (M)	ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	(6)	6		15
Color	SM 2120 B SM 2130 B	Color unit NTU	0.05	5 0.1	5 3.9	17	200	***	15 5
Turbidity Odor	SM 2150 B	TON	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	3	W	220	3
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	SM 2320B	mg/L	204	196	182	1	Or 8-	***	
Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	SM 2320B	mg/L	204	196	182	0	1.12	114	1944
Carbonate (as CaCO3)	SM 2320B	mg/L	<1,0	<1.0	<1.0 [™]		[20		
Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	SM 2320B	mg/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4/			
Hardness, Total (as CaCO3)	SM 2340C	mg/L	120	120 🛦	110	V 19-11	E 222	Wr	752
Specific Conductance	SM 2510 B	umhos/cm	440	450	380	1 -1 4	+++	944	900, 1600, 2200
Solids, Total Dissolved	SM 2540 C	mg/L	300	290	190	-1	***	***	500, 1000, 1500
pH	SM 4500 H+ B SM 5540C	pH units	7.56BV,BU	7,62BV,BU	7.41BV,BU	100	444	***	0.5
MBAS Nitrate as NO3	Total Nitrate by Calc	mg/L mg/L	<0.10	%0₹10 .e <0;4,#	<0.10	45	45	- 22	0,5
Potassium	EPA 200.7	mg/L	6.75	\$24	5/11	43	45	200	144
Boron	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.195	0.139	0.106B	3		1	1
Silicon	EPA 200.7	mg/L	47.1	13.8	11.4	10	***		144
Total Silica	EPA 200.7	mg/L	36.6	29.5	24,4				-577
Arsenic	EPA 200.8	mg/L	< 0.00100	<0.00100	<0.00100	0.01	0.000004	44-	700
Chromium	EPA 200.8	mg/L	*0.000689 J	0.0006001	0.000759J	0.05	withdrawn	776	(44)
Copper	EPA 200.8	mg/lar	0.0014 √ 0.0014 √ 0.0014 0	0.0005021	0.00306	1,3	0,3	899	1
Vanadium	EPA 200.8	mg/lik	№0.000240J	%0:00100	0,000524J		***	0.05	100
Zinc	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.0115	0.0071	0.00847		0.5	115	5
Aluminum	EPA 200.8 EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.0118J 24.9	7 0.006091 32.5	0.329	1	0.6	4467	0.2
Calcium Iron	EPA 200.8	mg/L	3.108	0.073	27.4 0.514	100	1000	***	0.3
Magnesium	EPA 200.8	mg/L	10.6	11.2	11	1000			0,5
Manganese	EPA 200.8	mg/ld/	0.0134	0.0301	0.0314	122	222	0.5	0.05
Sodium	EPA 200.8K	mg/L	∌ 60.7	56.4	46.6	100	999	***	846
1,2-Dibromoethane	EPA.504.1	ug/b	< 0.010	< 0.010	< 0.010	0.05	0.01	240	a-4
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP)	₩EPA 504 1	₩wo/L >	<0.010	<0,010	<0.010	0.2	0.0017	- 88E	355
4,4'-DDD	ÆPA 508	Vua/E	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010				
4,4'-DDE	EPA 508	Nuä/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	1744	922		1
4,4'-DDT	₩ EPA 508	ls≥ ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	1444	777	***	244
Aldrin	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	444	646	***	1-1
Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC	EPA 508	ug/L ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	- 1777	***		-
Chlordane	EPA 508	ug/L ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	7100	-77		
Delta-BHC	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	7,00			
Dieldrin	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	7944	294	***	
Endosulfan I	EPA 508	ug/L	< 0.010	<0.010	< 0.010	411	***		
Endosulfan II	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	< 0.010	- 777	1.55		
Endosulfan Sulfate	EPA 508	ug/L	< 0.010	<0.010	<0.010	720		1 100	7.22
Endrin	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	2	1.8	246	100
Endrin Aldehyde	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	(677	774	***	000
Gamma-BHC	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0,010	0.01	0.009	***	
Heptachlor Heptachlor Epoxide	EPA 508 EPA 508	ug/L ug/L	<0.010 <0.010	<0.010 <0.010	<0.010 <0.010	0.01	0,008	100	
Methoxychlor	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	30	0,006	222	
Toxaphene	EPA 508	ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3	0.03	***	
Aroclor-1016	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10		***	***	-
Aroclor-1221	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	3377		77*	
Aroclor-1232	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10			141	- 22
Aroclor-1242	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	250		ere:	740
Aroclor-1248	EPA 508	ug/L	< 0.10	<0.10	< 0.10	1000		***	344
Aroclor-1254	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	464	***	***	
Aroclor-1260	EPA 508	ug/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10				
2,4,5-T	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.12	<0.12	<0.12	F.0	25	225	252
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.12	<0.12	<0.12	50	25	F44.	
2,4-D	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.50 <0.50	<0.50	<0.50	744	**)		.014
2,4-DB 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic Acid	EPA 515.1 EPA 515.1	ug/L ug/L	<0.25	<0.50 <0.25	<0.50 <0.25	5868 .TT			200
Acifluorfen	EPA 515.1	ug/L ug/L	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	7227	120	225	122
Benlazon	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	(in)	100	PH-1	214
Chloramben	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.25	<0.25	< 0.25	(860)	944)	146	Table 1
DCPA	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50				1898
Dalapon	EPA 515,1	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	200	790		-10:
Dicamba	EPA 515,1	ug/L	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	1222	1227	223	622

TABLE 2
Analytical Results for Zone Testing
Pilot Boring #13 - La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue)
City of Torrance - Department of Public Works

ompound	Analytical Method	Units	Zone 2 (456 to 476)	Zone 3 (275 to 295)	Zone 4 (195 to 215)	Primary MCL	PHG	NL	Secondar MCL
ichlorprop	EPA 515,1	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	7222	1227		1444
inoseb	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	<0,50	7	14	## <u></u>	349
entachlorophenol	EPA 515_1	ug/L	<0.050	<0.050	< 0.050	1000	000	340	:317
cloram	EPA 515.1	ug/L	<0,25	<0.25	< 0.25	500	500		144
4-Dinitrotoluene	EPA 525.2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50				
6-Dinitrotoluene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50	(22)	144	man.	722
cenaphthylene	EPA 525,2	ug/L	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	34	***		7444
achlor	EPA 525,2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	20	-4	344	1000
netryn	EPA 525,2	ug/L	< 0.50	<0.50	<0,50	***	444	444	-144
nthracene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0,50	<0.50	<0,50		.775		:777
raton	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50	7220	1222	000	7232
razine	EPA 525.2	ug/L	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	1.	0.15	9-0	
enzo (a) Anthracene	EPA 525,2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50		+++		1
enzo (a) Pyrene	EPA 525,2	ug/L	<0,10	<0.10	<0,10	2	0.007	***	
enzo (b) Fluoranthene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0,50	<0,50	<0.50				
nzo (q.h.l) Perylene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	122	-		122
nzo (k) Fluoranthene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	1466			5500
(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<2.0	0.33B,J	0.338,1	***			100
	EPA 525.2		<0.50	<0.50	<0.50				7,555
omacil		ug/L							
tachlor	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	- 17			- 10
tyl Benzyl Phthalate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<2.0	0,31B,J	0,33B ₂ J	1		1000	1000
tylate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	Mr. Sanda		344	1,200
lorpropham	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0,50	<0.50	-1/2	710	755	2977
rysene	EPA 525,2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	- P	***	
anazine	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0,50	<0,50	<0.50		200 1-		
cloate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0,50	<0.50 //	0	\$ 30	***	740
2-ethylhexyl)adipate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0 №	400	200	7444	1886
n-Bulyl Phthalate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	0.43B,J	0.71B,J	0.71B,J	% /	A 1946	300	
enz (a,h) Anthracene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	≥0.50	4 8 - 6 4	F	***	
thyl Phthalate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	0.072J	0.070J	0.0661	17			
nethyl Phthalate	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0%	<2.0	N. 7		111	
	EPA 525.2		<0.50	×0.50	<0.50	-			417
henamid		ug/L	<0.50	№0.50 //	<0.50				
TC	EPA 525.2	na/L				A	- Calab	+++	1990
narimol	EPA 525.2	ug/L_	<0,50	0.50	<0.50		394		
orene	EPA 525,2	ug/L	<0.50	₹0.50	<0.50	***	260		
ridone	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	₹0,50	:===		316	***
achlorobenzene	EPA 525.2	ug/L.	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	1	0,03	300	
cachlorocyclopentadiene	EPA 525.2	ua/L	×0.50 //	<0.50	§ <0,50	50	50	444	355
kazinone	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.30	<0,50	: +++	***	***	
eno (1,2,3-c,d) Pyrene	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50			222	222
phorone	EPA 525.2	ug/L	₹0.50 ∉	20,50	< 0.50		244	0.40	1 444
K-264	EPA 525.2	ug/L	< 0.50	₹20.50	< 0.50	- 344	000	040	***
tolachlor	EPA 525.2	// ug/ts	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50		7.44	1444	
linate	EPA 525.2	≫uo/L3	s0.50	<0.50	<0,50	20	1		
	EPA 525.2	üall	<0.50k	<0.50	<0,50	200	7.52	222	
propamide			<0.50	<0.50	<0.50		34	947	1900
rflurazon	EPA 525.2	ug/L	c0:50	<0.50		1 411	1966		
bulate	EPA 5252	ug/L			<0.50			200	- 111
ntachlorophenol	EPA 525 2 #	ug/ld*	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	1	0.3	***	
enanthrene	EPA 525.2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	- 322		- 222	
meton	EPA:529:2. *	uð/A 🦠	<0.50	<0,50	<0,50	144		344	
metryn	₩EPA \$25.2	€ None	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50		Gara.		1000
onamide		ug/ti	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	1997		***	344
ppachlor	** WEPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	***	,444	9	
pazine	* EPA 525.2 ***		<0.50	<0.50	<0.50			777	***
ene	# EPA 525.2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50		32	110	
nazine	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4	4	946	300
netryn	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	7944		***	- 100
			<0.50	<0.50	<0.50			210	
outhiuron	EPA 525.2	ug/L		c0.50	<0.50			716	
bacil	EPA-525 2	ua/L	<0.50						
butryn	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	70	70	1946	1
bencarb	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	70	70	14.04	11
dimefon	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0,50	<0,50	2311	C desir.		-40
yclazole	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-311	-275	:540	
uralin	EPA 525.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	-	244		444
nolate	EPA 525-2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	344	144	ère	4++
othall	EPA 548.1	ug/L	<45	<45	<45	100	580	946	***
nlorodifluoromethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0,50	<0,50	<0,50	S##	1.000	1	100
promethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	1.9B	0.27B,J			***	
2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	1200	4000	-	
/l Chloride	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	0.5	0.05		
momethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	0.26J	0.291	0.51	3,44		1600	
			<0,50	<0.50	<0.50	544		eie:	
proethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L							
Maria di Man	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	150	700		
	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50				
hyl Elher		ug/L	<0.50	<0,50	<0.50	6	10	116	
hyl Elher Dichloroethene	EPA 524.2		0.95J	0.971	1.8J	2444	1000	+++-	-466
thyl Eiher Dichloroethene omethane	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L			2.6J	2444	1111	300	466
thyl Eiher Dichloroethene omethane	EPA 524.2		<10	19			2,533		
thyl Elher Dichloroelhene omethane stone	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L		0.0421	<0.50	***	::101	160	
thyl Elber Dichloroethene omethane trone bon Disulfide	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L	<10					160	
thyl Elher Dichloroethene Imethane toone bon Disulfide I Chloride	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<10 <0.50 <0.50	0.042J <0.50	<0.50 <0.50	, en			
thyl Elher Dichloroelhene omethane tone bon Disulfide I Chloride hylene Chloride	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50	0.042J <0.50 <0.50	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50	 	4	700	
thyl Elher -Dichloroethene omethane stone rbon Disulfide I Chloride thylene Chloride ylonltrile	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0	0.042J <0.50 <0.50 <2.0	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0	*** 	4	Total	
thyl Elher Dichlorcelhene omethane stone bon Disulfide I Chloride thylene Chloride ylonitrile thyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50	0.042J <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50	5 	4	940 940 940	0,005
thyl Elher -Dichloroelhene omethane etone thon Disulfide // Chloride thylene Chloride thylene Chloride ylonitrile thyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE) 2-Dichloroethene	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50	0.0421 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50	5 0.013	4 13 60	### ### ### ###	0,005
sthyl Elher -Dichloroelhene lomethane etone rhon Disulfide yl c Noride thylene Chloride thylene Chloride thyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE) 2-Dichloroelhane -Dichloroelhane	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<10 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	0.0421 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	5 0.013 10 5.	4 13 60 3	### ### ### ###:	0,005
chlorofluoromethane thyl Elher -Dichloroethene tome thon Disulfide yl Chloride thylene Chloride tylonitrile thyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE) 2-Dichloroethene -Dichloroethane	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<10 <0,50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.20	0.042J <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0	5 0.013 10 5	4 13 60 3	1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900	0,005
sthyl Elher -Dichloroelhene lomethane etone rhon Disulfide yl c Noride thylene Chloride thylene Chloride thyl-t-Butyl Ether (MTBE) 2-Dichloroelhane -Dichloroelhane	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	<10 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	0.0421 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <2.0 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	5 0.013 10 5.	4 13 60 3	### ### ### ###:	0,005

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TABLE 2

Analytical Results for Zone Testing Pilot Boring #13 - La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) City of Torrance - Department of Public Works

	Analytical		Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Primary			Secondary
Compound	Method	Units	(456 to 476)	(275 to 295)	(195 to 215)	MCL	PHG	NL	MCL
romochloromethane	EPA 524.2	Jug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50		010	360	-
etrahydrofuran	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5,0	-1000	(444)	***	494
Chloroform	EPA 524.2	ug/L	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	1.000	717		377
.1,1-Trichloroethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	200	1000	922	766
,1-Dichloropropene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	***	nec.	114	599
arbon Tetrachloride	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	5	0.1	***	999
.2-Dichloroethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	<0,50	0,5	0.4	200	946
Benzene	EPA 524.2	ua/L	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	1	0.15		
richloroelhene	EPA 524.2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	5	1.7	222	1.644
,2-Dichloropropane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	5	0.5	999	200
Methyl Methacrylate	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	341	244	9990	m
Dibromomethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	<0,50	0444	1000	Seed.	
Bromodichloromethane	EPA 524.2	ua/L	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	-			
:-1.3-Dichloropropene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50			2007	and I
1-Methyl-2-Pentanone	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0		344	799	3440
Toluene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	1.2	1.6	1.6	150	150	(664)	im:
-1,3-Dichloropropene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	- H	(166	1000	
thyl Methacrylate	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-			
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	5.	3	742	744
1,3-Dichloropropane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	0.5	0.2	1944	1944
Tetrachloroethene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	#5 B	0.06	044	PHO .
2-Hexanone	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<5.0	<5,0	<5.0	7.000	***		110
Dibromochloromethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0,50	<0.50	100			
1,2-Dibromoelhane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	7.	N	222	i+s.
hlorobenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	- A	Con No	344	
I.1.1.2-Tetrachloroethane	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.90		1 75		440
	EPA 524.2	ug/L	0.0851	0.031J	<0.50 ♦	300	300		111
Ethylbenzene o/m-Xvlene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	1750	1800		
	EPA 524.2	ug/L	0.0401	<0.50	×0.50	1750 A	1800	444	
o-Xylene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	% 100x	0.5	0.66	1445
Styrene	EPA 524.2	ua/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	1000	317		440
Bromoform	EPA 524.2	ua/L	<0.50	20.50	<0.50	- W	200	770	110
sopropylbenzene	EPA 524.2		<0,50	×0.50 /	<0.50	A 1	0.1	770	- 12
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/L	<5.0	<5.0	# <500 W	The same of	0.4		100
-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	EPA 524.2 EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	₹0.50	c0.50		0.0007	0.005	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	m	0.0007	0.003	000
Bromobenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50 <0 .50	<0.50	<0.50	100		260	
n-Propylbenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50 0.50	<0.50	<0.50			140	
2-Chlorotoluene	EPA 524.2	ug/L		<0.30	<0.50			140	
4-Chlorotoluene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50			330	***
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.80		<0.50	H4.	3	260	
ert-Butylbenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L#	<0.50	₹0.50		HC.	O##	330	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	% <0.50	<0.50	<0.50 <0.50	-		260	
sec-Butylbenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/ta	<0.50	<0.50					
p-Isopropyltoluene	EPA 524.2	₩ид/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	447	C444	1000	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 524.2	iig/E	<0.50×	<0.50	<0.50	H-1	944	(66)	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 524.2	ug/L	₹0.50	<0.50	<0.50	5	6	200	
n-Butylbenzene	EPA 5242	ug/L 🚁	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	500	500	260	3374
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	EPA 524.2 //	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	600	600	1000	714
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	EPA 524.2	ua/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	0.2	0.0017	7444	200
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	EPA 524.2.*	UØ/₿	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	5	5		++91
lexachloro-1,3-Butadiene	#EPA 524.2	ug/L >>	<0.50	<0,50	< 0.50	++-	***		***
Naphthalene	≪ EPA 524.2	ug/L	<0.50	<0.50	<0,50	T		17	- 77
1.2,3-Trichlorobenzene	≫ SEPA 524.2 ↔	N uö/L	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	2250		- 100	
Ethanol	■ EPA 524.2 ■	₩ ug/L	<50	53	25J	942	2HC	0.00	2440
1.2,3-Trichloropropane	SRL 524M-TCP	ug/L	<0.0050	< 0.0050	< 0.0050	340	0.0007	0.005	77.0

Notes:

MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level (Last updated January 30, 2013).

PHG = Public Health Goal

NL = Notification Limit (Last updated December 14, 2010).

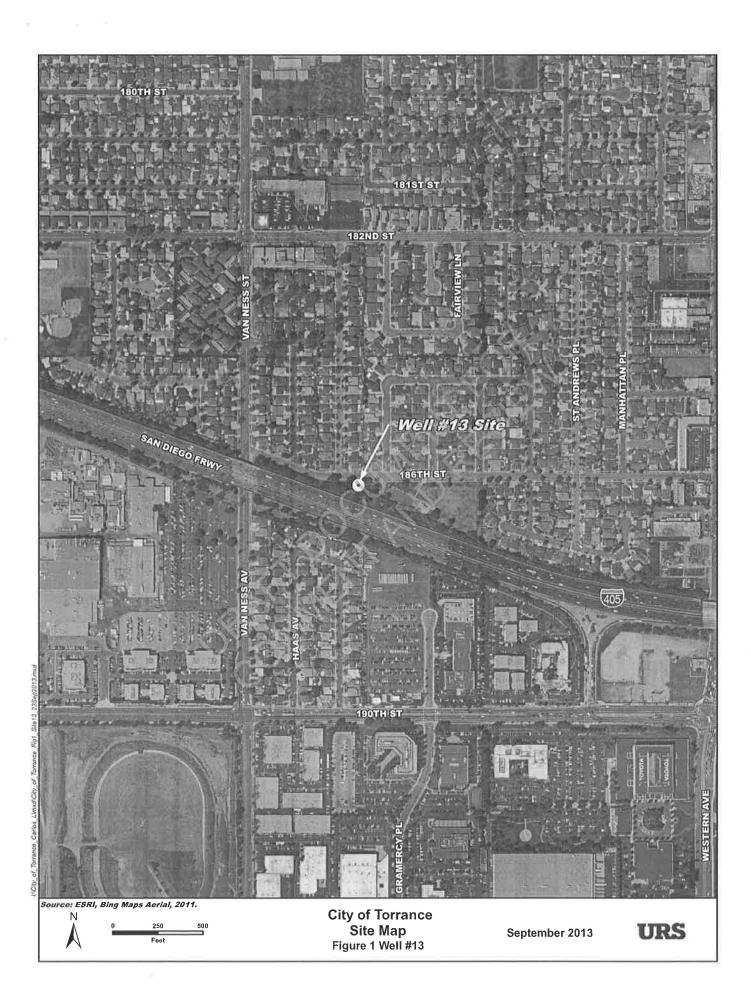
TABLE 3

Proposed Screen Intervals for a Water Supply Well Pilot Boring #13 - La Carretera Park (186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue) City of Torrance - Department of Public Works

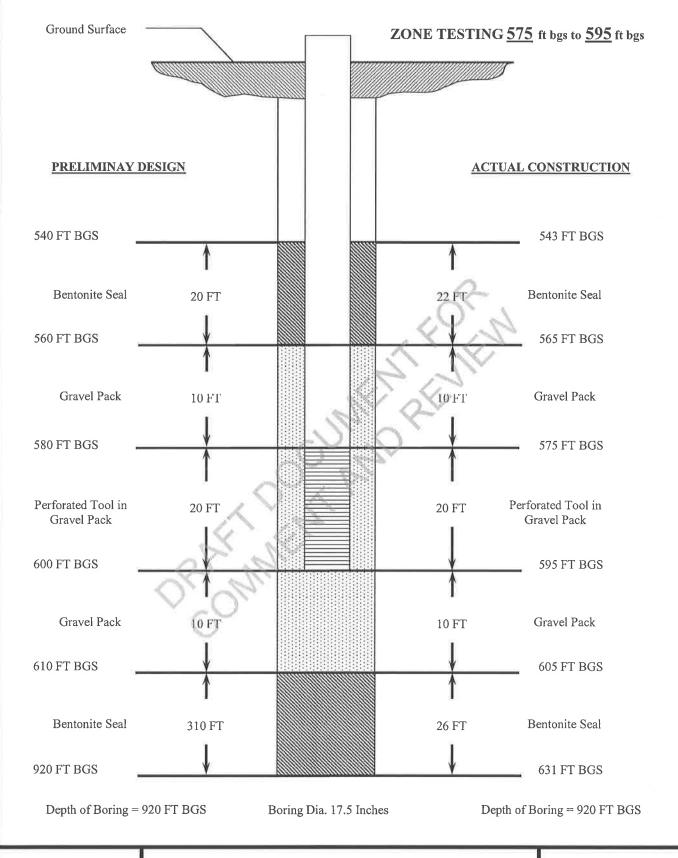
Aquifer		١	Vater W		Pilot Boring No. 13 (preliminary)			
Adoner		en In (feet	terval)	Screen Length (feet)		en Int (feet)	terval)	Screen Length (feet)
Silverado	500	to	550	50	420	to	640	220
Lynwood	330	to	470	140	270	to	320	50
Gardena	190	to	310	120	185	to	210	25
Totals	T		31	0	1	11.5	29	5

Notes:

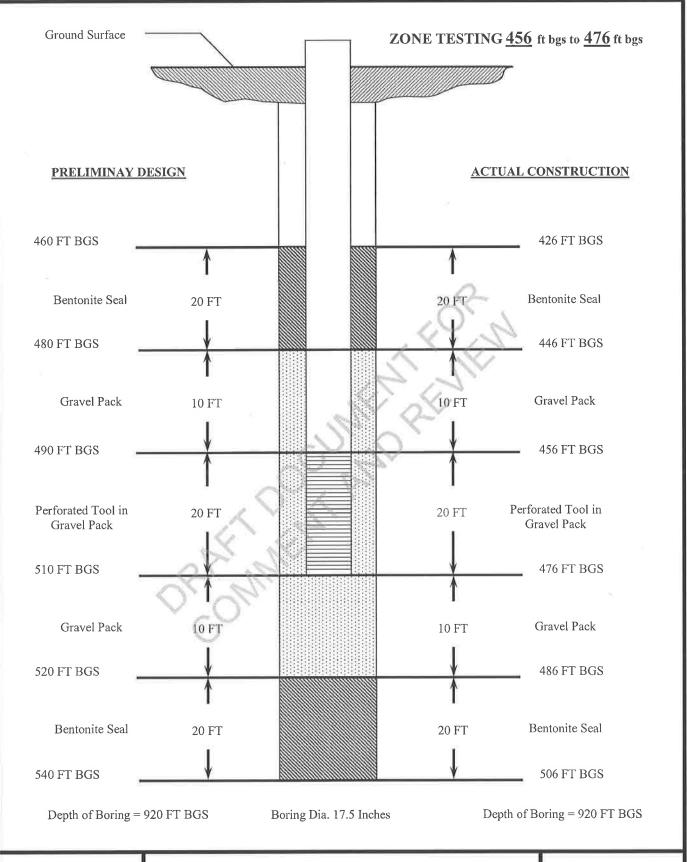
- 1) URS tentatively proposed well screens in the Gardena Aquifer. However, to avoid cascading water the screen interval may be adjusted / eliminated pending further discussion with the City of Torrance.
- 2) Well No. 9 data obtained from a report entitled "Results of Drilling, Construction, Development, and Testing" prepared by Geoscience Support Services (2009). May 29, 2009.
- 3) A screen interval was proposed for the upper most water bearing one tested to maximise the well yield (assumed to be the Gardena Aquifer). However, the installation of the shallow screen interval and gravel envelope placement may need to be discussed further due local groundwater impacts associated with nearby contaminated properties, most notably Honeywell.



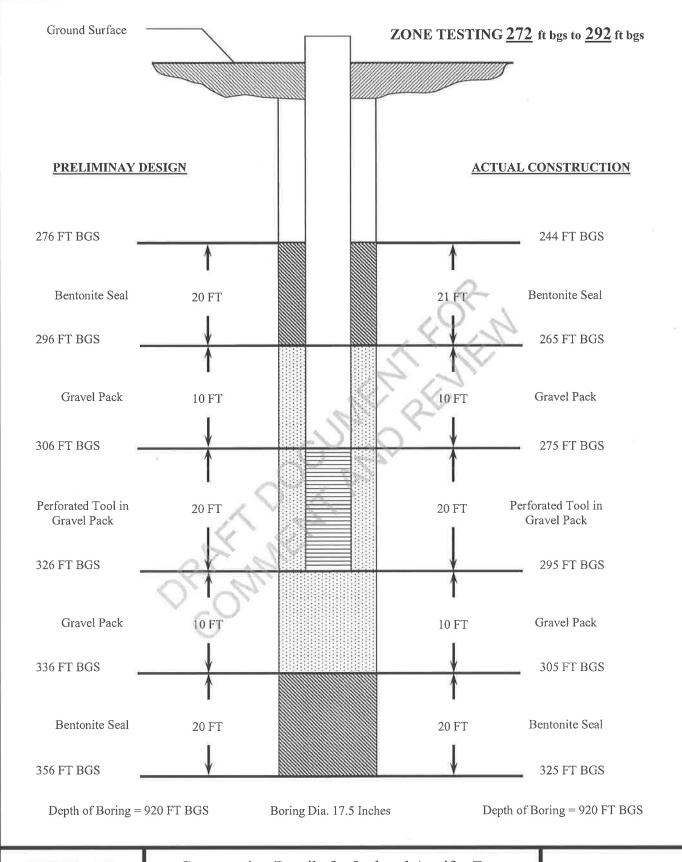




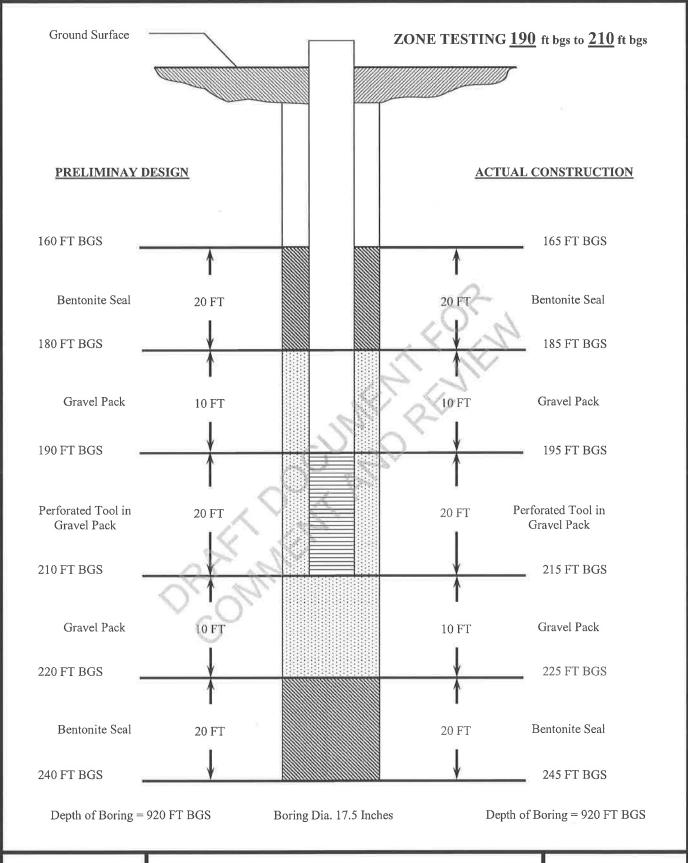
Construction Details for Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing Zone #1 – COT Pilot Boring #13



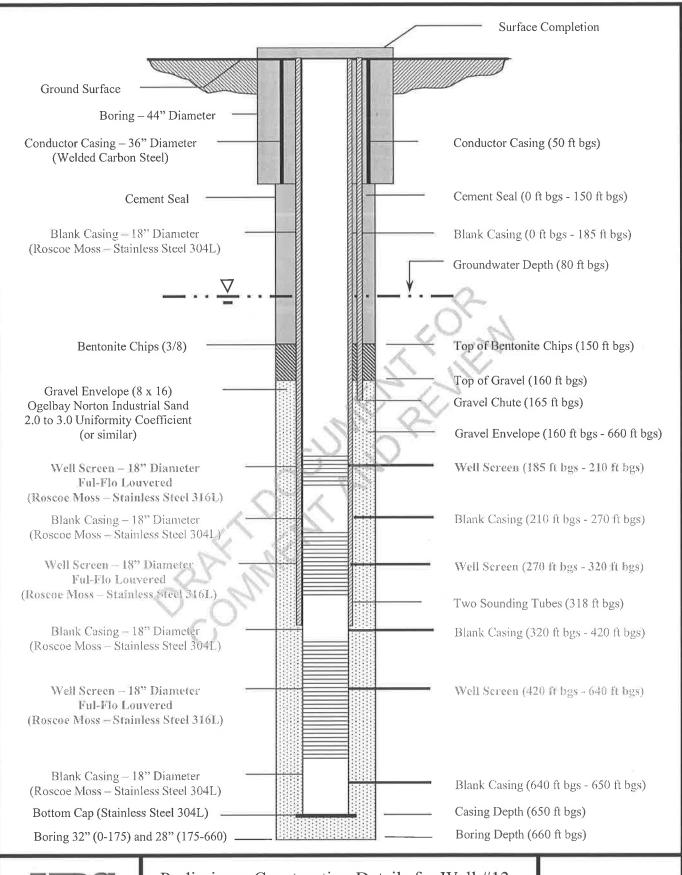
Construction Details for Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing Zone #2 – COT Pilot Boring #13



Construction Details for Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing Zone #3 – COT Pilot Boring #13



Construction Details for Isolated Aquifer Zone Testing Zone #4 – COT Pilot Boring #13



Preliminary Construction Details for Well #13 (La Carretera Park - 186th Street east of Van Ness Avenue)



MWD WEELING AGENDA

WP&S Committee

- D. De Jesus, Chair D. Fleming, V. Chair
- L. Ackerman
- G. Brown
- L. Dick
- J. Edwards
- G. Gray
- D. Griset
- K. Lewinger
- S. Lowenthal
- J. Morris
- K. Murray
- G. Peterson
- J. Quiñonez
- R. Record
- F. Steiner
- M. Touhey

Adjourned	Water	Planning	and
Stewardsh	ip Com	nmittee	

Meeting with Board of Directors*

November 18, 2013

10:00 a.m. - Room 2-456

Monday, November 18, 2013 Meeting Schedule		
7:00-8:00 a.m.	Rm. 2-413	Dirs. Computer Training
9:00 a.m.	Rm. 2-145	F&I
10:00 a.m.	Rm. 2-456	WP&S
11:00 a.m.	Rm. 2-145	E&O
1:00 p.m.	Rm. 2-456	A&E

MWD Headquarters Building

700 N. Alameda Street

Los Angeles, CA 90012

- * The Metropolitan Water District's Water Planning and Stewardship Committee is noticed as a joint committee meeting with the Board of Directors for the purpose of compliance with the Brown Act. Members of the Board who are not assigned to the Water Planning and Stewardship Committee may attend and participate as members of the Board, whether or not a quorum of the Board is present. In order to preserve the function of the committee as advisory to the Board, members of the Board who are not assigned to the Water Planning and Stewardship Committee will not vote on matters before the Water Planning and Stewardship Committee.
- 1. Opportunity for members of the public to address the committee on matters within the committee's jurisdiction (As required by Gov. Code Section 54954.3(a))
- 2. Approval of the Minutes of the meeting of the Water Planning and Stewardship Committee held October 7, 2013
- 3. **CONSENT CALENDAR ITEMS — ACTION**

None

OTHER BOARD ITEMS — ACTION 4.

None

Date of Notice: November 6, 2013

Appendix A
Well Drilling Permit

Appendix B

Cement Delivery Tickets

Appendix C

Soil Boring Log

Appendix D

Daily Drillers Log

Appendix E

Formation Sieve Analysis and Gravel Pack Gradation Analysis

Appendix F

Down-hole Geophysical Log

Appendix G

Laboratory Analytical Reports for Zone Testing

Appendix H

Work Plan to Delineate Groundwater Plume (Honeywell Facility)

Appendix I

Estimated Yield Graphs for Proposed Water Well #13